Water-Quality Trends and Yields in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed: 2012 updated

Presented by Joel Blomquist and Scott Phillips
U.S. Geological Survey
Dec 9, 2013

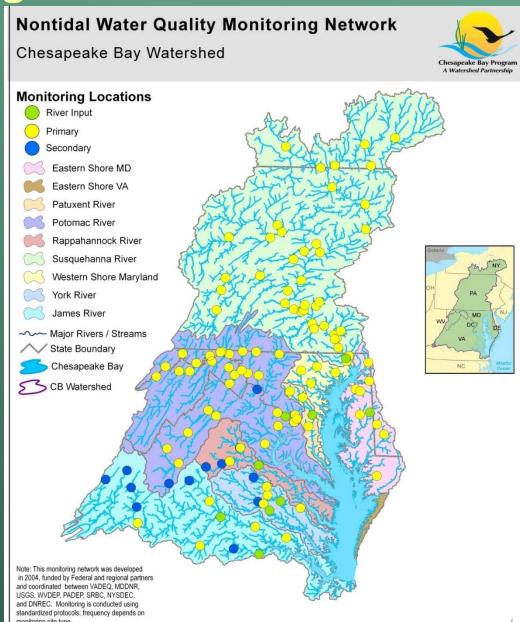
On behalf of: Doug Moyer, Mike Langland, Jeff Chanat, Ken Hyer, and Cassandra Ladino



Watershed Monitoring

- Nutrients and Sediment:
 - 125 watershed sites
 - States, EPA, USGS, SRBC
- Used to provide...
 - Loads to the Bay
 - Trends in nutrients and sediment
 - Yields
- Assess progress toward TMDL and WQ standards

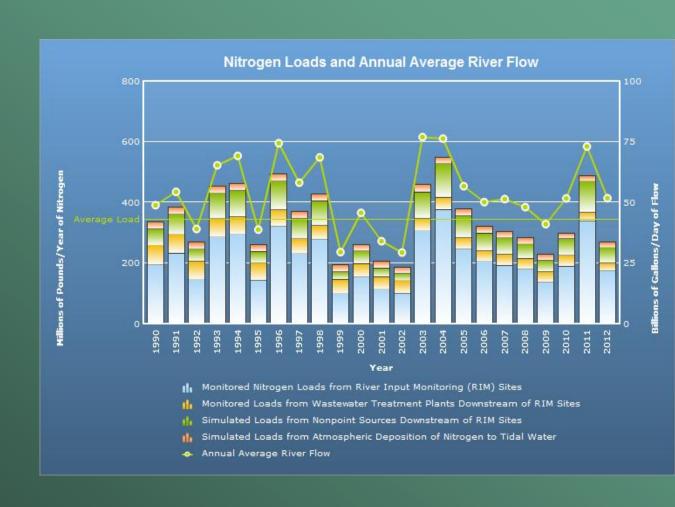




Total Load to the Bay

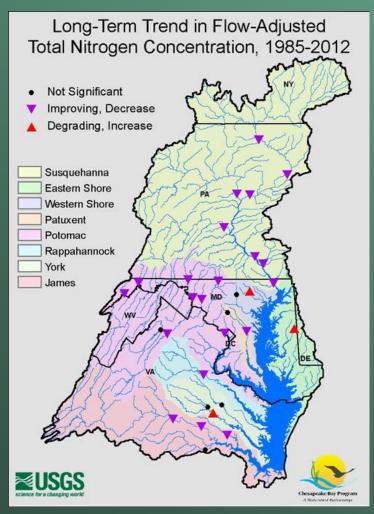
Streamflow

- Nitrogen
- Phosphorus
- Sediment



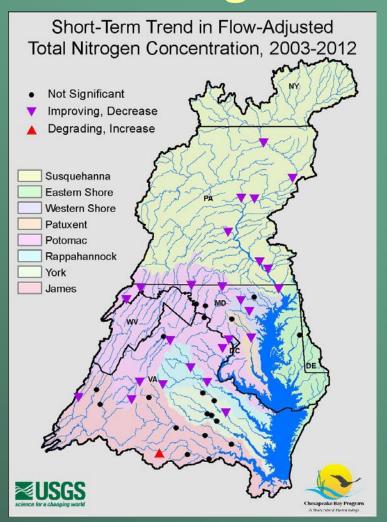


Nontidal Indicators: Nitrogen



Long Term

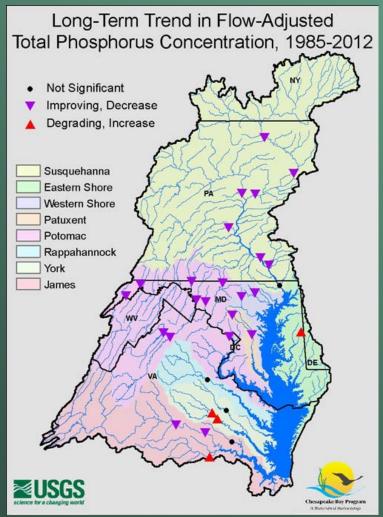
- 21 of 30 sites improving
- 3 sites degrading

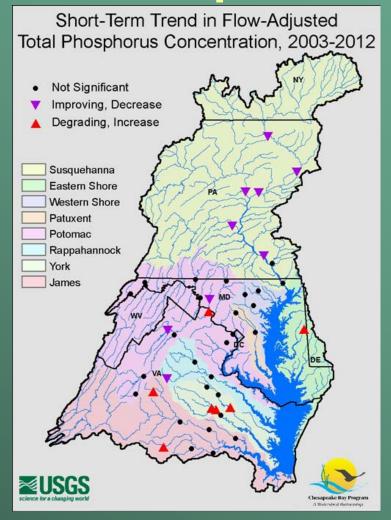


Short Term

- 25 of 46 sites improving
- 1 sites degrading

Nontidal Indicators: Phosphorus





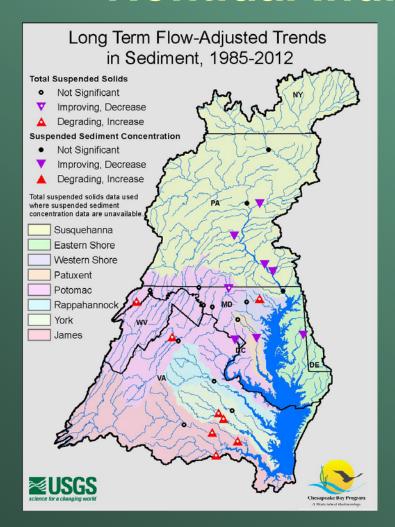
Long Term

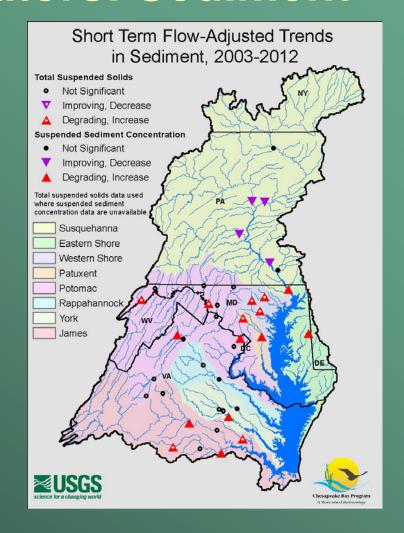
- 22 of 30 sites improving
- 4 sites degrading

Short Term

- 9 of 43 sites improving
- 7 sites degrading

Nontidal Indicators: Sediment





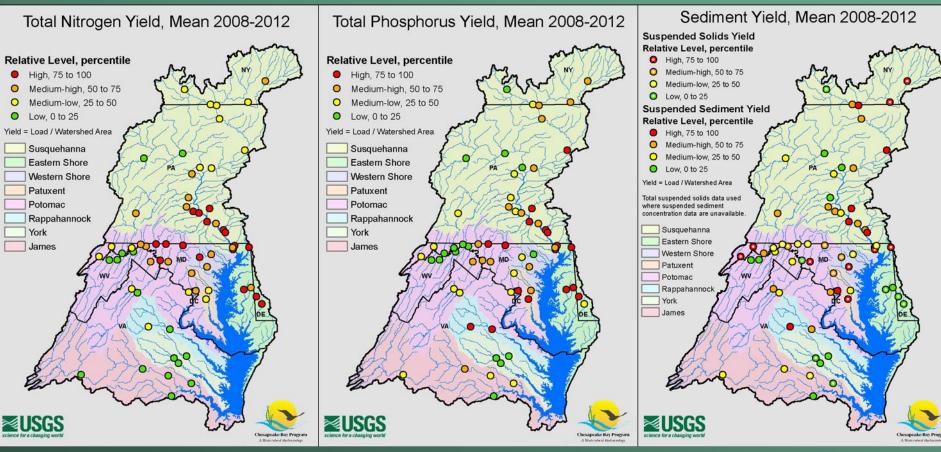
Long Term

- 8 of 29 sites improving
- 8 sites degrading

Short Term

- 4 of 39 sites improving
- 16 sites degrading

Relative-Yield Indicator



Nitrogen Yields

- Range: 0.33 to 9.87 tons per square mile
 - About (1-33 lb/Acre)
- High range greater than 3.4 T/mi2

Phosphorus Yields

- Range: 0.036 to 0.57 tons per square mile
 - (.12 1.9 lb/Acre)
- High range greater than .19 T/mi2

Sediment Yields

- Range: 9.3 to 648 tons per square mile
 - (31 2,200 lb/Acre)
- High range greater than 200 T/mi2

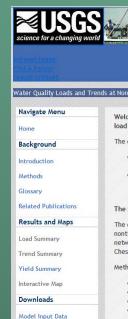
Flow Adjusted Trend Summary

	Long Term Trend (1985-2012)			Short Term Trend (2003-12)		
Constituent	Improving	Degrading	Not Significant	Improving	Degrading	Not Significant
Total Nitrogen (sites)	21	3	6	25	1	20
(% of sites)	70%	10%	20%	54%	2%	43%
Total Phosphorus (sites)	22	4	4	9	7	27
(% of sites)	73%	13%	13%	21%	16%	63%
Suspended Sediment and	8	8	13	4	16	19
Solids (sites)						
(% of sites)	28%	28%	44%	10%	41%	49%



WEB Updates

- Summaries of load, trends, and yields
- **Static and interactive maps** (loads, yields, and trends)
- Annual load download
- **Monthly load download**
- Trend and yield results
- Final review of web products still required
- **Future:**
 - Improved access to monitoring data
 - Flow-normalized Load results



Load Table

Welcome to the USGS web site dedicated to providing water-quality trend and load results for the nontidal rivers of the Chesapeake Bay watershed.

The objectives of the Chesapeake Bay nontidal monitoring program are to:

- · Quantify sediment and nutrient loads in the nontidal rivers of the
- · Estimate changes over time (trends) in sediment and nutrient concentrations that are related to the implementation of Best Management Practices, or other anthropogenic factors.

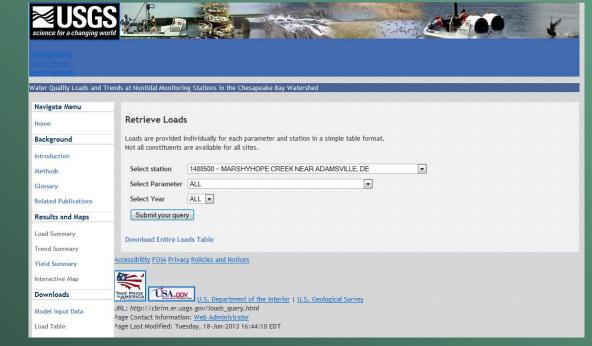
The data utilized for these analyses are collected by numerous agencies through the nontidal monitoring partnership. Results are presented for the 2011 water year for a network of 80 water quality monitoring stations distributed throughout the Chesapeake Bay watershed.

Methods, data, results, and interpretations are available for:

- · Sediment and nutrient loads
- · Sediment and nutrient trends in concentration
- · In-stream sediment and nutrient concentration data



Click on the image above to access the interactive map



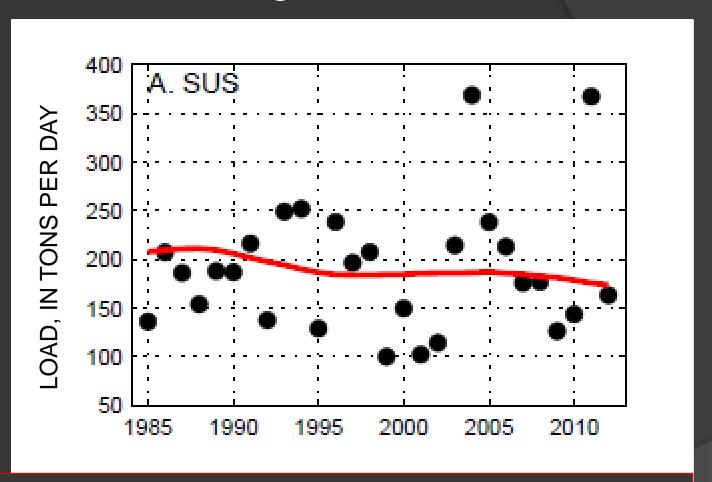


Trends in Total Nitrogen Annual Load

Total Nitrogen Load: Susquehanna (RIM)

• Influence of yearto-year variation in flow

With WRTDS, we now can communicate how annual loads have changed once the year-to-year variation in Q has been removed



Trend in load for:

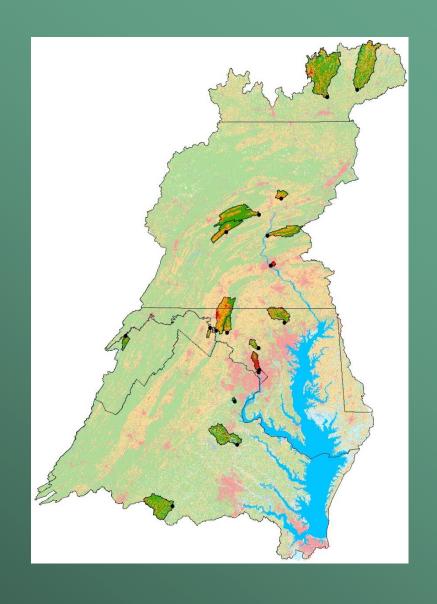
1985 to 2012 = Total reduction of 16%

2002 to 2012 = Total reduction of 7%



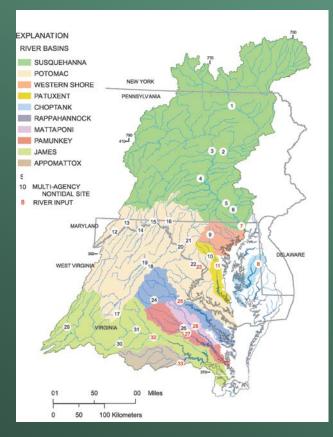
Challenges for 2014: Monitoring Shortfalls

- 2013 funding shortfalls in monitoring
 - States, EPA, USGS, SRBC trying to maintain in 2014
- Evaluate future monitoring options
 - "BASIN" (STAR and STAC)
 - New Bay Agreement
- WQ GIT:
 - Objectives & priorities
 - TMDL, standards, improved understanding
 - Products





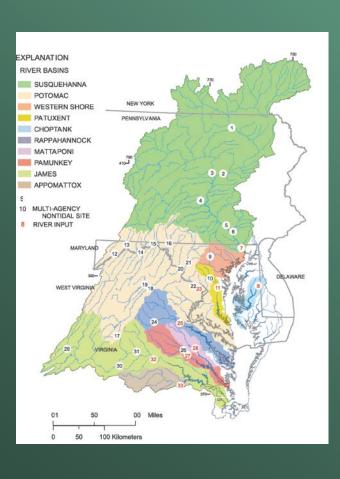
Assess and Explain Trends for MPA



- Enhanced analysis to support decision making for TMDL and WQ standards attainment
 - WQ GIT decision framework
 - STAR (NTWG, TMAW, CBP Modeling team)
- Trends in N, P, sediment in watershed
- Attainment of water quality
- Explain water-quality trends
 - Watershed and Estuary
- Enhance CBP models
- Synthesize and communicate results



Assess and Explain Trends for MPA: 2014



- Trends in N, P, sediment in watershed
 - Flow-normalized load to the Bay
- Attainment of water quality
 - Combined indicator/GAM approach
- Explain water-quality trends
 - Lessons learned report
 - Eastern Shore Report
 - Potomac
- Enhance CBP models
- Synthesize and communicate results
 - Joint product on BMP reporting, trends in watershed and tidal waters



More info

Trends and yields: http://cbrim.er.usgs.gov/index.html

- Bay Barometer
- Contacts:
 - J. Blomquist
 - D. Moyer
 - M. Langland

