Estimated Riverine Scour Under Future Climate Conditions

Modeling Workgroup Meeting – January 2020

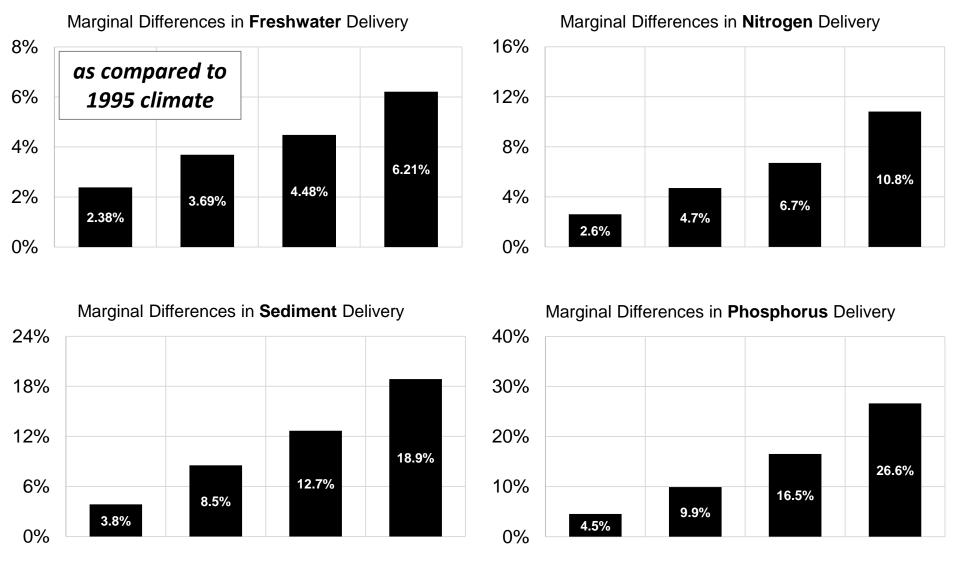
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¹ Penn State, ² US EPA, ³ USGS – Chesapeake Bay Program Office

Presentation outline

- 1. Summary of marginal changes in delivery for 2025, 2035, 2045, and 2055 climate scenarios
- 2. Watershed processes impacting the changes in total nutrient delivery and speciation
 - Changes in Edge of River (EOR) loads
 - Nutrient budget for the rivers
 - Combined assessment of the watershed processes

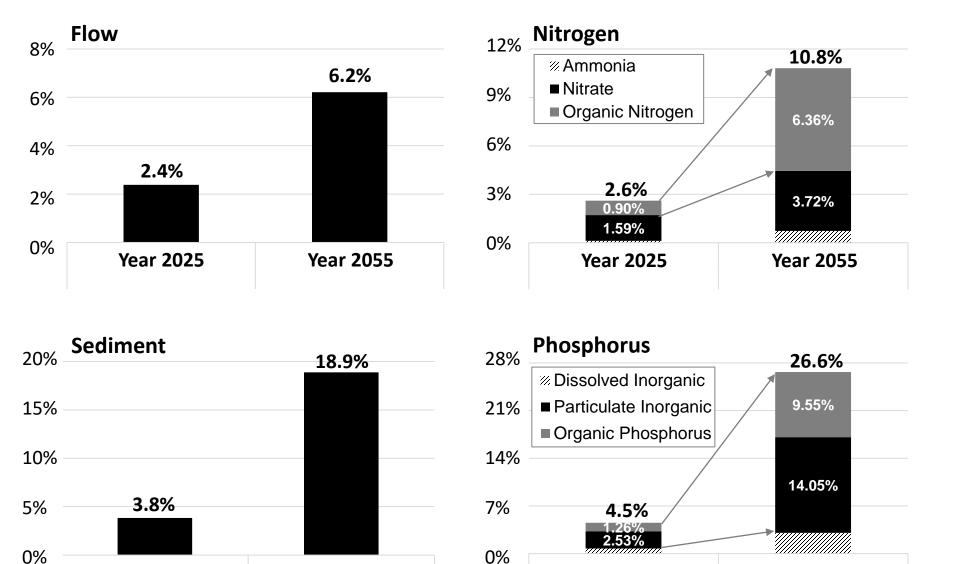
Estimated Water Quality Responses



Nutrient Speciation – 2025 and 2055

Year 2055

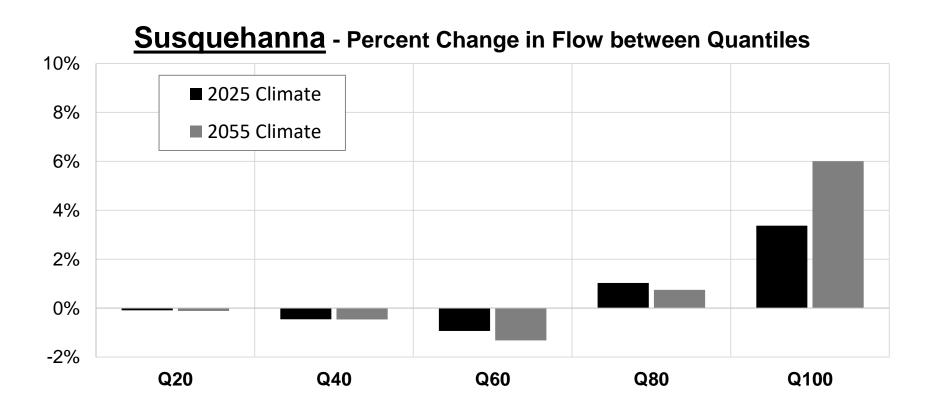
Year 2025



Year 2025

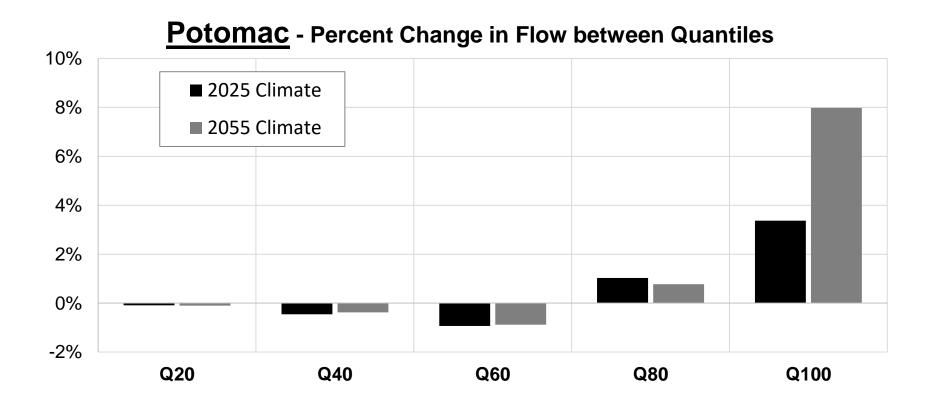
Year 2055

Changes in Flow Regime



Increases in higher flow quantiles impact mobilization and transport of sediment and nutrients (in particulate form) – "riverine nutrient competency".

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Watershed Scale Budgets

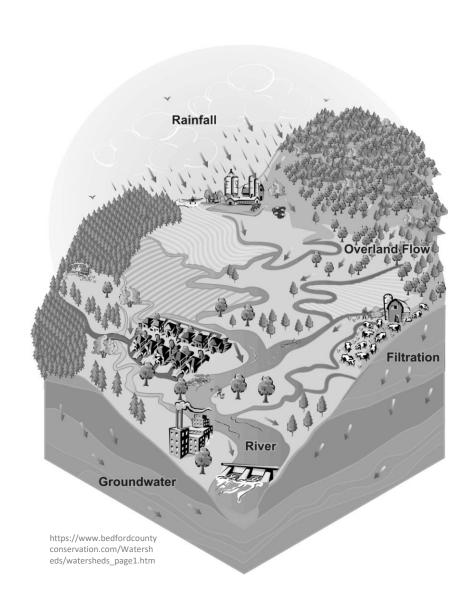


Changes in Land/Stream Response



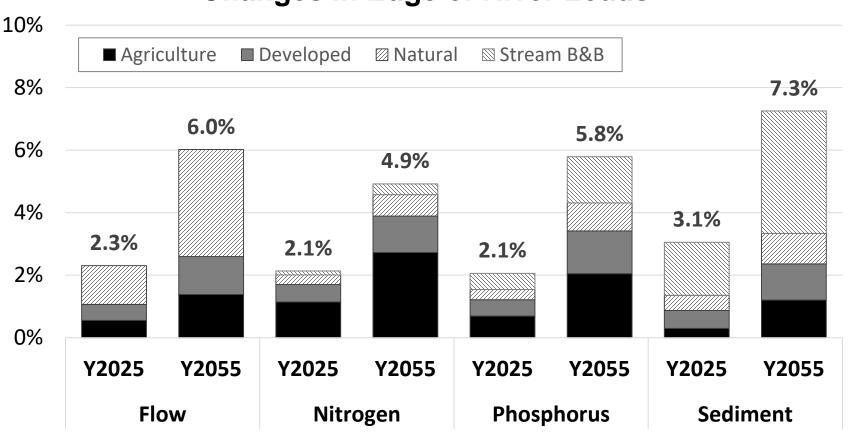
Changes in Riverine Response



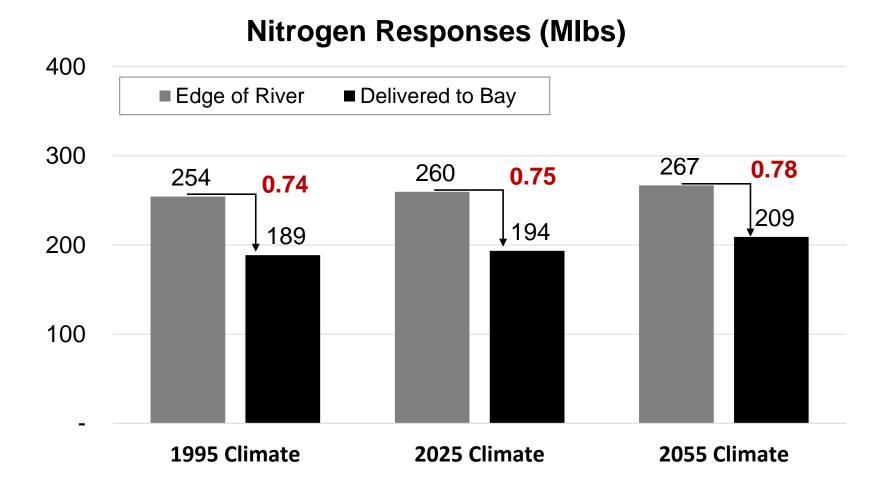


Edge of River Loads





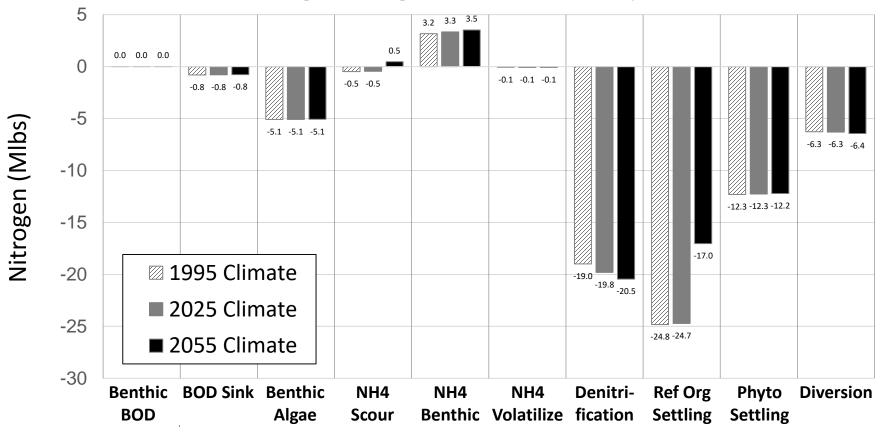
(2a) NITROGEN: Edge of River and Delivery to Bay



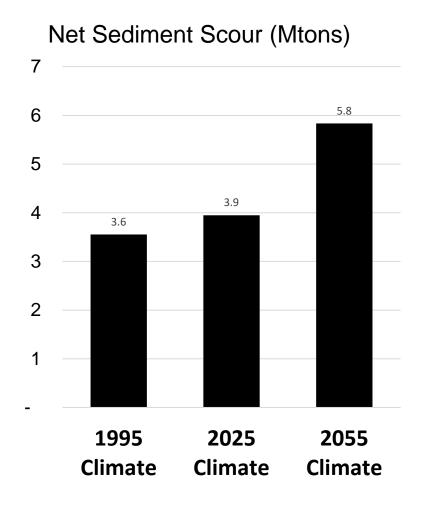
EOR: +5.4 Mlb-N for 2025, and +12.5 Mlb-N for 2055 DEL: +4.9 Mlb-N for 2025, and +20.4 Mlb-N for 2055

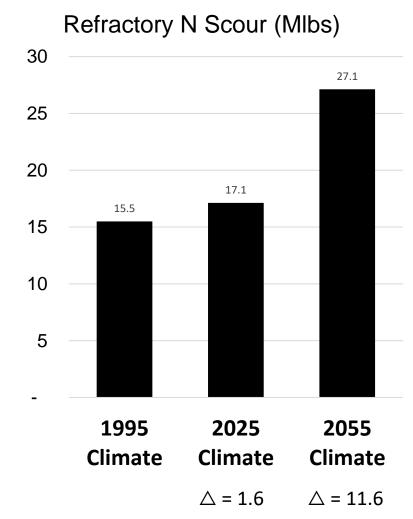
Riverine Processes

Riverine Nitrogen Budget - Chesapeake Bay Watershed

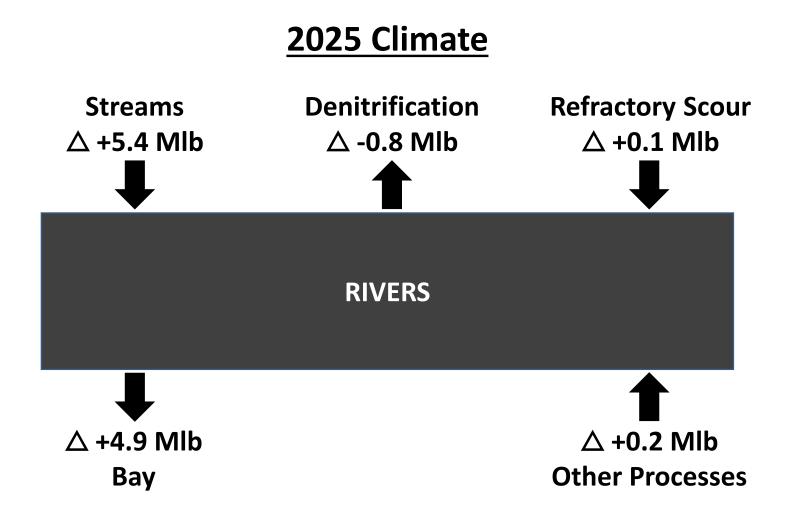


Riverine Processes – simulated refractory organic scour

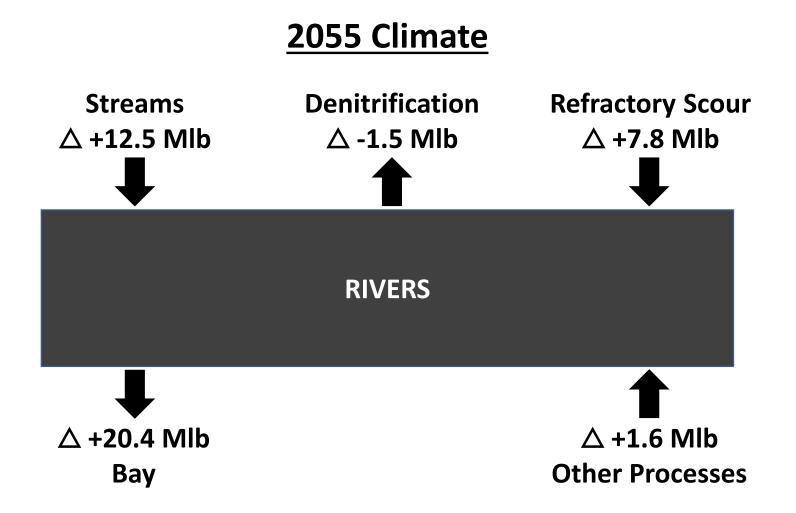




Summary of Nitrogen Budget

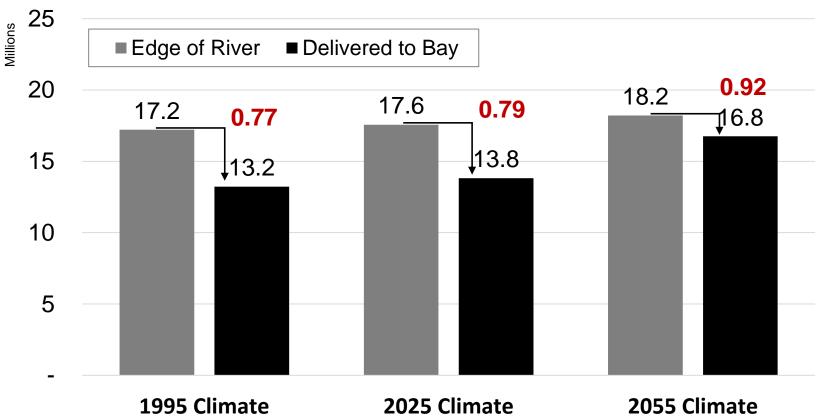


Summary of Nitrogen Budget



(2b) PHOSPHORUS: Edge of River and Delivery to Bay



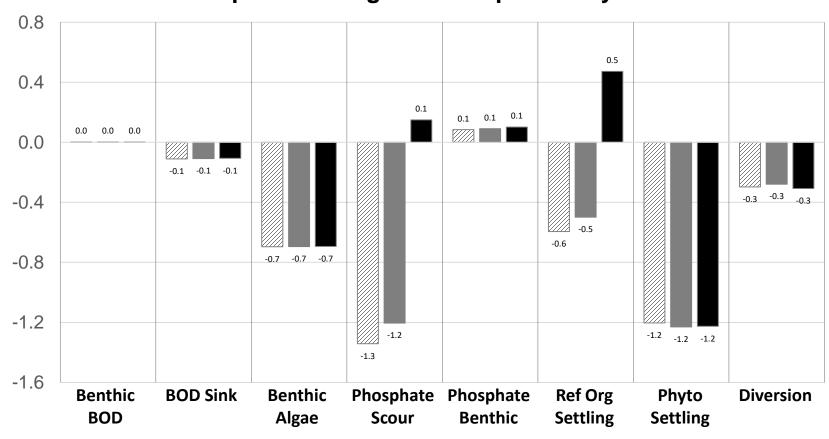


EOR: +0.35 Mlb-N for 2025, and +0.99 Mlb-N for 2055 DEL: +0.60 Mlb-N for 2025, and +3.53 Mlb-N for 2055

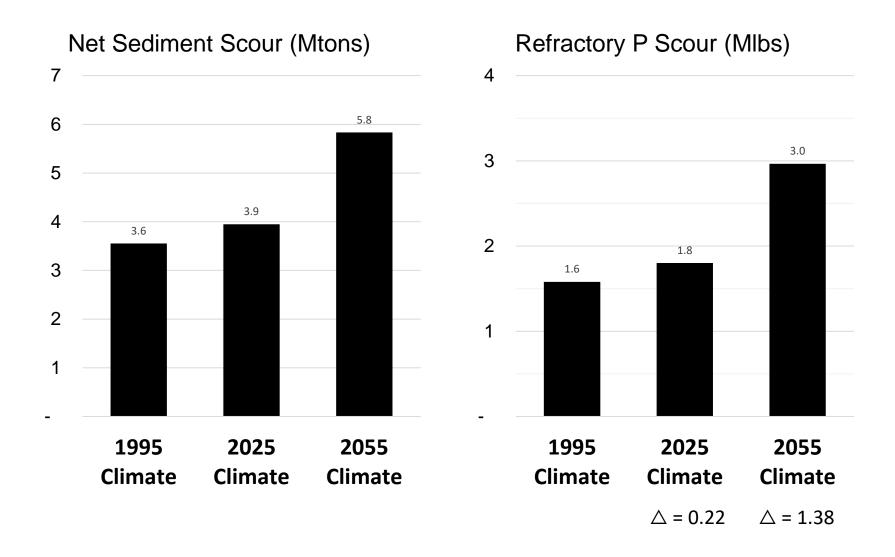
Riverine Processes

Phosphorus (Mlbs)

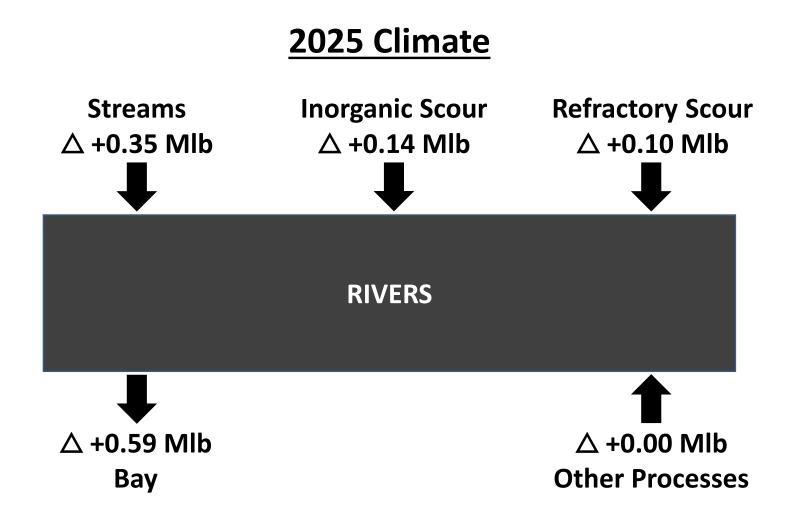
Riverine Phosphorus Budget - Chesapeake Bay Watershed



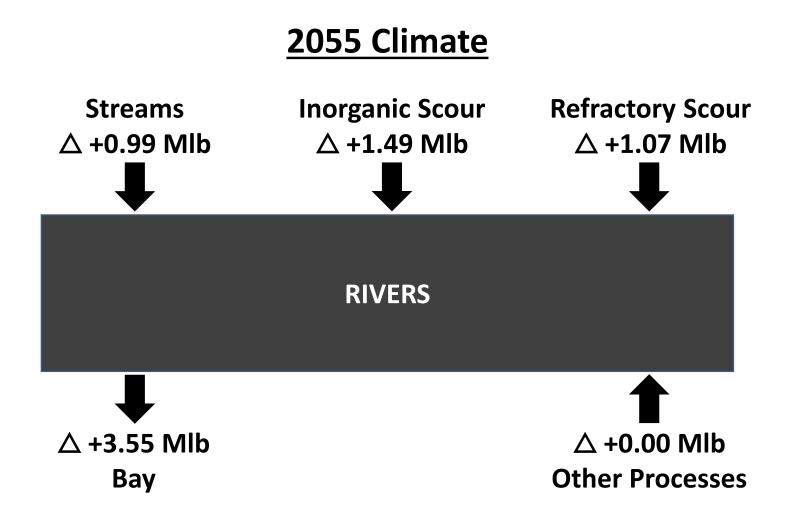
Riverine Processes – simulated refractory organic scour



Summary of Phosphorus Budget



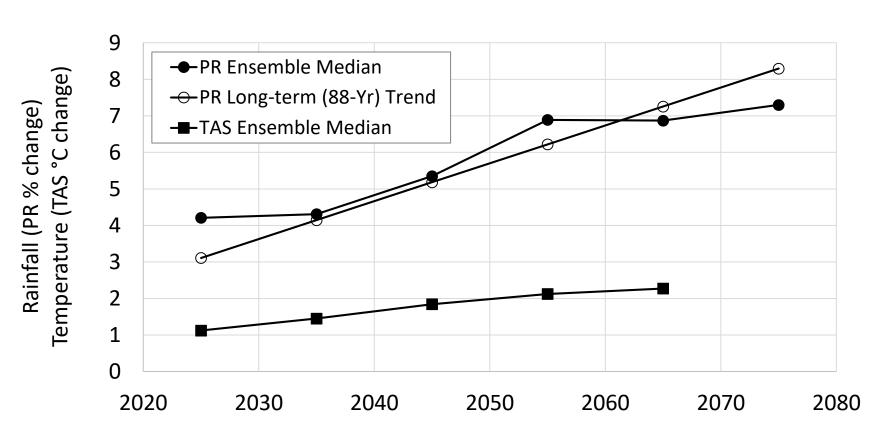
Summary of Phosphorus Budget



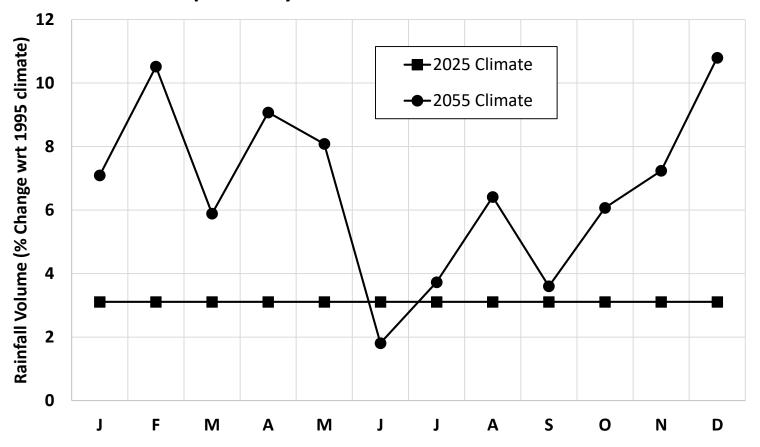
Summary

- Both land and riverine processes contribute to changes in nitrogen and phosphorus deliveries.
 - More EOR loads with higher flow
 - An overall decrease in net trapping in the rivers
- Relatively higher proportions of particulate nitrogen and phosphorus with increasingly wetter climate are due to the mobilization and transport of refractory organics with sediment under higher flows.

RCP 4.5 Ensemble Median vs. Trends



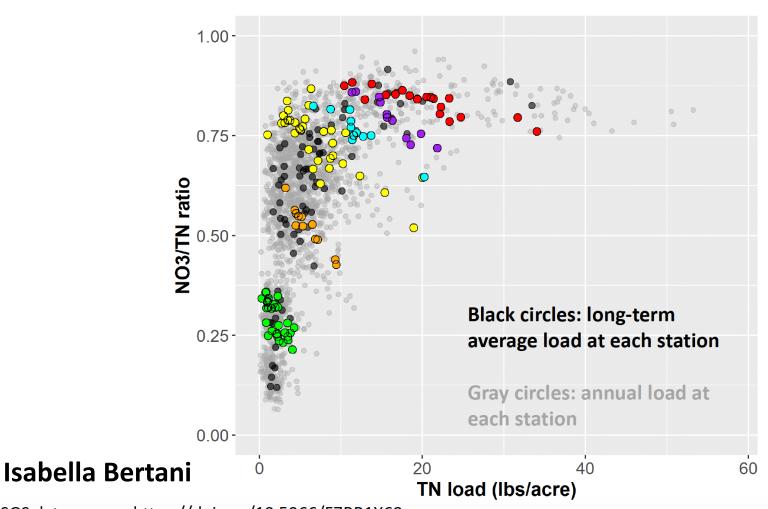
Chesapeake Bay Watershd Rainfall: 2025 vs 2055



3.11% average annual increase for 2025 6.89% average annual increase for 2055

Edge of River Nitrogen Response

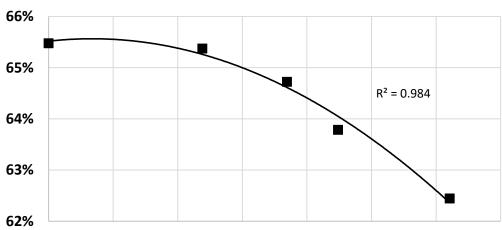
Across vs. within stations



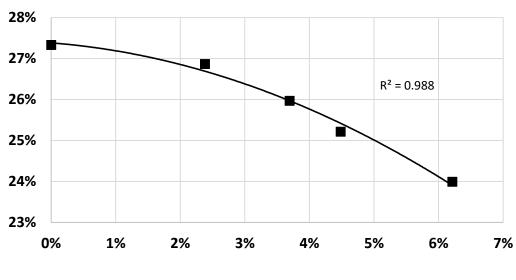


Nutrient Speciation





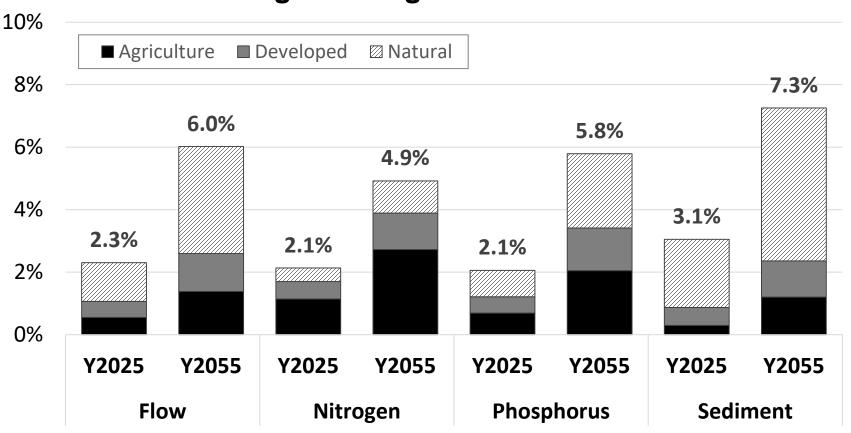
% Dissolved Inorganic in Total Phosphorus



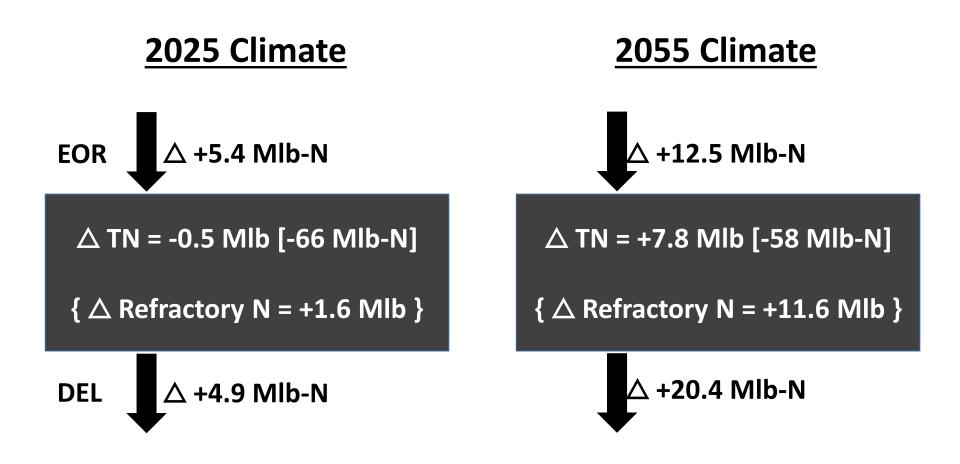
Flow →

Edge of River Loads



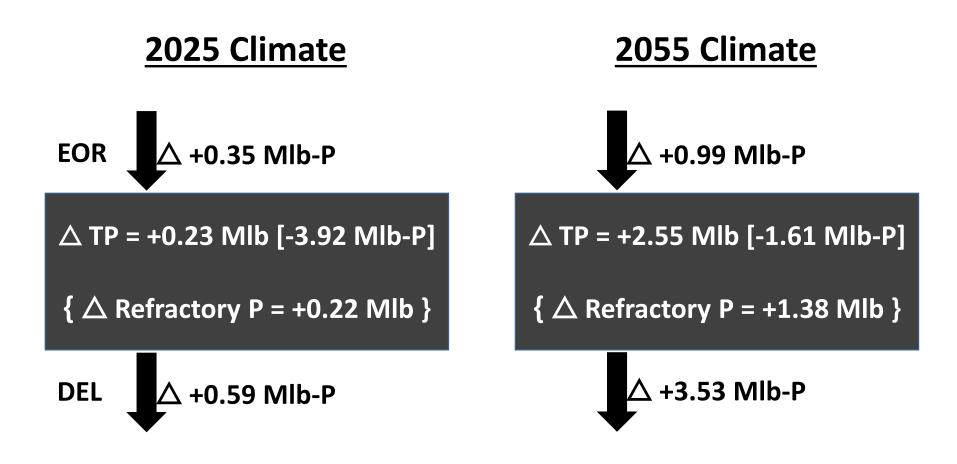


Summary of Nitrogen Budget



Deltas (Δ) show change with respect to 1995 climate. Numbers in [square brackets] show the amount of nutrient processed in rivers.

Summary of Phosphorus Budget



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