

2022 Tidal Trends Summary

Rebecca Murphy (UMCES/CBP)

ITAT meeting, Oct. 25, 2023

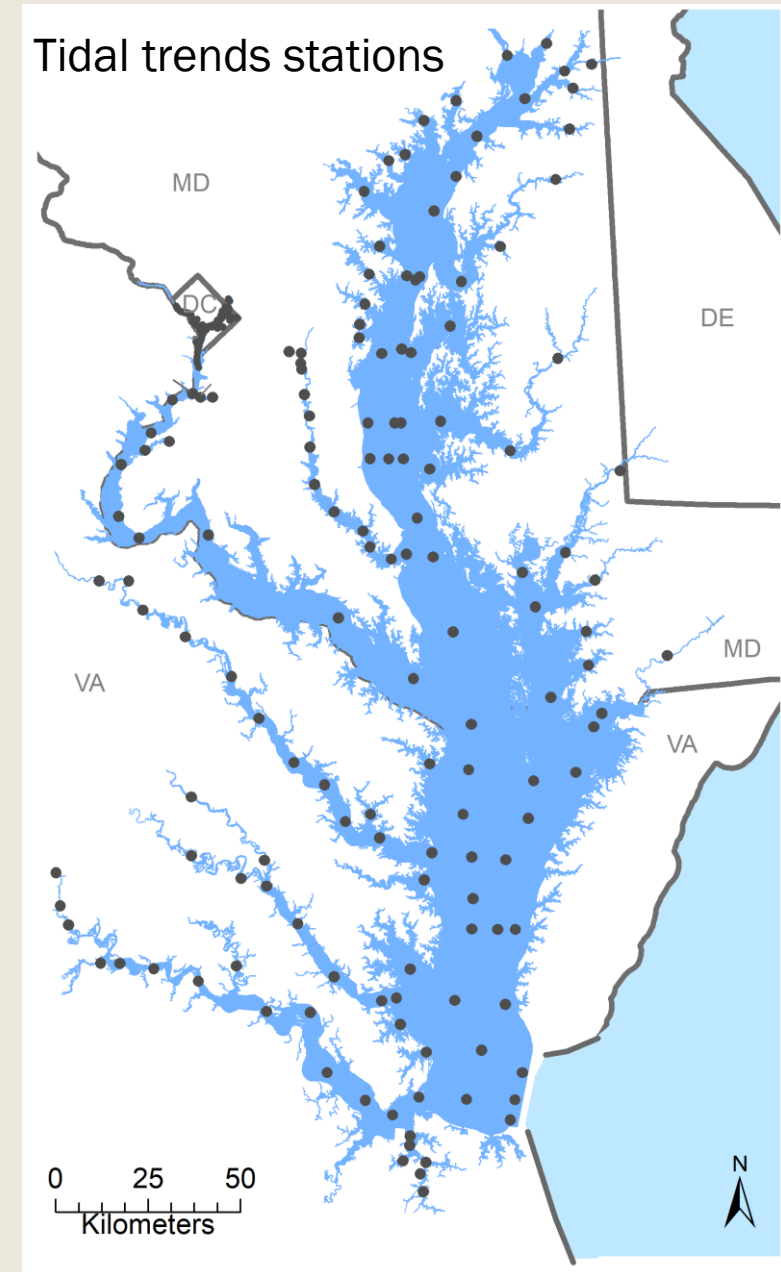
Trend results generated by: *Renee Karrh (MDDNR for MD),
Mike Lane (ODU for VA) and Mukhtar Ibrahim (COG for DC)*

R package for analysis maintained by:
Erik Leppo and Jon Harcum (Tetra Tech)

Data from: *DOEE, MDDNR, and VADEQ*

2022 Results

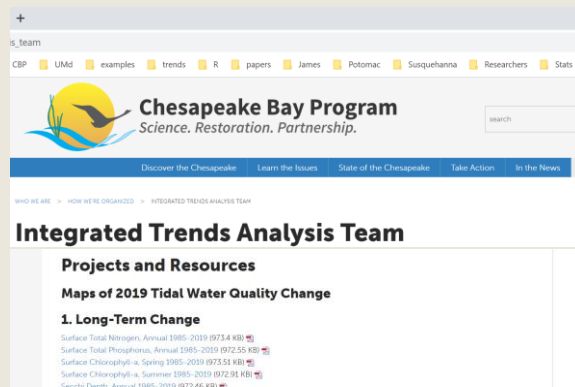
- Long-term (1980s-2022) and short-term (2013-2022) change:
 - *Total Nitrogen (TN)*
 - *Total Phosphorus (TP)*
 - *Water temperature*
 - *Secchi depth*
 - *Chlorophyll a*
 - *Dissolved Oxygen (DO)*
 - *Salinity*
- 1999-2022 and short-term (2013-2022) change:
 - *Total Suspended Solids (TSS)*
 - *Dissolved Inorganic Nitrogen (DIN)*
 - *Orthophosphate (PO₄)*
- Multiple views of each parameter:
 - *Surface & Bottom*
 - *Chla, Secchi, DO: different seasons*
 - *Observed conditions, and flow- or salinity-adjusted conditions*



2022 Results

ITAT webpage:

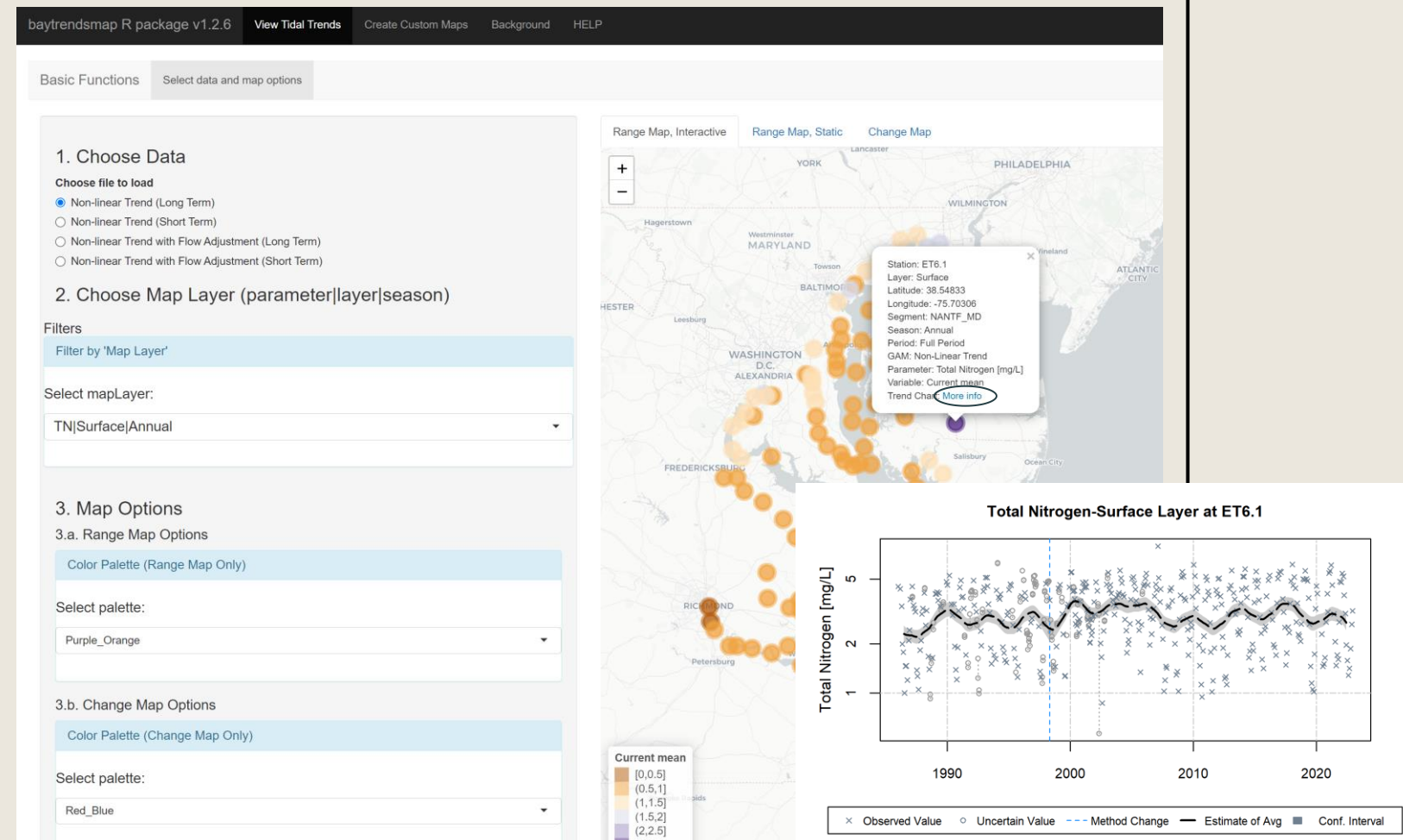
<https://www.chesapeakebay.net/who/group/integrated-trends-analysis-team>



Thanks to Alex Gunnerson

Baytrendsmap :

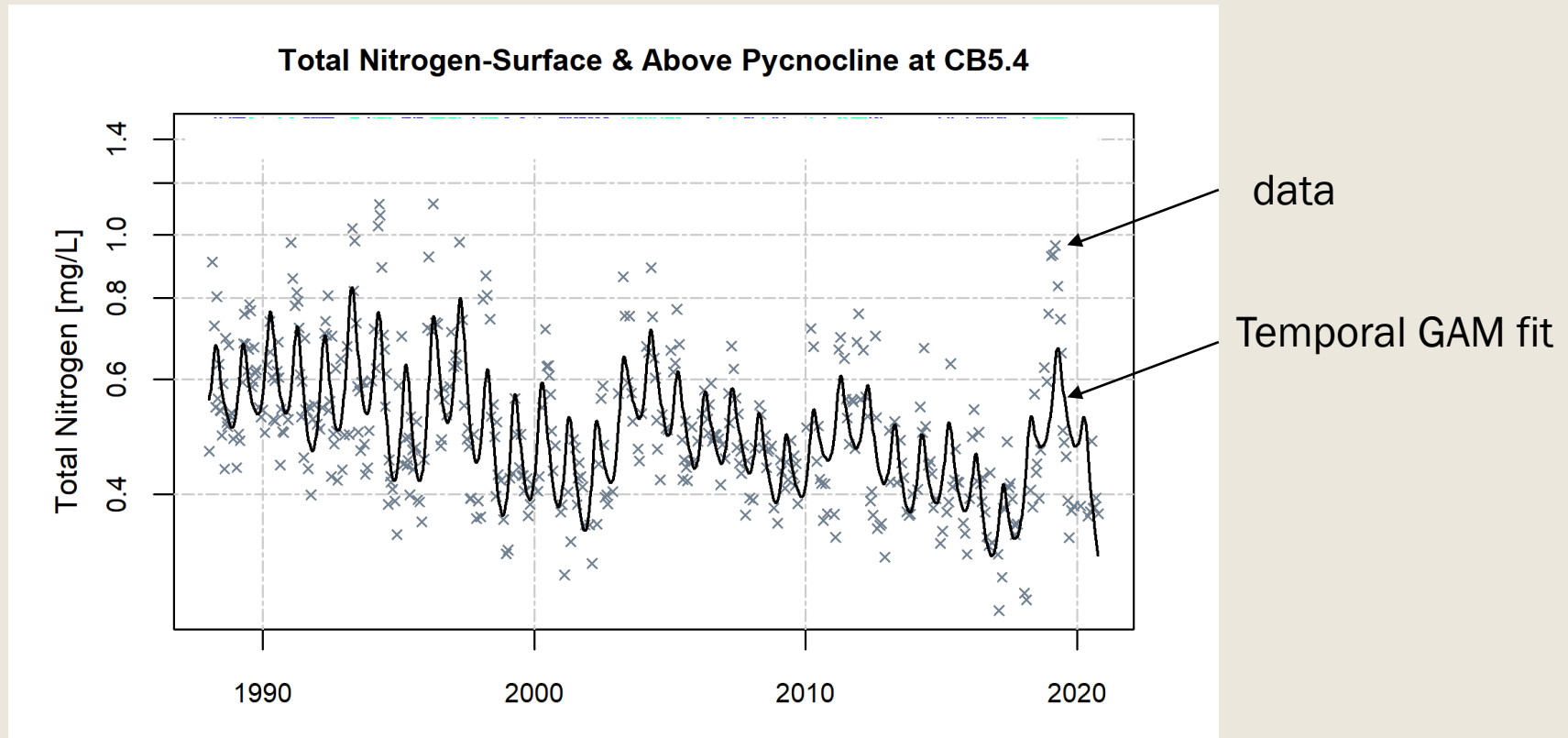
<https://baytrends.chesapeakebay.net/baytrendsmap/>



Thanks to Erik Leppo, John Massey, and CAST team

Generalized Additive Model (GAM) method review

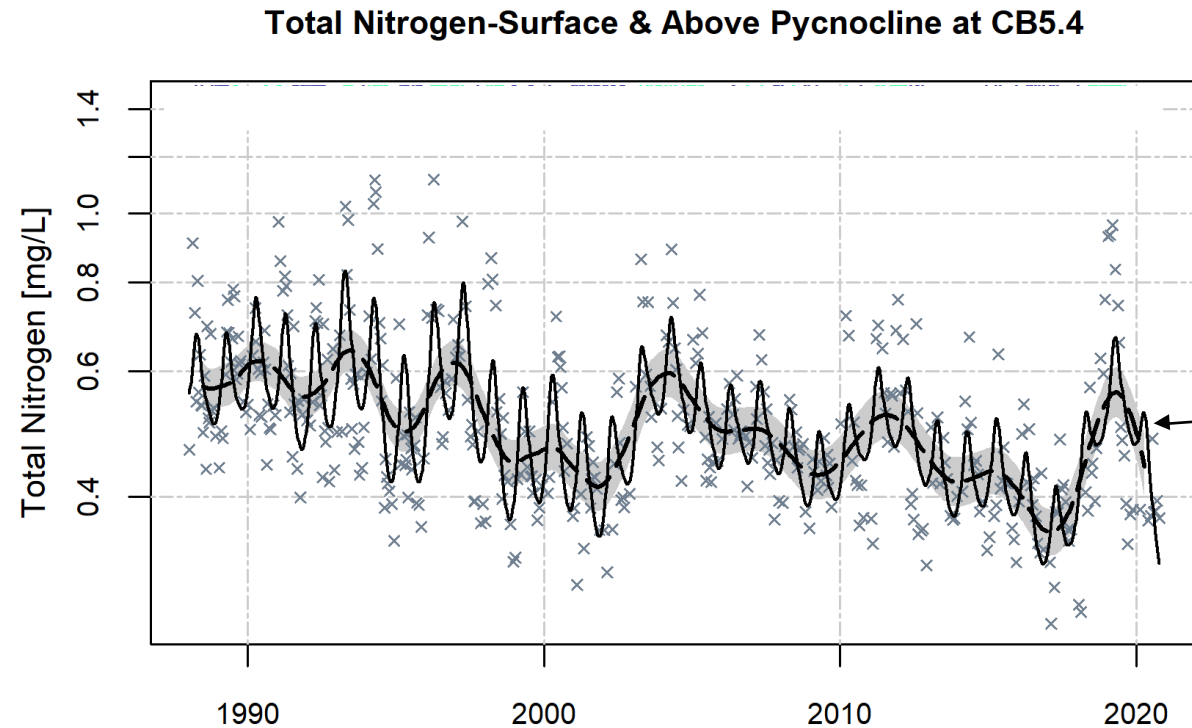
$$\text{TN} = \text{s}(\text{doy}) + \text{s}(\text{date}) + \text{interaction}(\text{doy}, \text{date})$$



Method documented: Murphy et al. 2019. *Environ. Modelling Software* 118: 1-13. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envsoft.2019.03.027>.
Implemented with R package baytrends: <https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/baytrends/index.html>

Tidal Trends/GAM method review

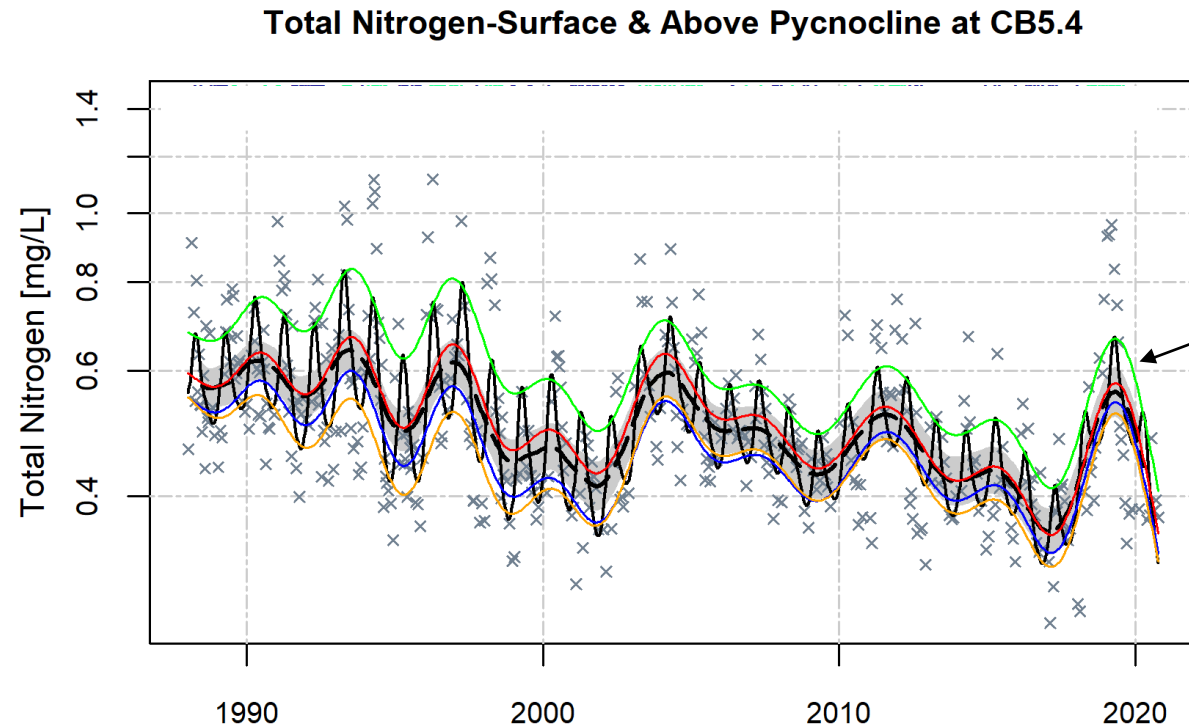
$$TN = s(\text{doy}) + s(\text{date}) + \text{interaction}(\text{doy}, \text{date})$$



Seasonal
mean and
95%
confidence
interval on
the mean

Tidal Trends/GAM method review

$$TN = s(\text{doy}) + s(\text{date}) + \text{interaction}(\text{doy}, \text{date})$$



Mean
prediction
lines for 4
dates

-April 1

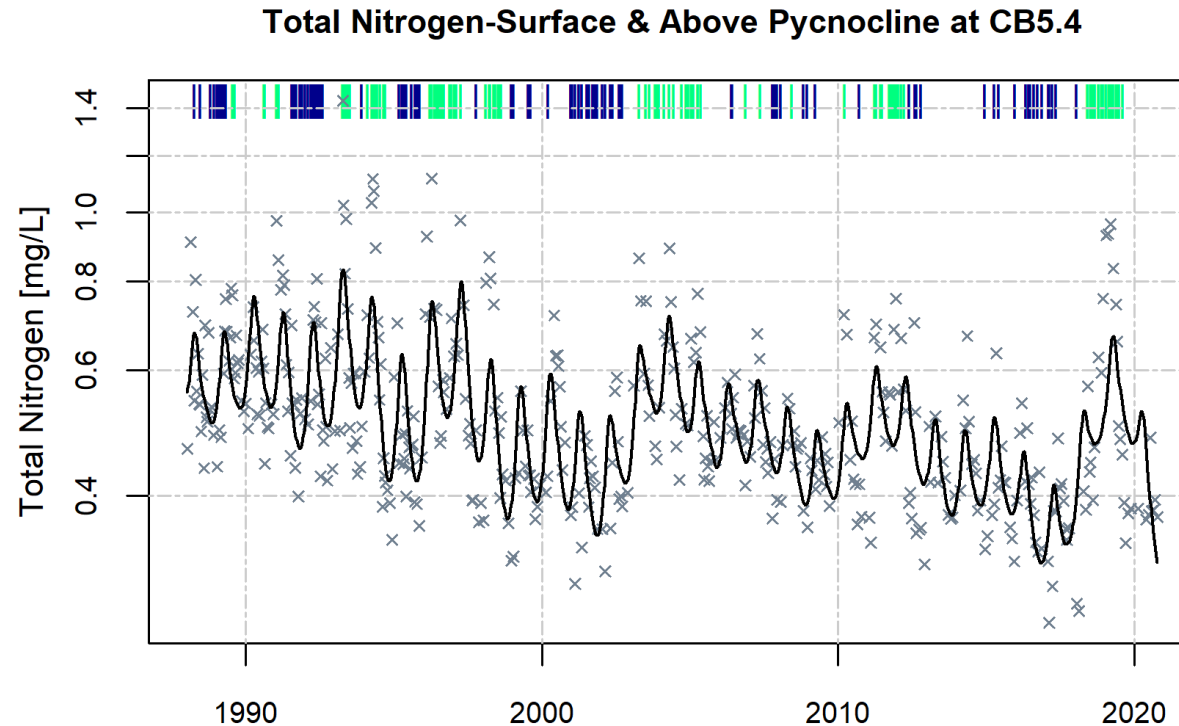
-July 1

-Oct 1

-Jan 1

Tidal Trends/GAM method review

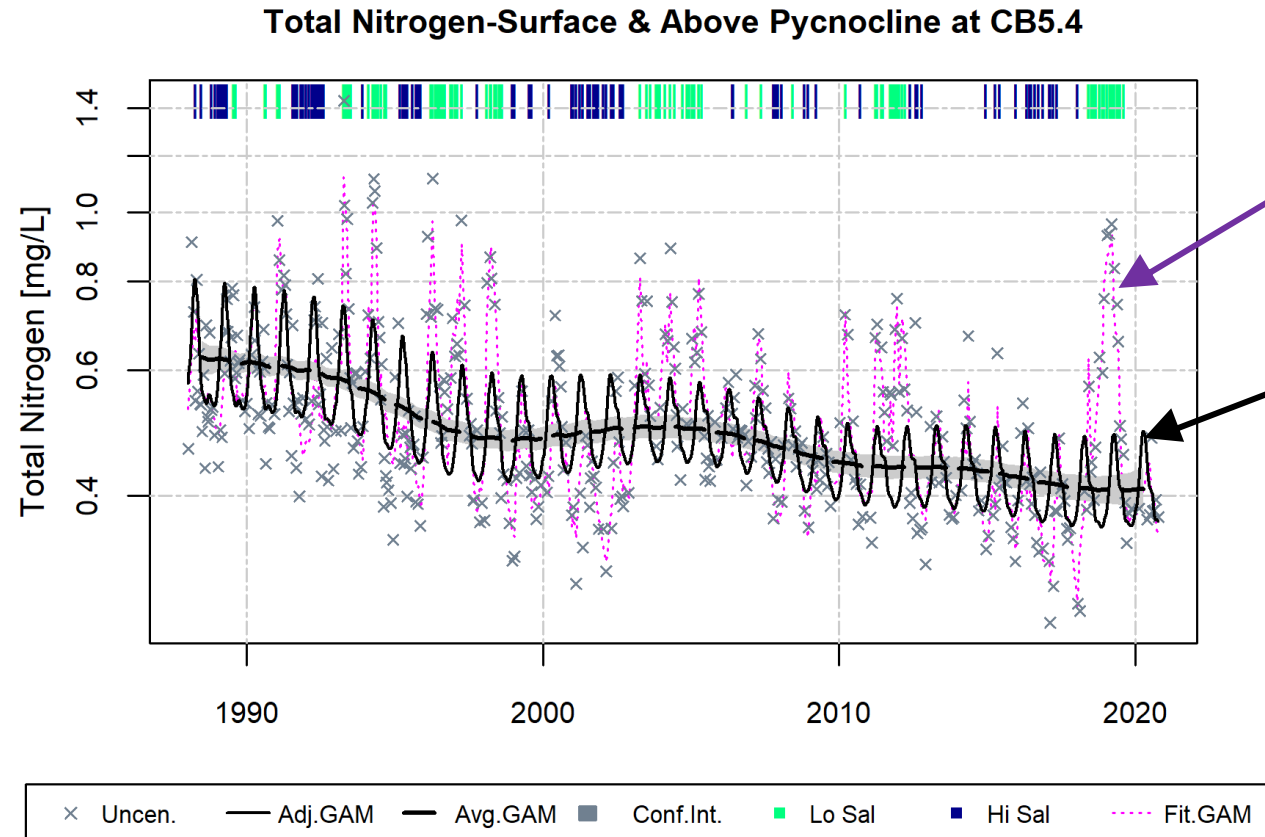
Is variability in river flow the cause of year-to-year fluctuations?



Approach: Include upstream flow or local salinity in the model, depending on location of analysis.

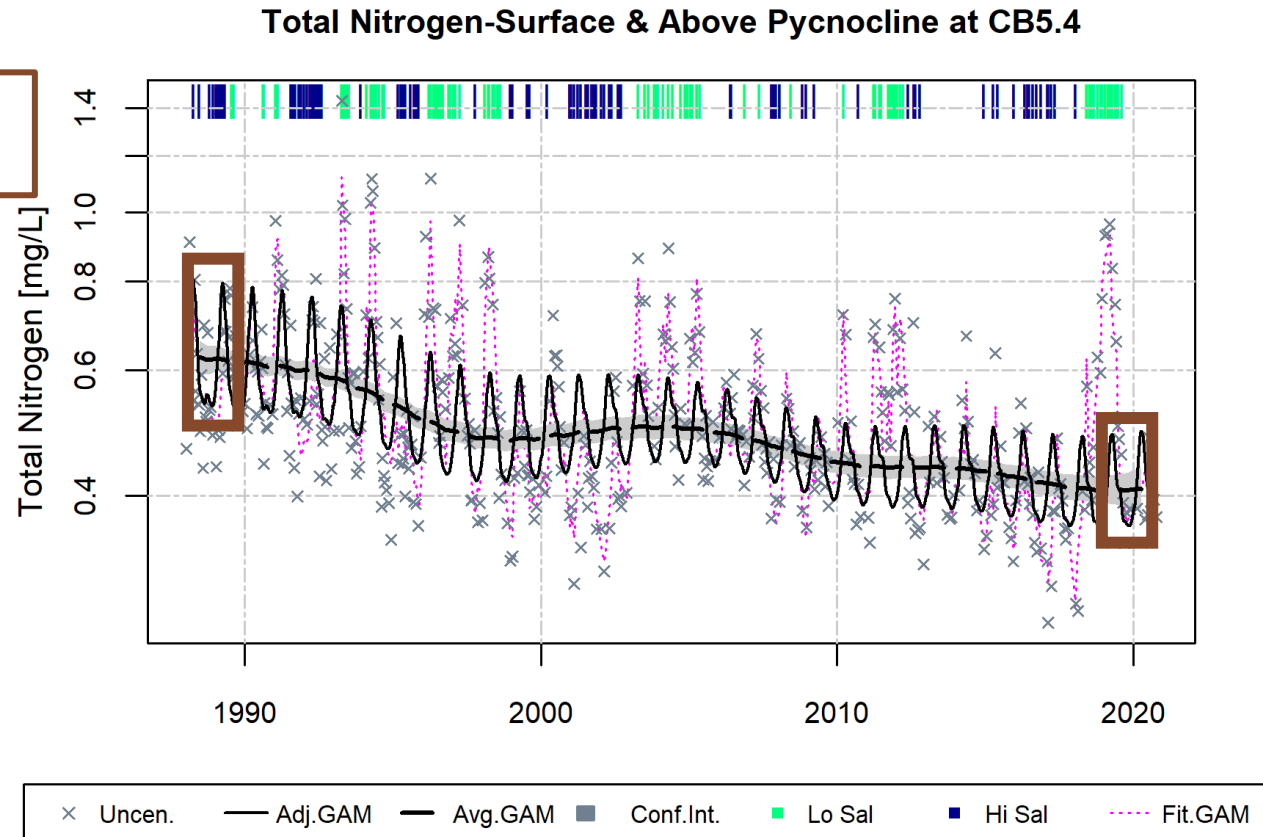
Tidal Trends/GAM method review

$$\text{TN} = \text{s(doy)} + \text{s(date)} + \text{interaction(doy,date)} \\ + \text{s(flw_sal)} + \text{interaction(flw_sal,doy)} + \text{interaction(flw_sal,date)} + \text{interaction(flw_sal,doy,date)}$$



Tidal Trends/GAM method review

Percent change = -34%
p-value < 0.0001



2022 Results

- Long-term (1980s-2022) and short-term (2013-2022) change:

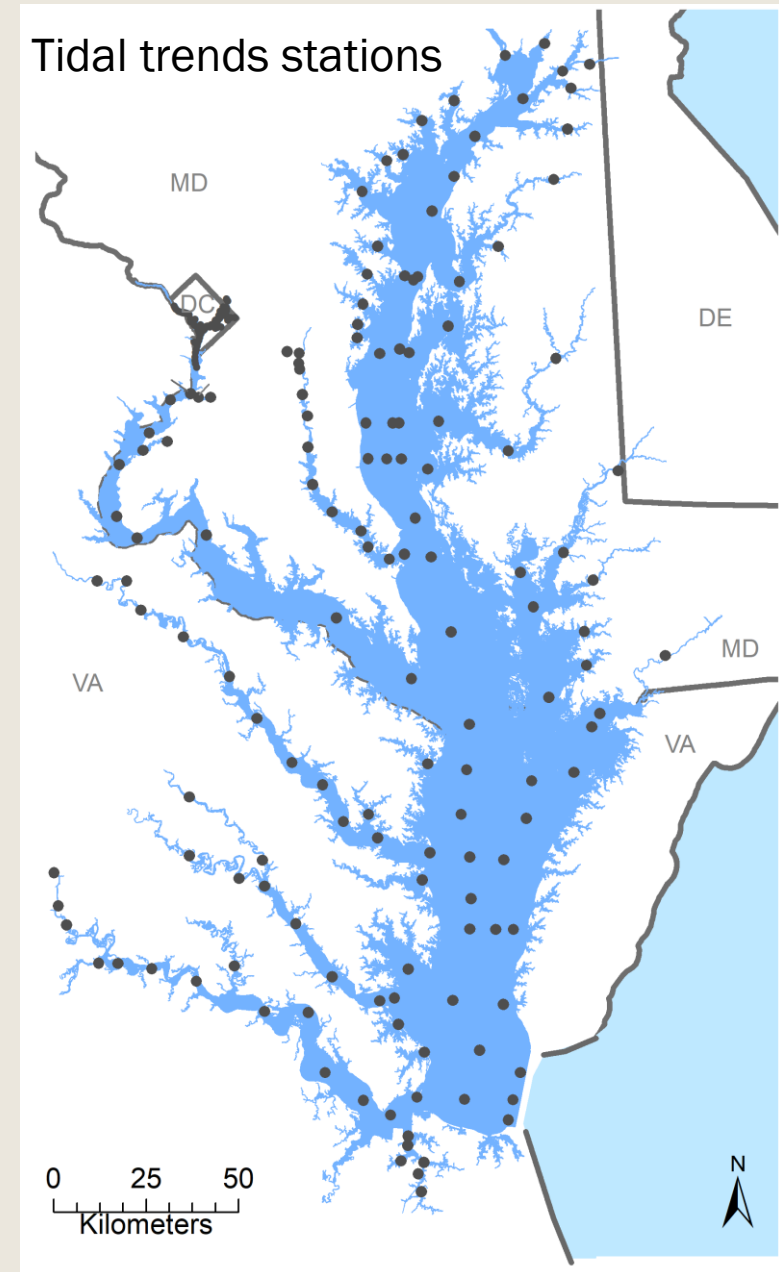
- *Total Nitrogen (TN)*
- *Total Phosphorus (TP)*
- *Water temperature*
- *Secchi depth*
- *Chlorophyll a*
- *Dissolved Oxygen (DO)*
- *Salinity*

- 1999-2022 and short-term (2013-2022) change:

- *Total Suspended Solids (TSS)*
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- *Orthophosphate (PO₄)*

- Multiple views of each parameter:

- *Surface & Bottom*
- *Chla, Secchi, DO: different seasons*
- *Observed conditions, and flow- or salinity-adjusted conditions*



TN

Surface

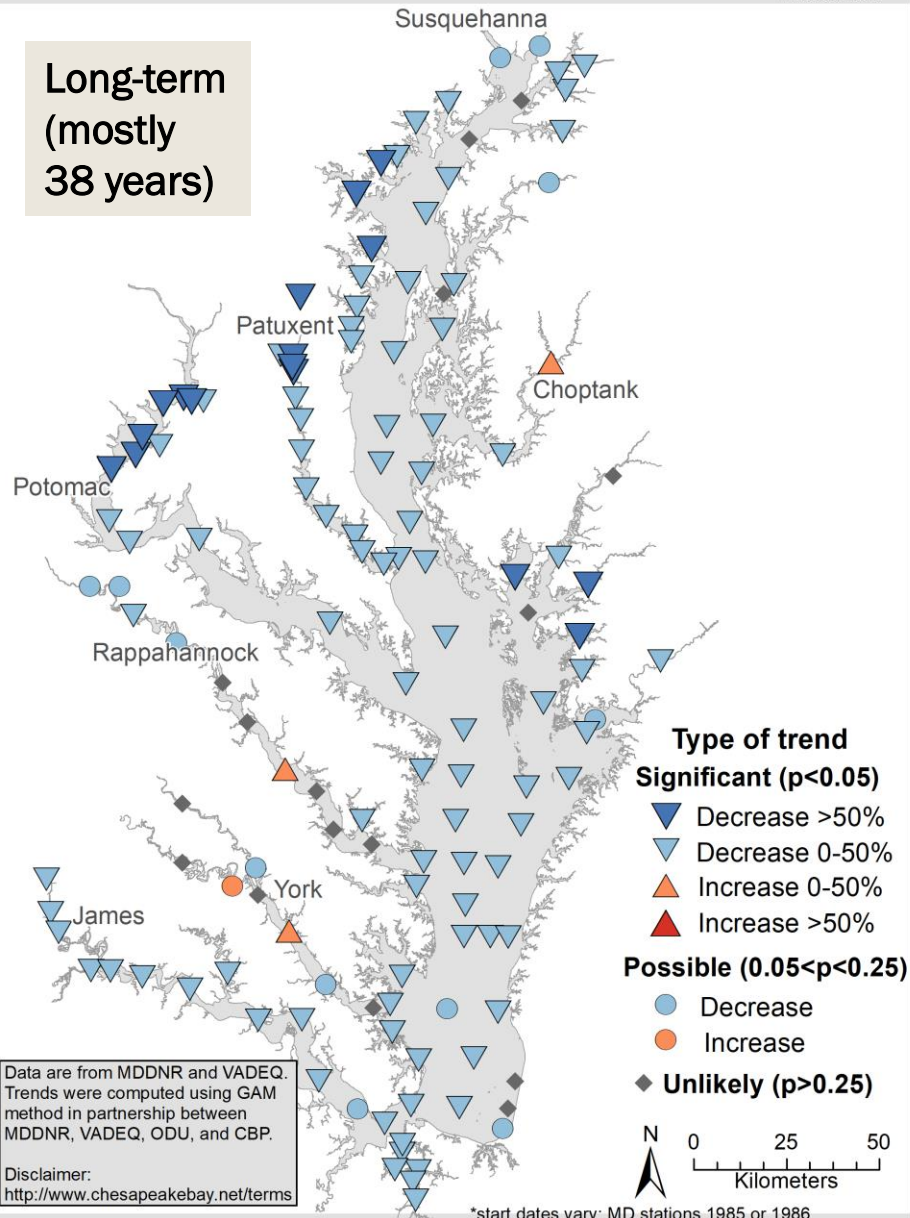
Flow-

adjusted

Chesapeake Bay Surface Total Nitrogen: 2022 long-term flow-adjusted change*



Long-term
(mostly
38 years)

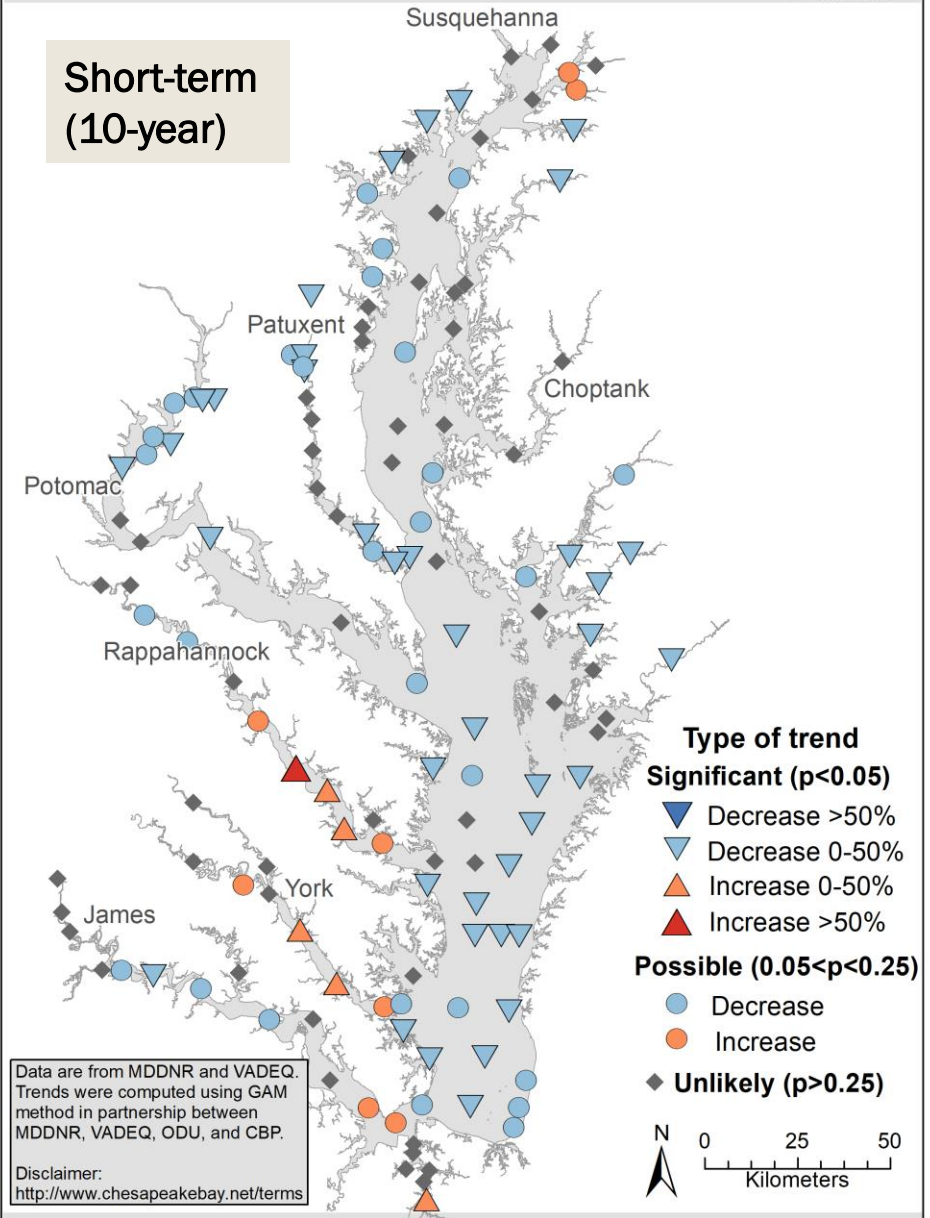


*start dates vary: MD stations 1985 or 1986, VA main 1988, Elizabeth 1989, and VA tributaries 1994.

Chesapeake Bay Surface Total Nitrogen: 2013-2022 flow-adjusted change

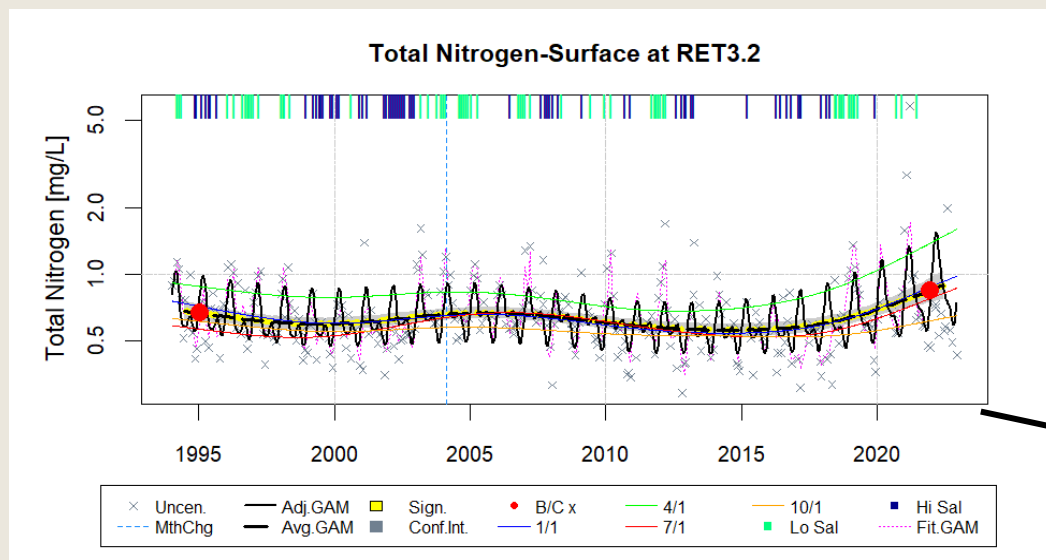


Short-term
(10-year)

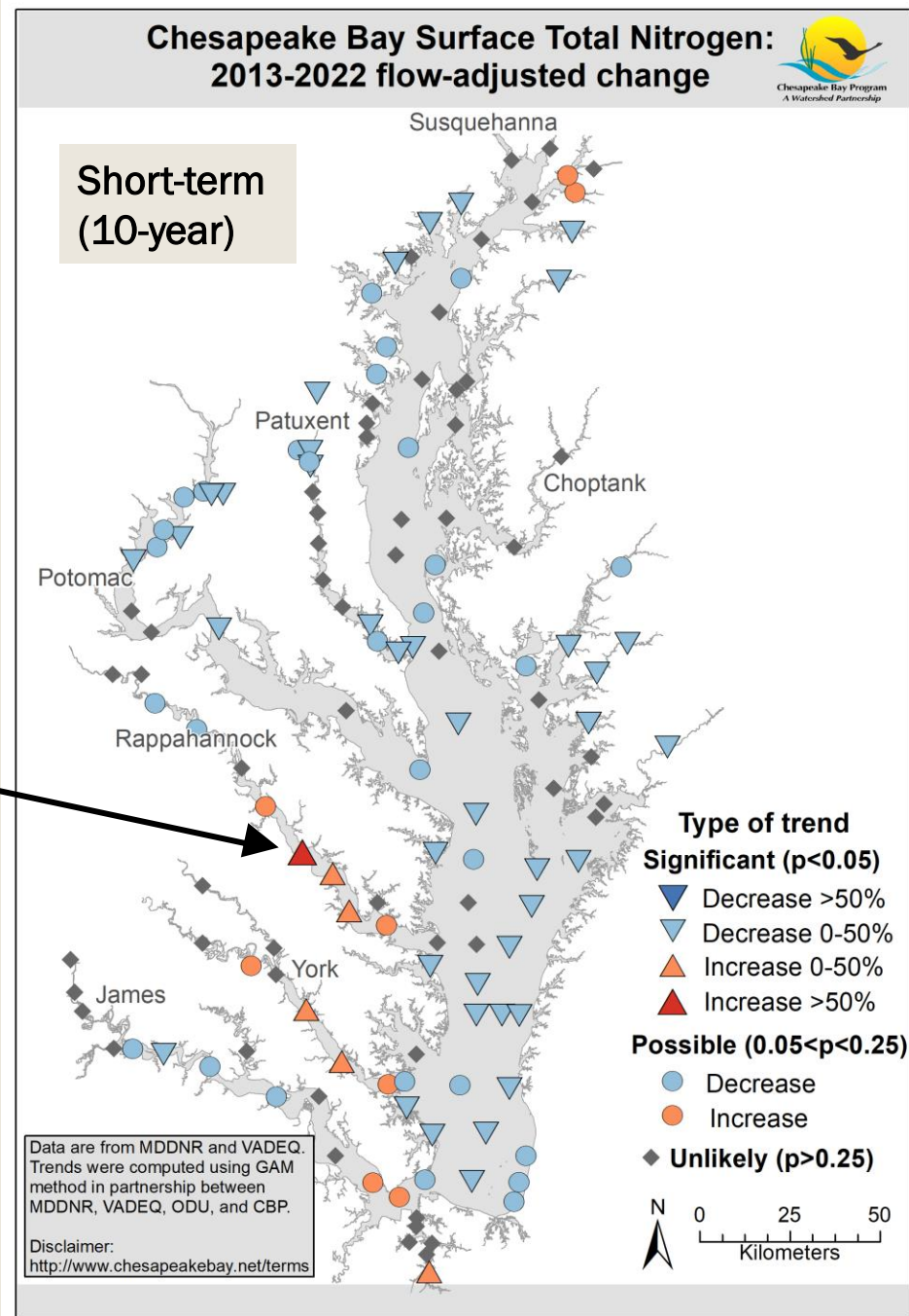


TN

Surface Example

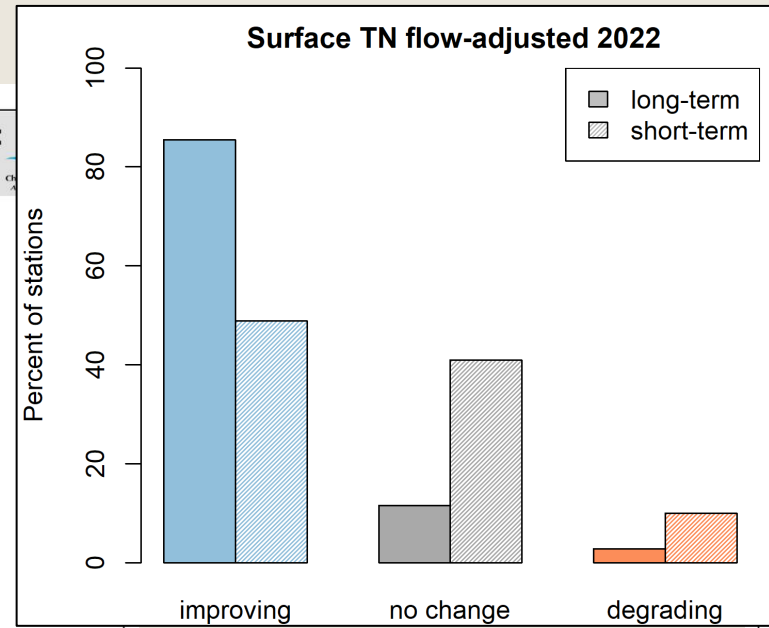
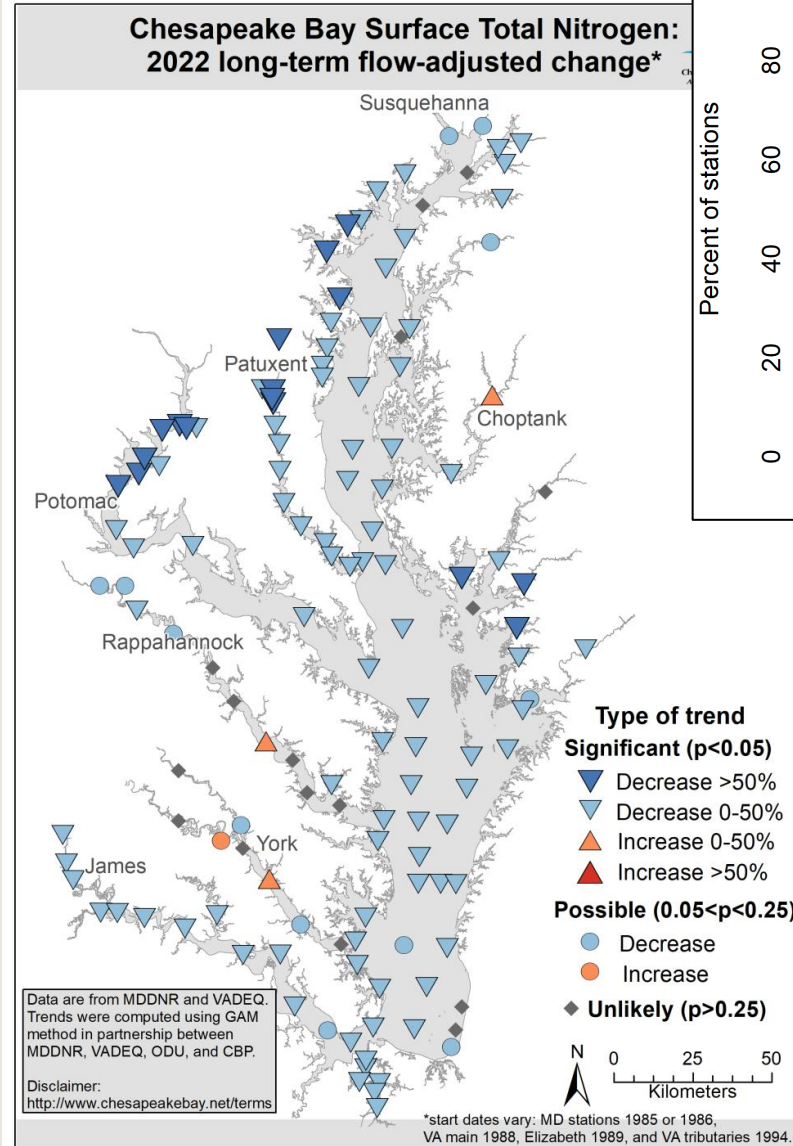


Example: The Rappahannock stations with short-term increases have fairly constant (and low) concentrations over the long-term with an upswing in the last few years.



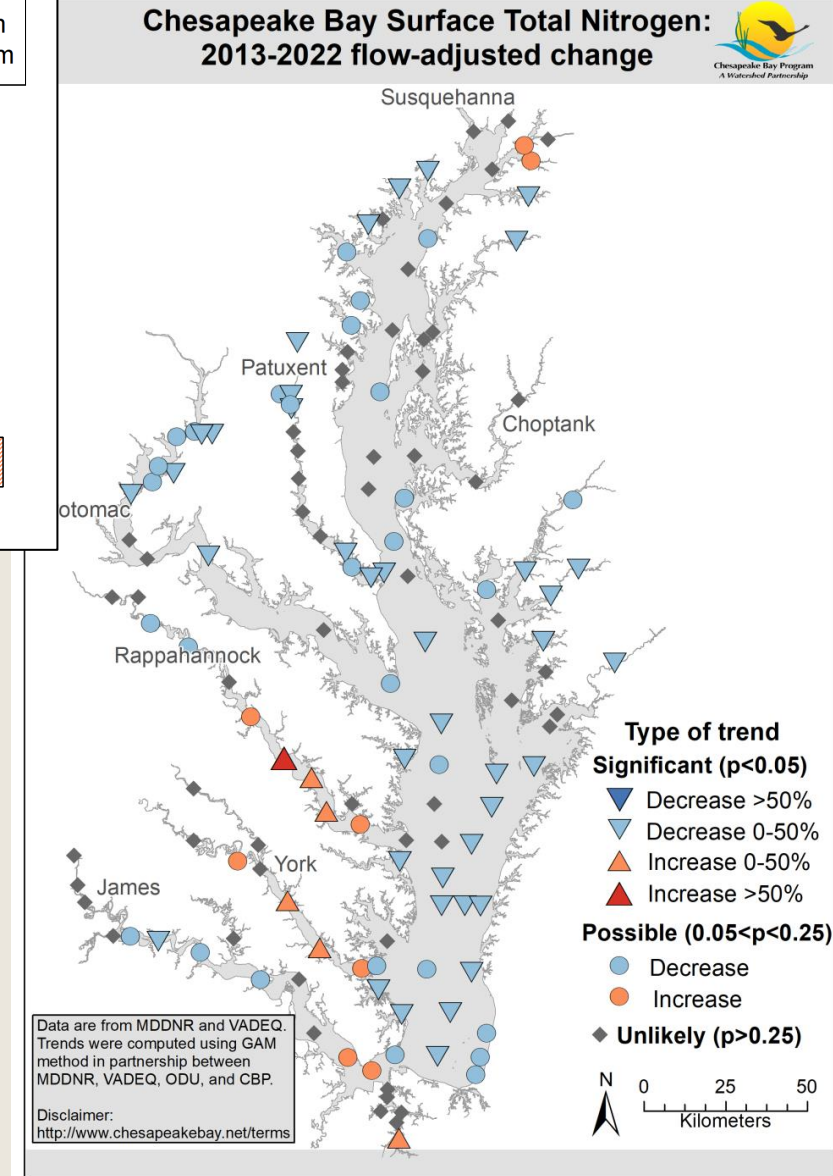
TN

Surface Flow- adjusted



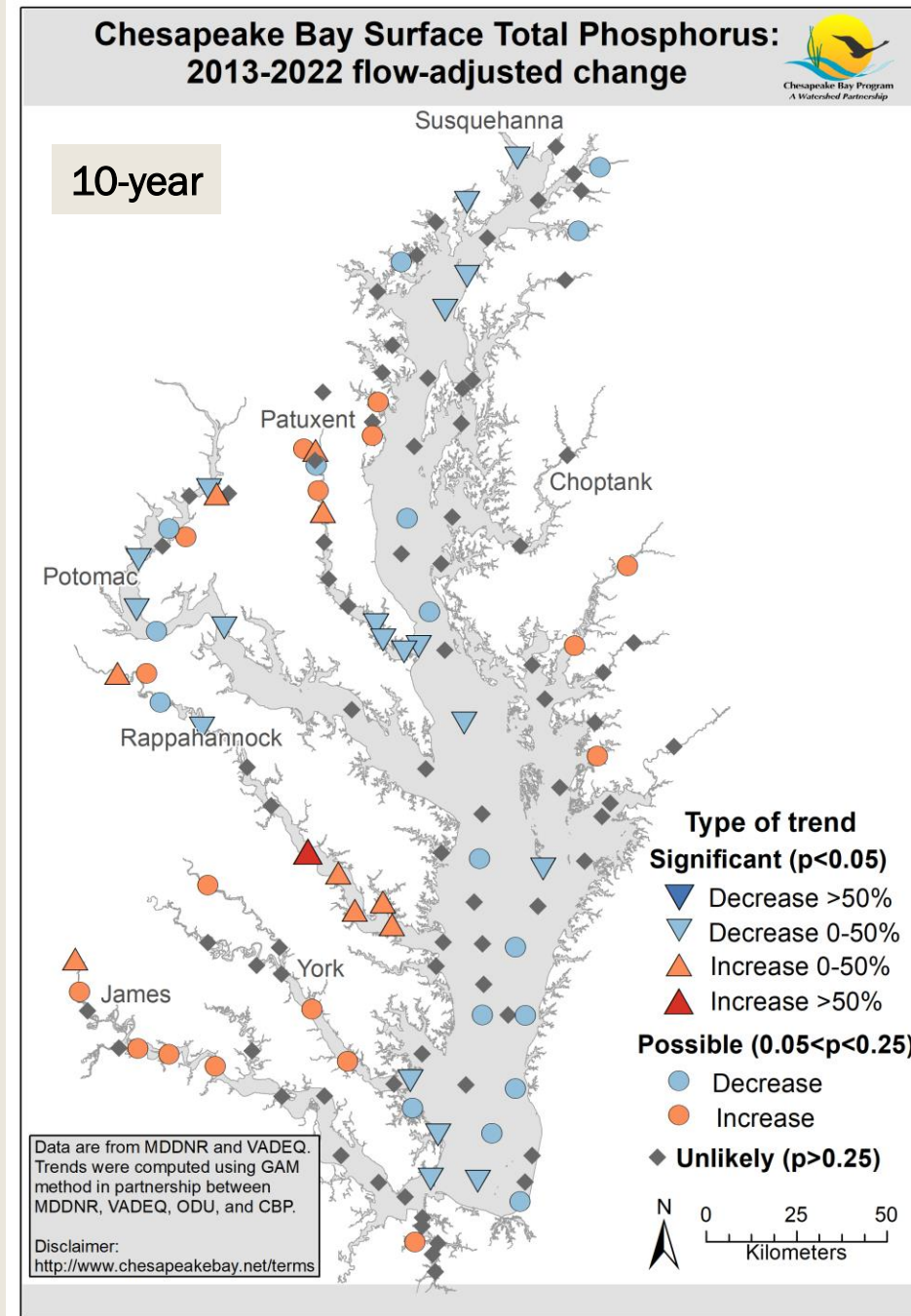
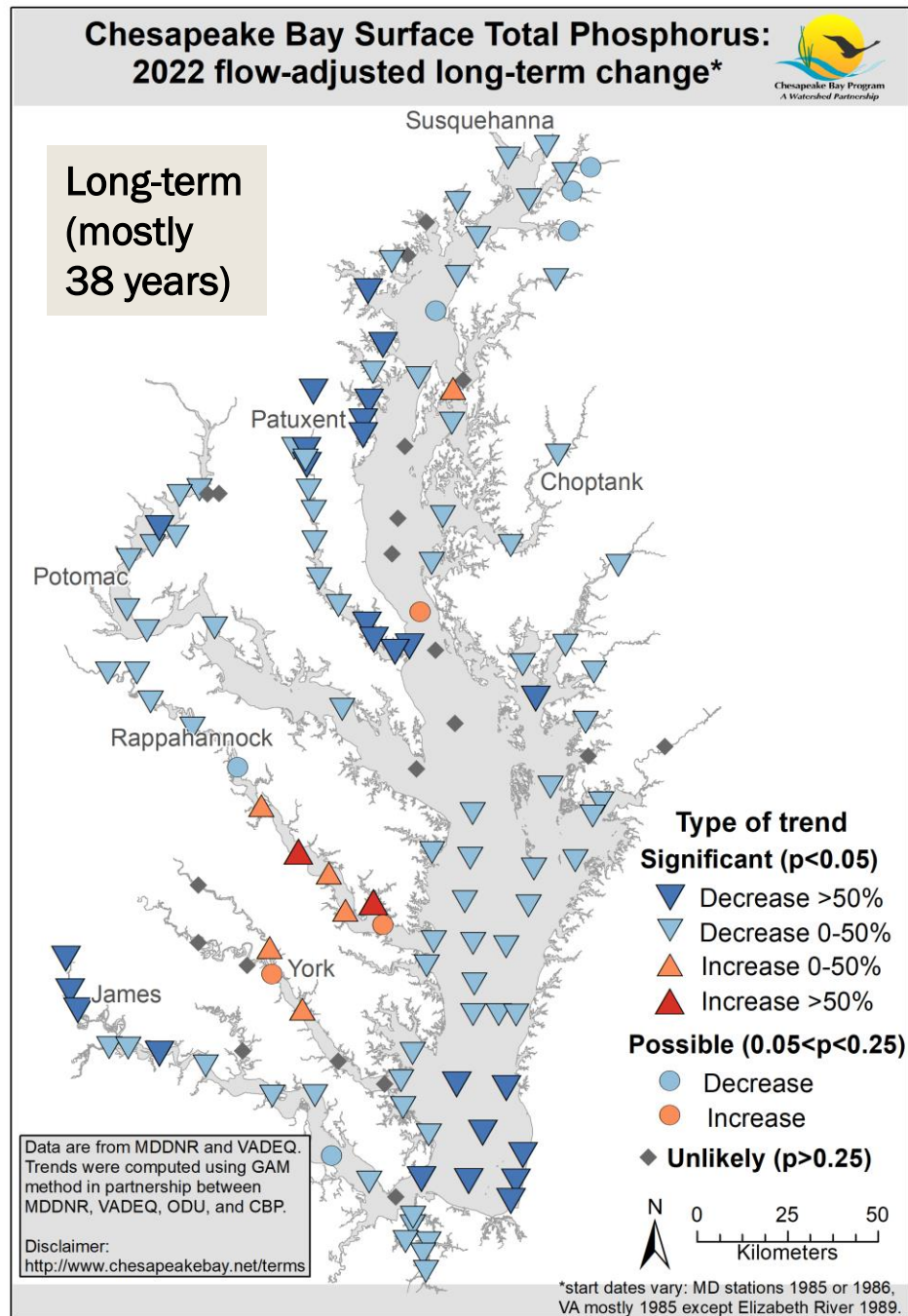
Summary for TN

- Long-term trends decreasing at majority of stations (bottom is similar).
- Short-term trends are more mixed, but the largest group is improving.



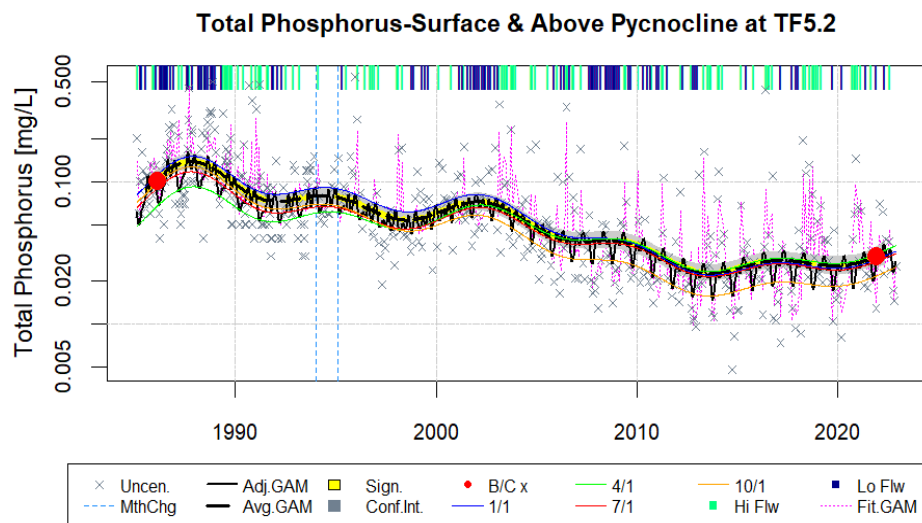
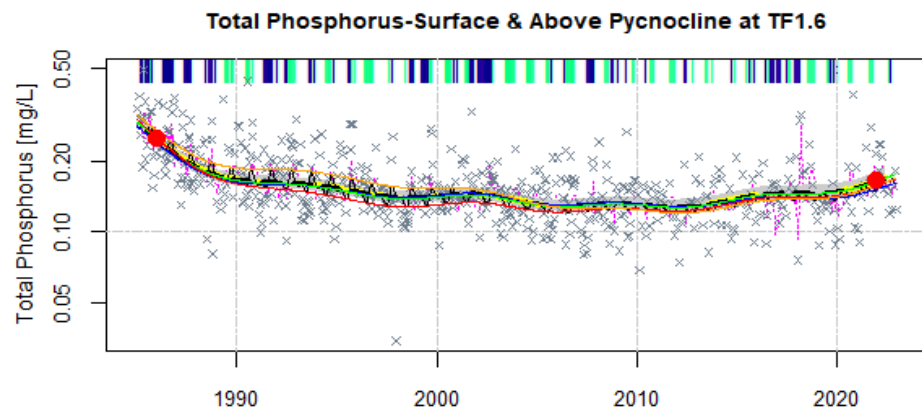
TP

Surface Flow- adjusted



TP

Surface Examples

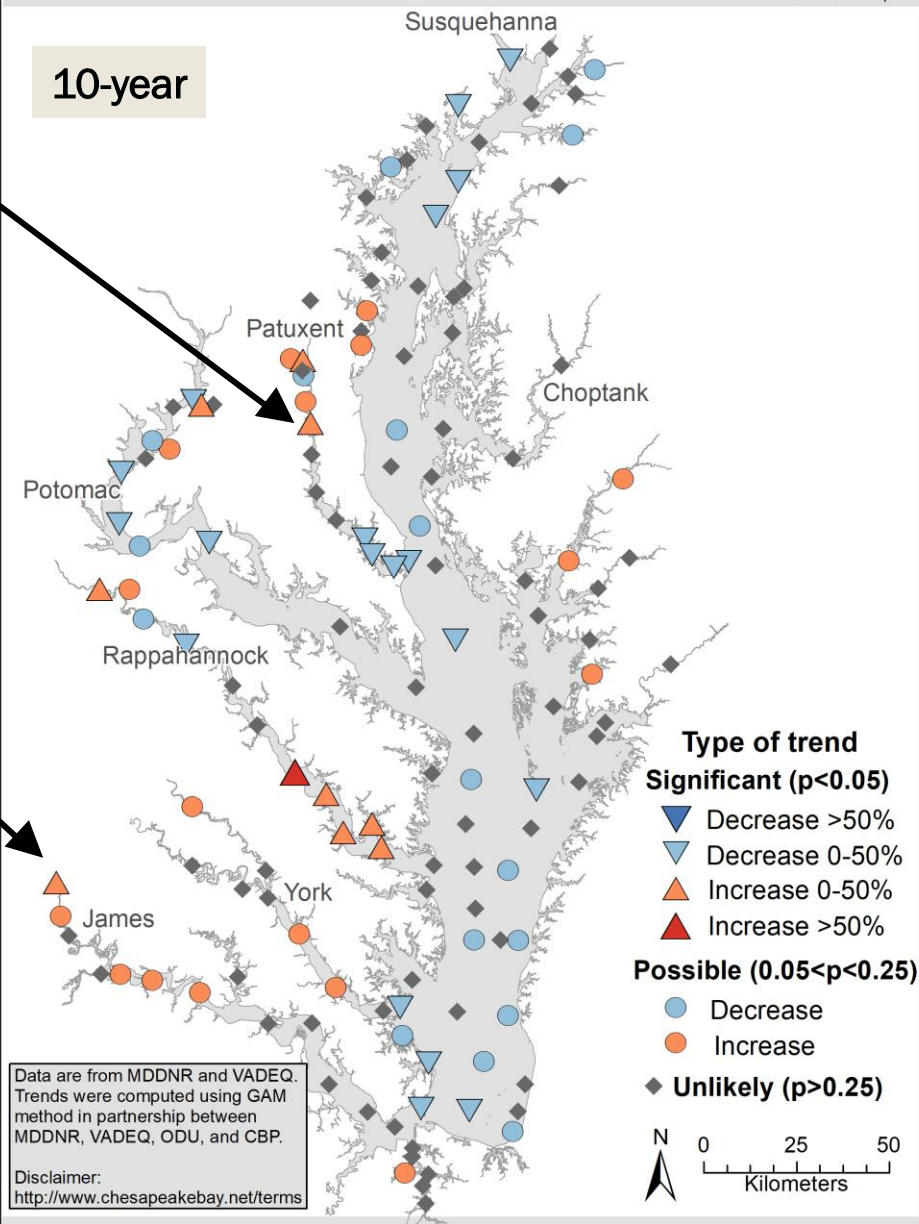


Example: Several of the trends that improve over the long-term but degrade over the short-term have large TP decreases in the 80s and smaller increases in the last decade.

Chesapeake Bay Surface Total Phosphorus: 2013-2022 flow-adjusted change

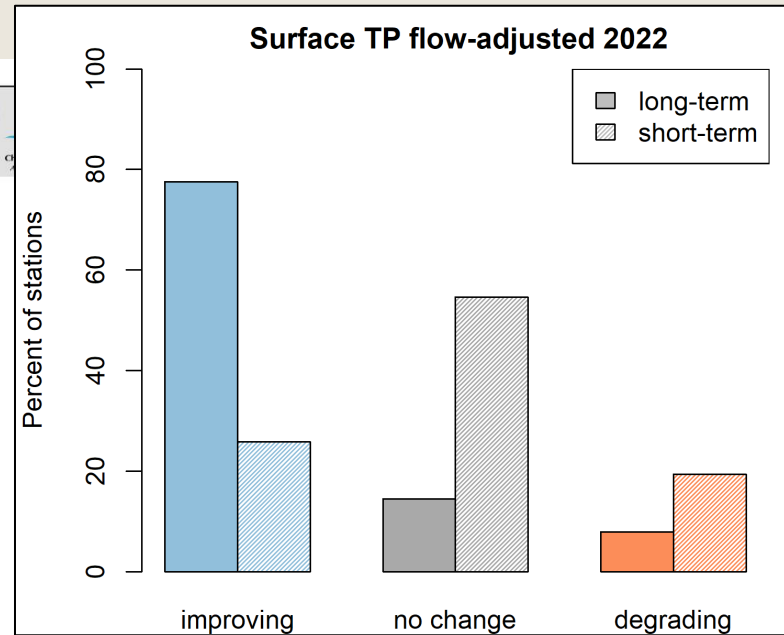
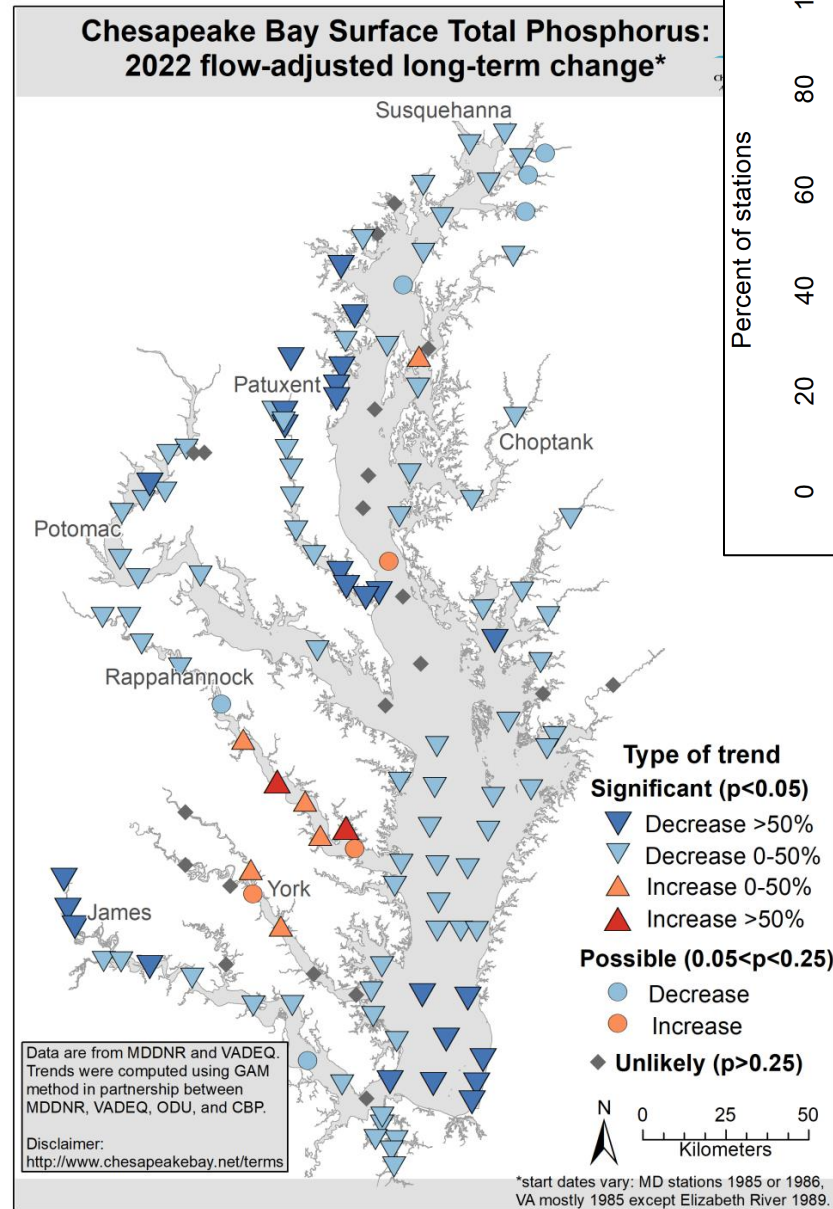


10-year



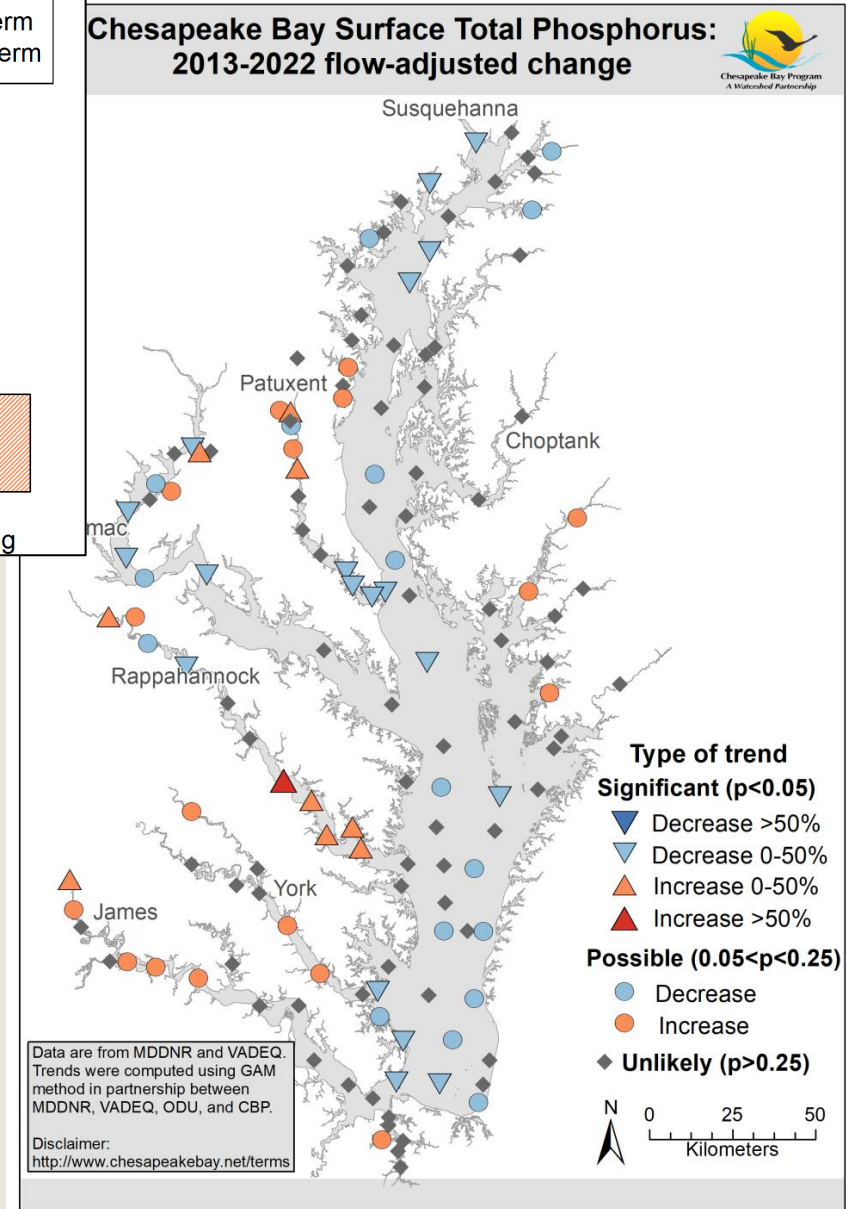
TP

Surface Flow- adjusted

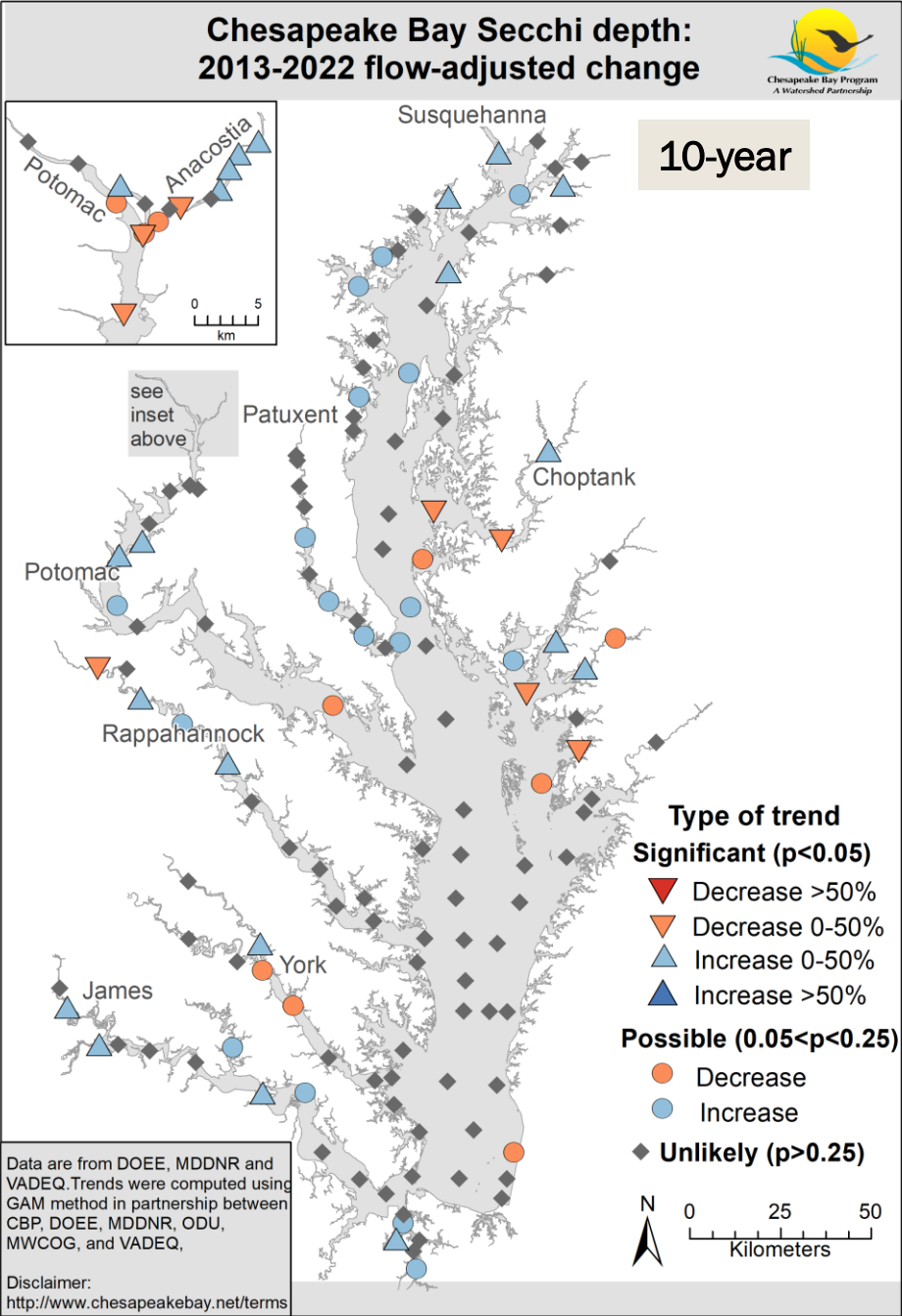
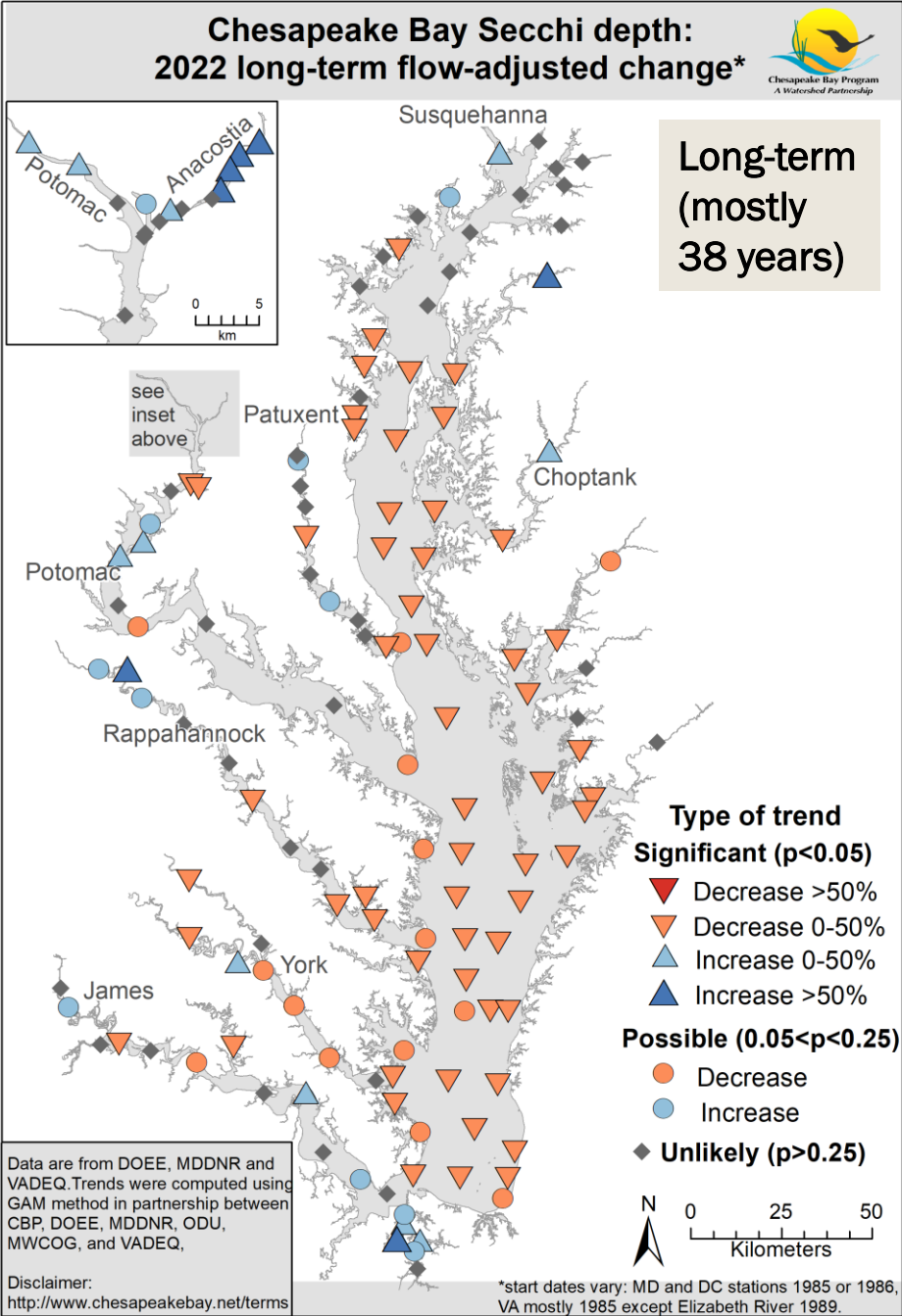


Summary for TP

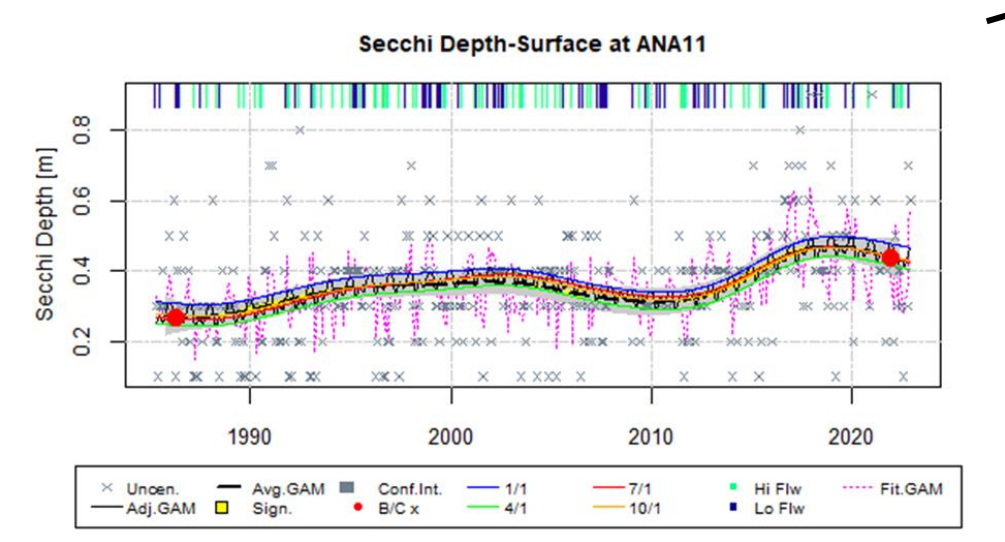
- Long-term trends decreasing at majority of stations (bottom is similar).
- Short-term is more mixed, with the largest group with no trend.



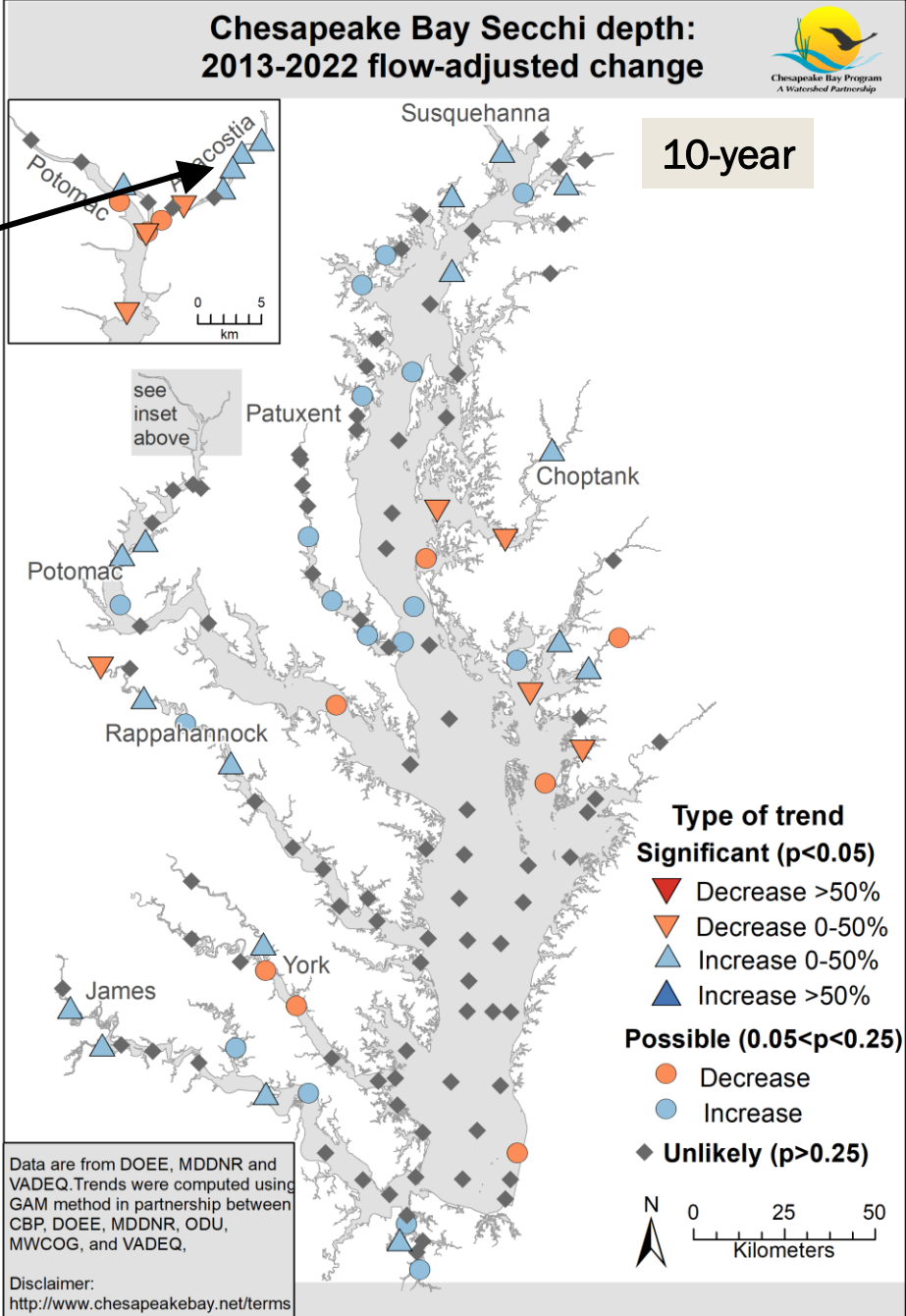
Secchi Depth Flow- adjusted



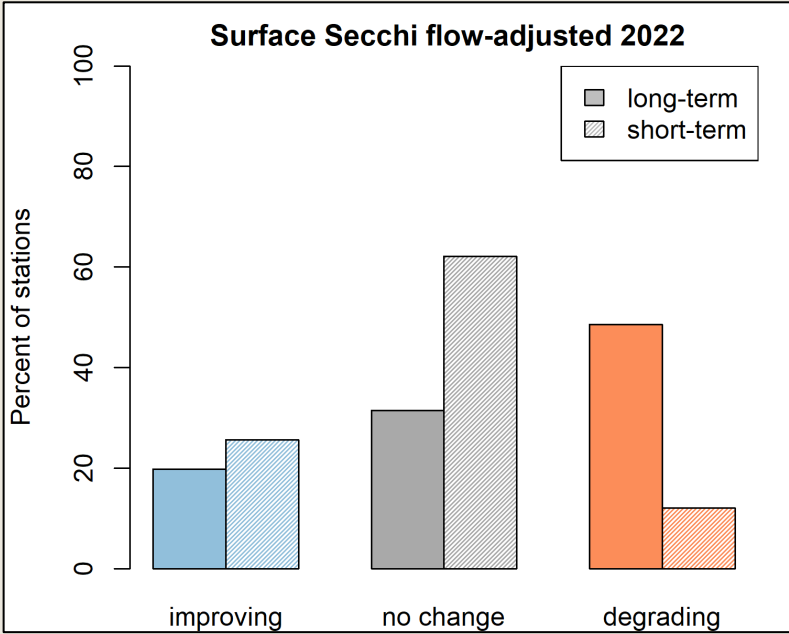
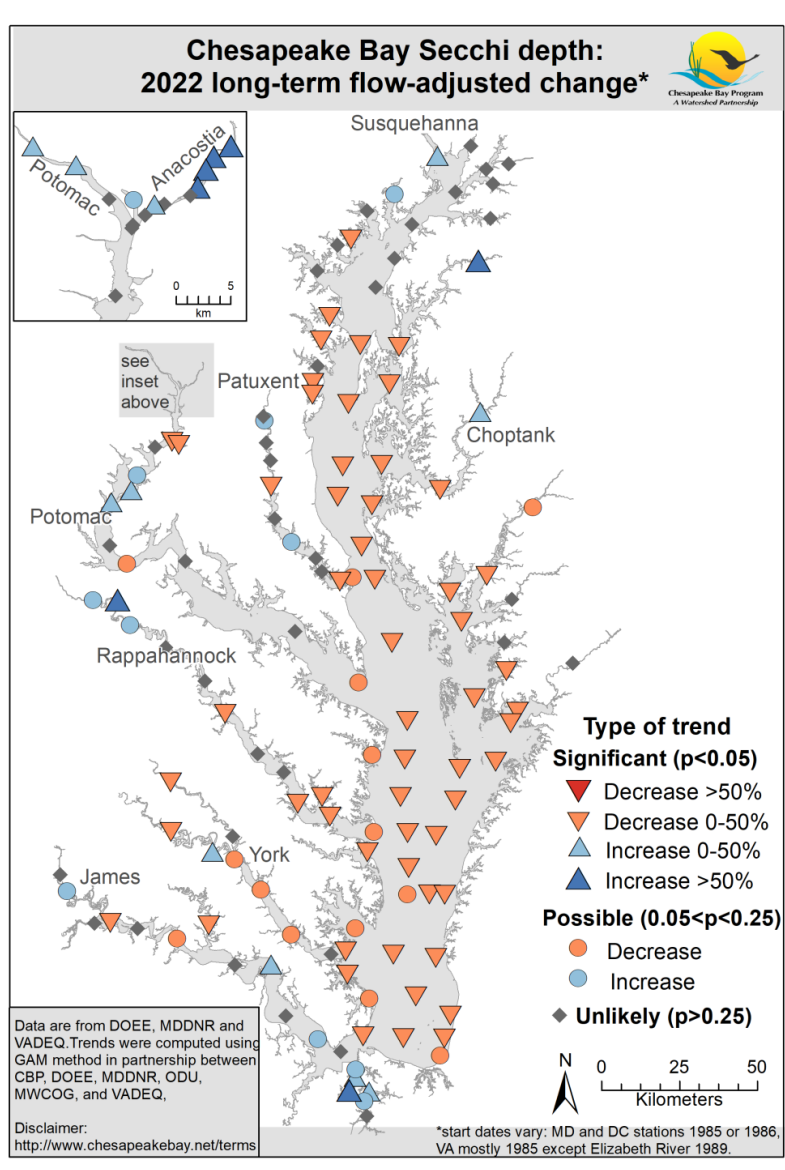
Secchi Depth Example



Example: Anacostia stations all show long-term gradual improvement. DOEE's Potomac stations also show long-term improvement with both rivers having mixed short-term trends.

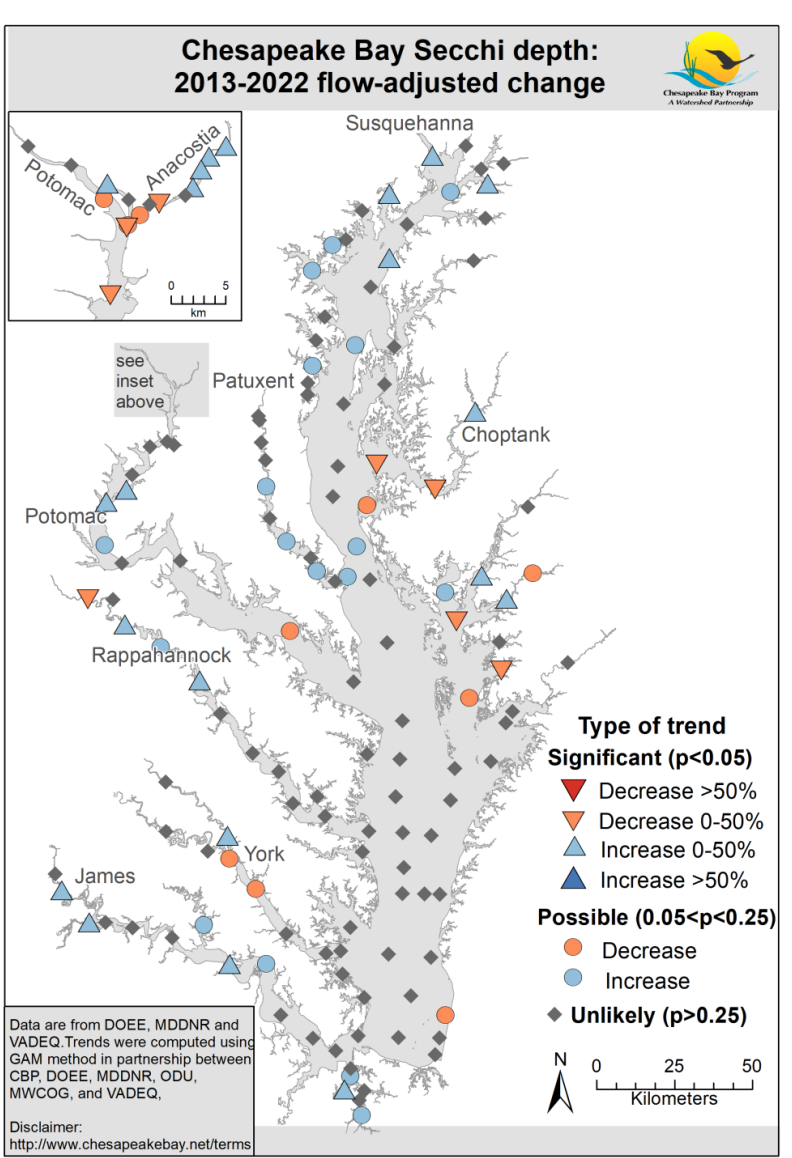


Secchi depth



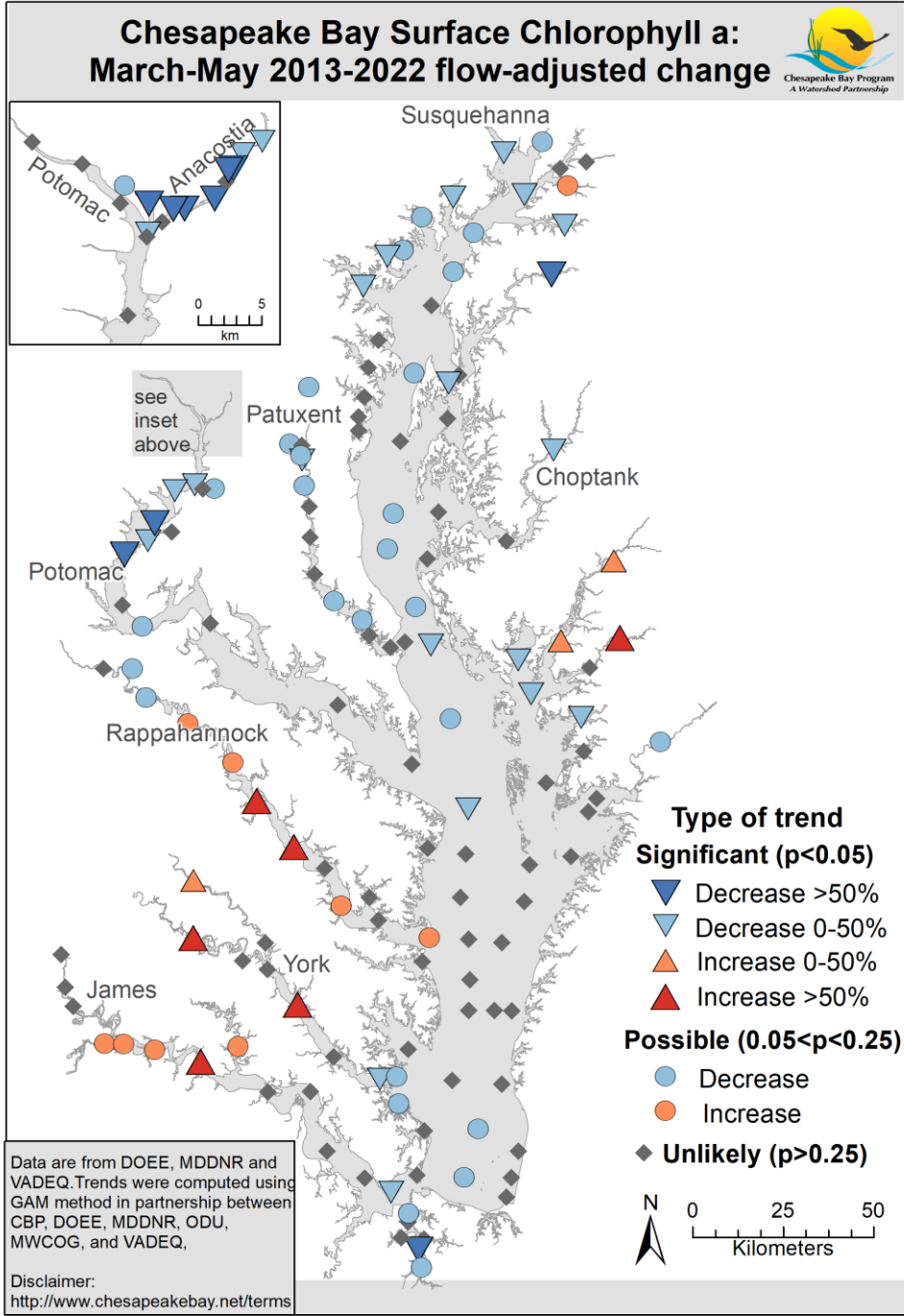
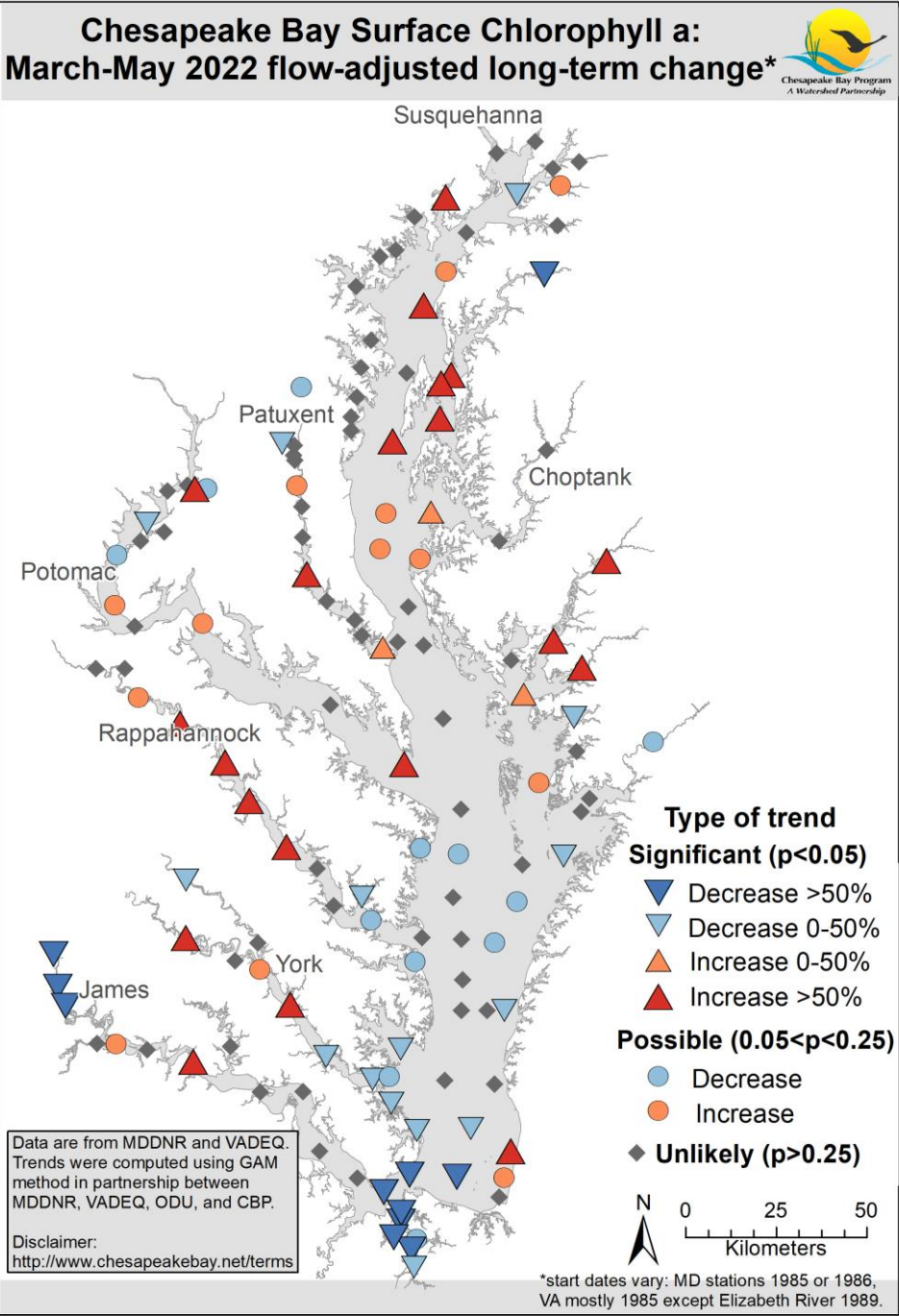
Summary for Secchi

- Long-term degradation in Secchi depth is notable across many regions of the bay.
- But in last 10 years, there are more improvements than degradations.



Spring Chlorophyll a

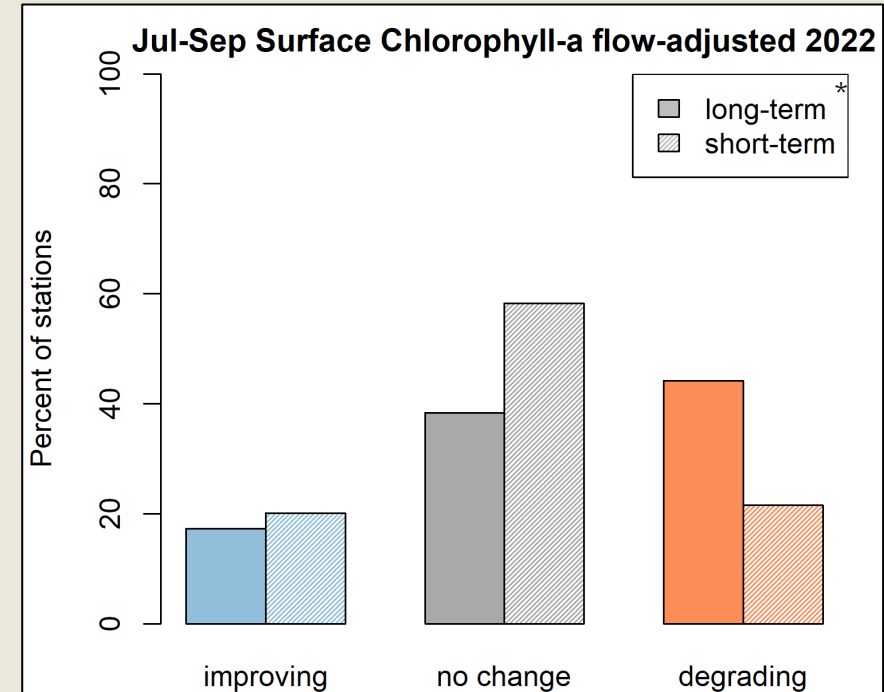
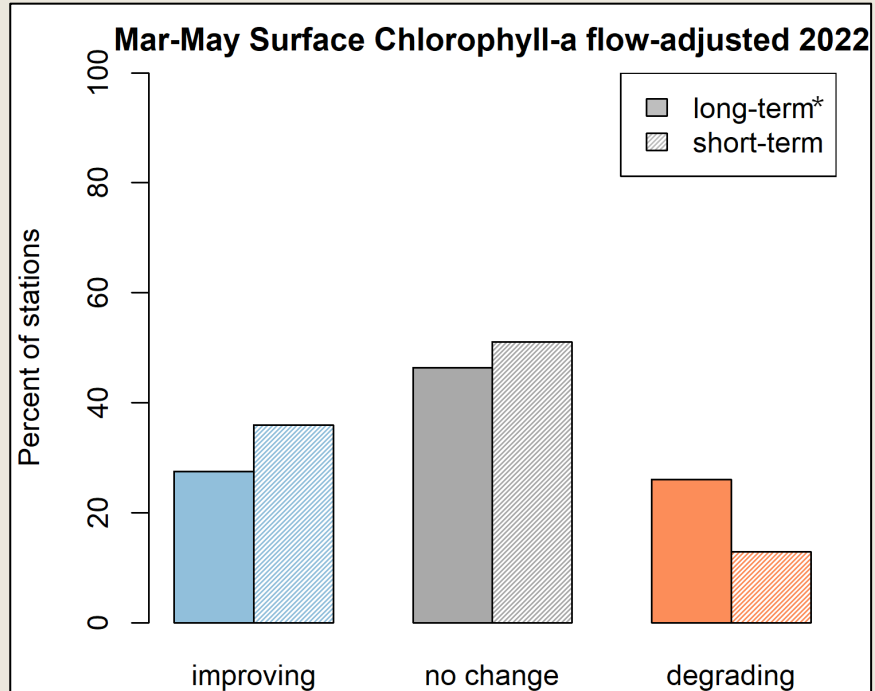
Surface
Flow-adjusted



Summary

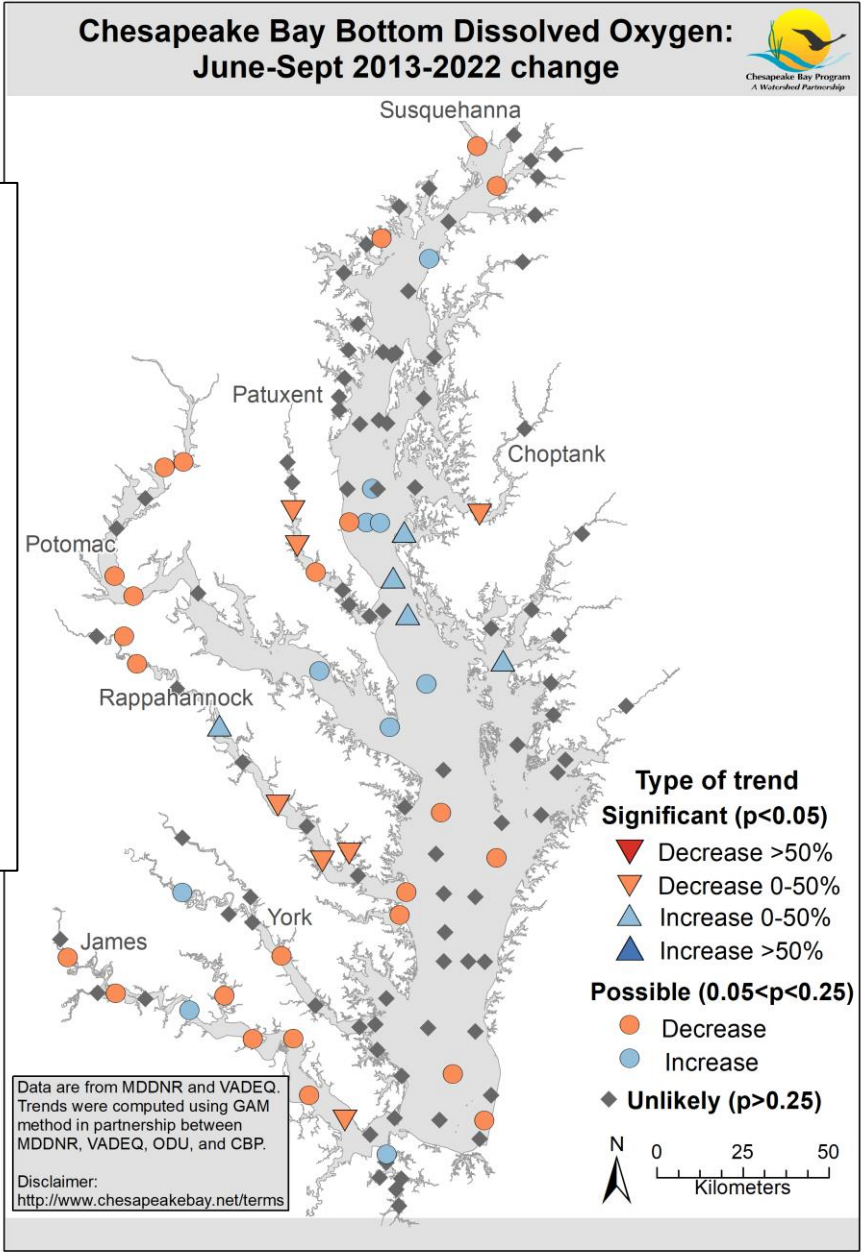
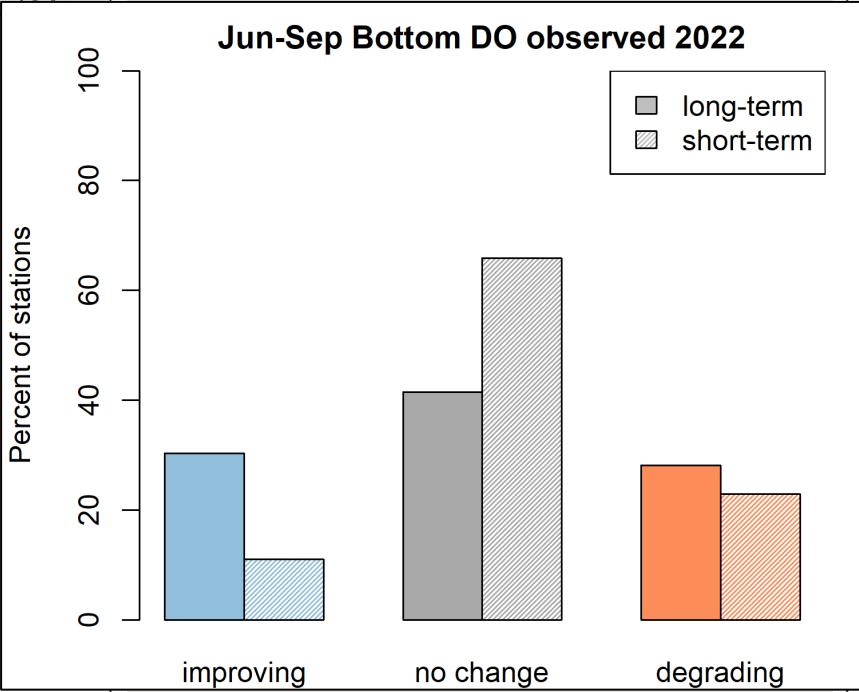
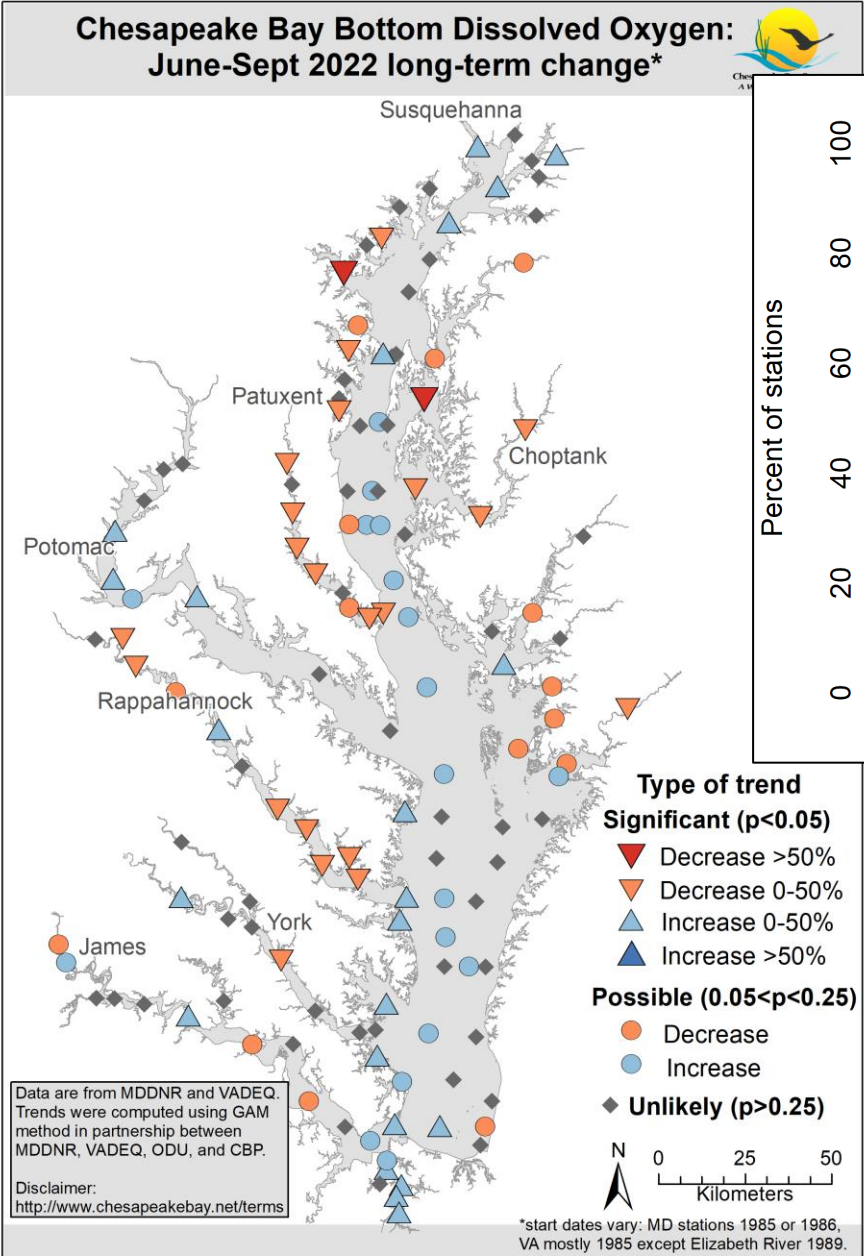
Chlorophyll a

Surface
Flow-adjusted

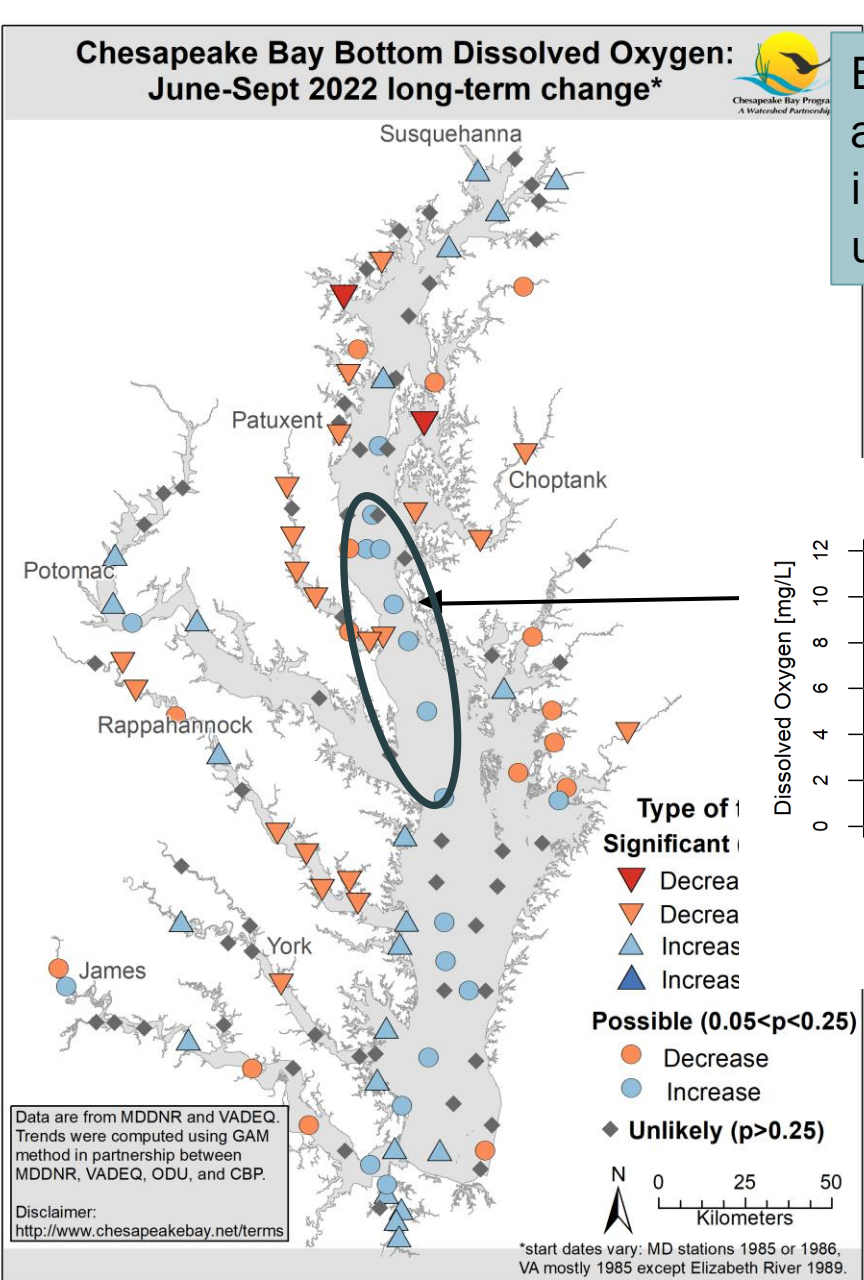


- In both seasons, trends have improved from the long- to short-term.
- Slightly better bay-wide trends in spring than summer.

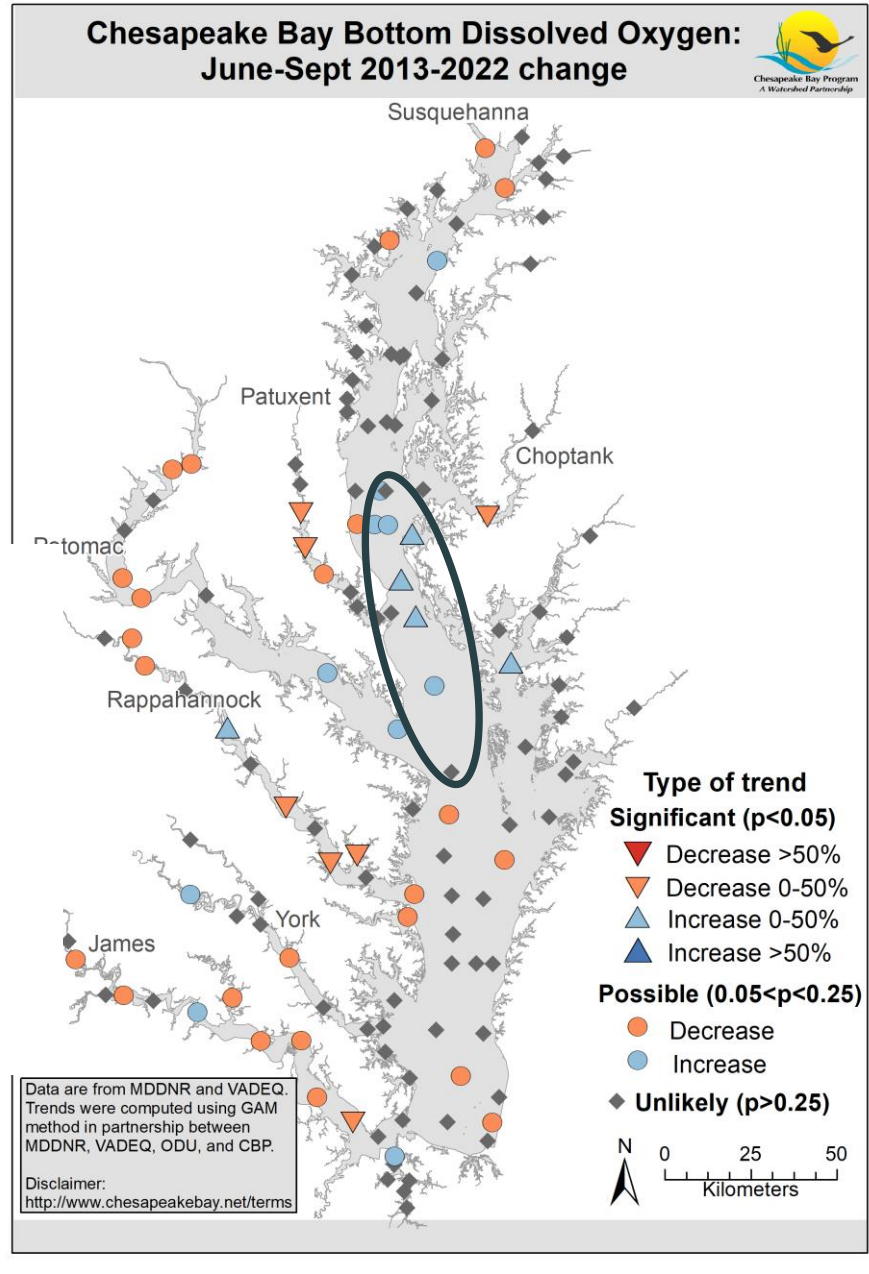
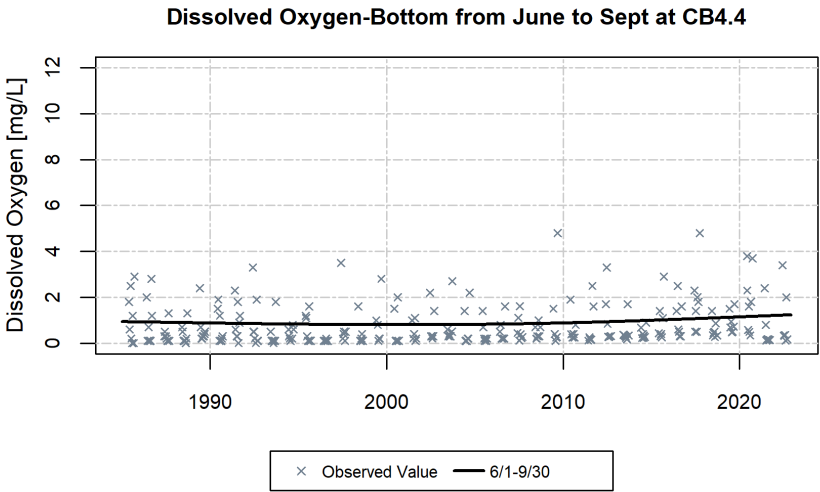
Bottom Summer DO



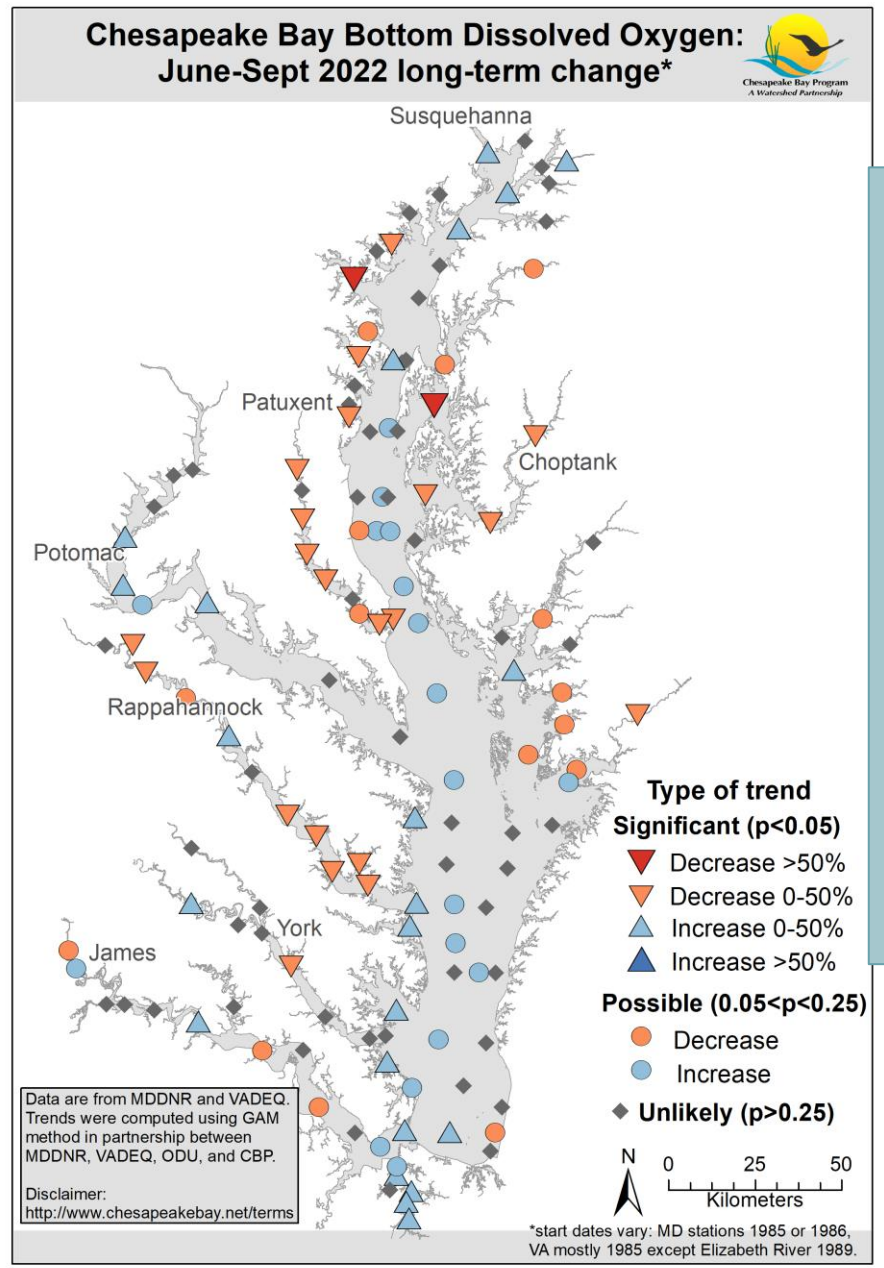
Bottom Summer DO



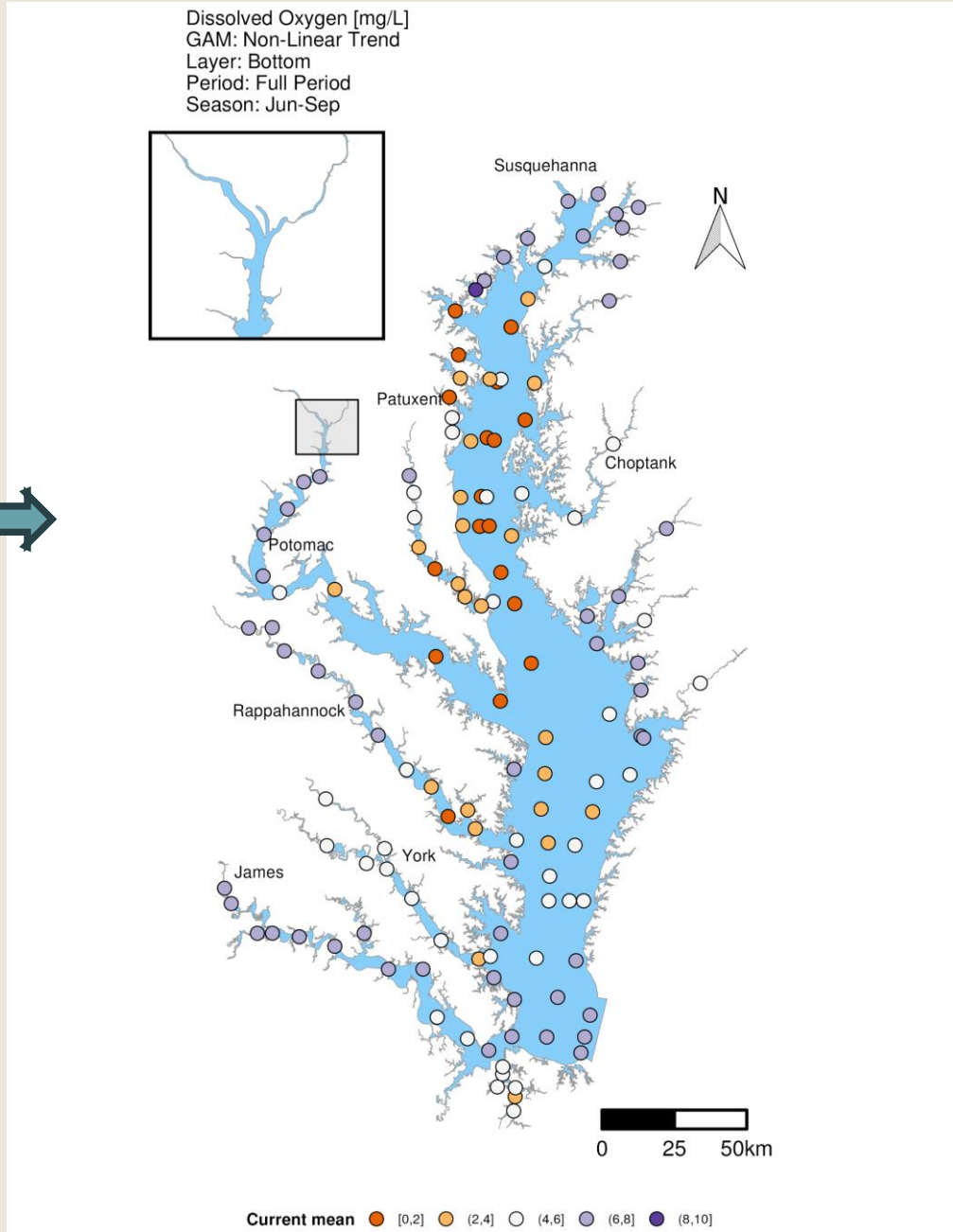
Example: Key areas in mainstem and nearby regions where increasing DO is starting to show up in the trends.



Combo conc & trend map ideas



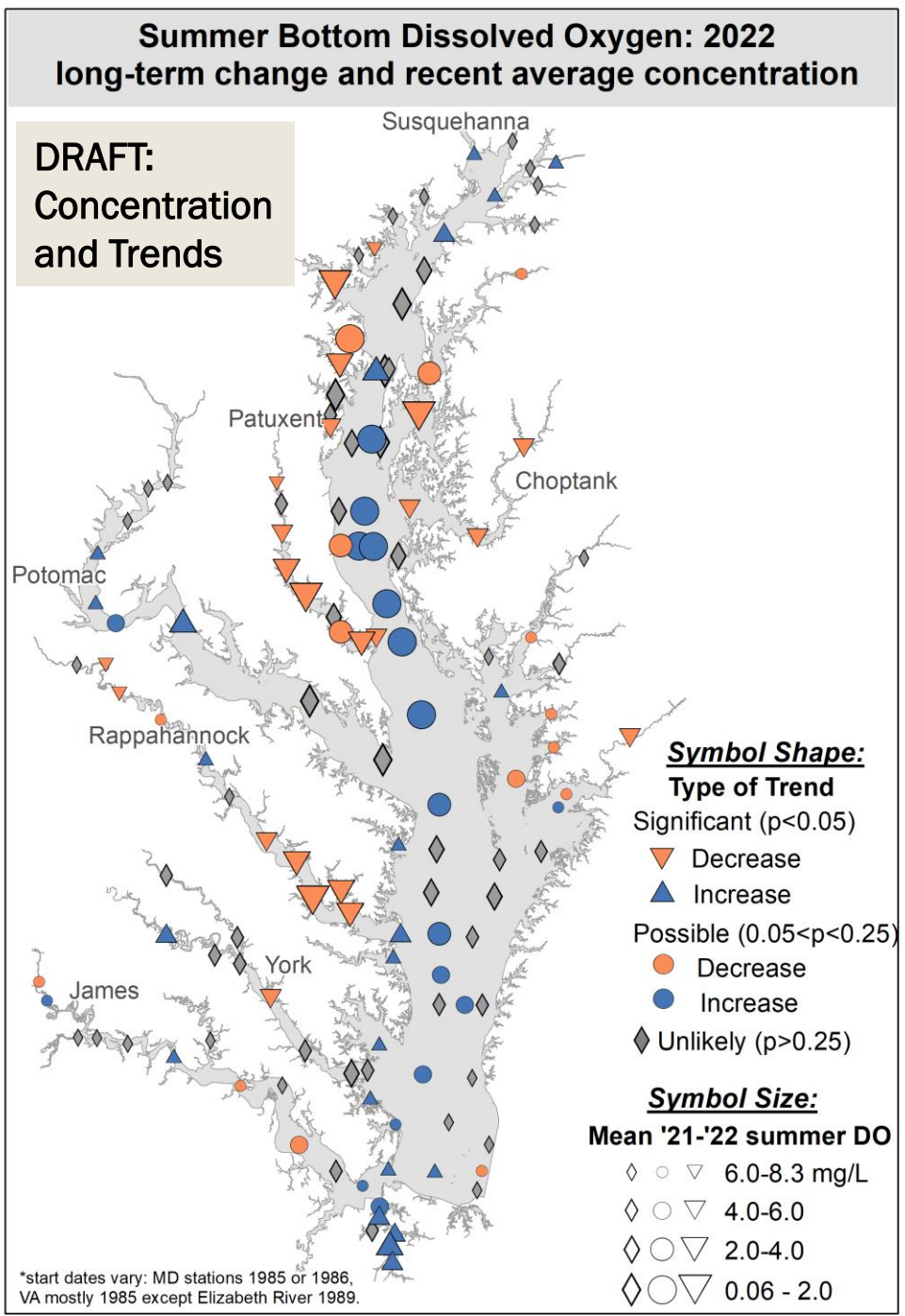
- We have separate maps on baytrendsmap that show the recent average concentrations
- Also, MDDNR already does status & trends on their website with symbols like:  



<https://baytrends.chesapeakebay.net/baytrendsmap/>

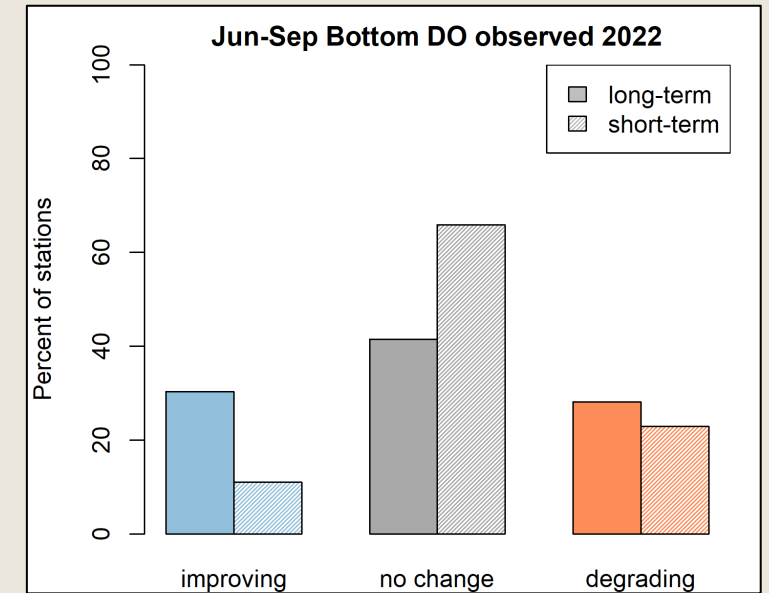
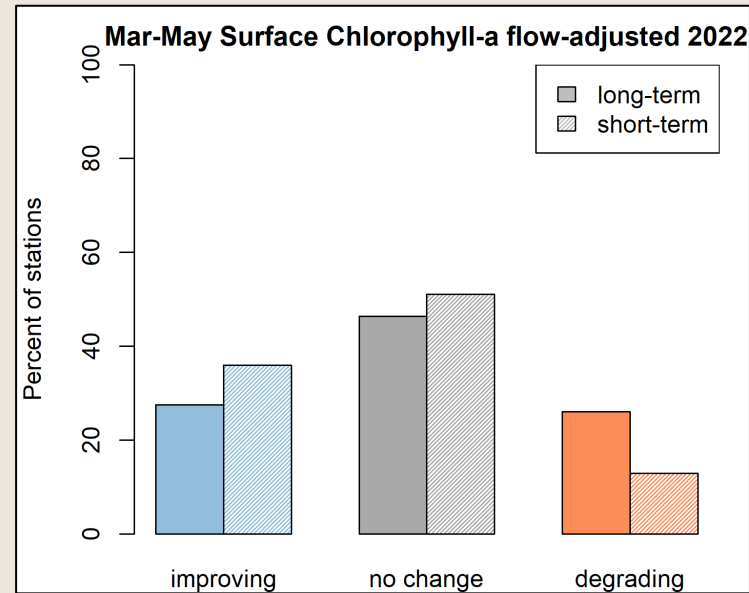
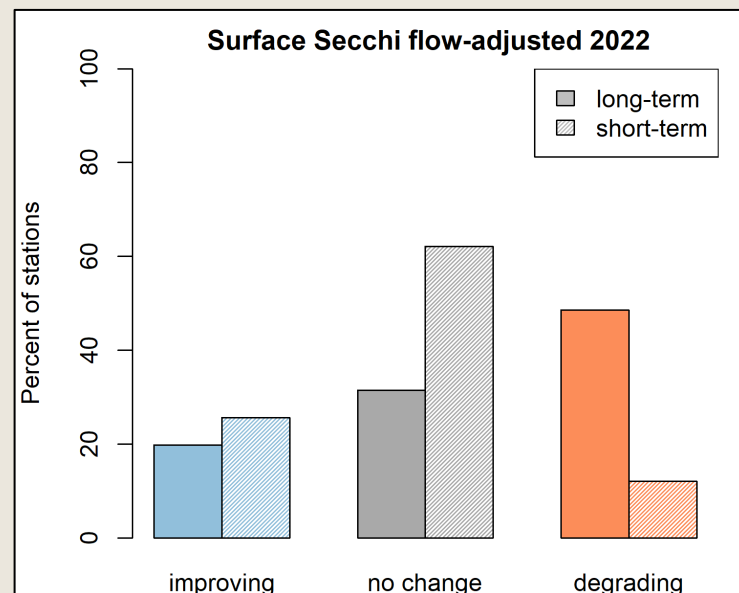
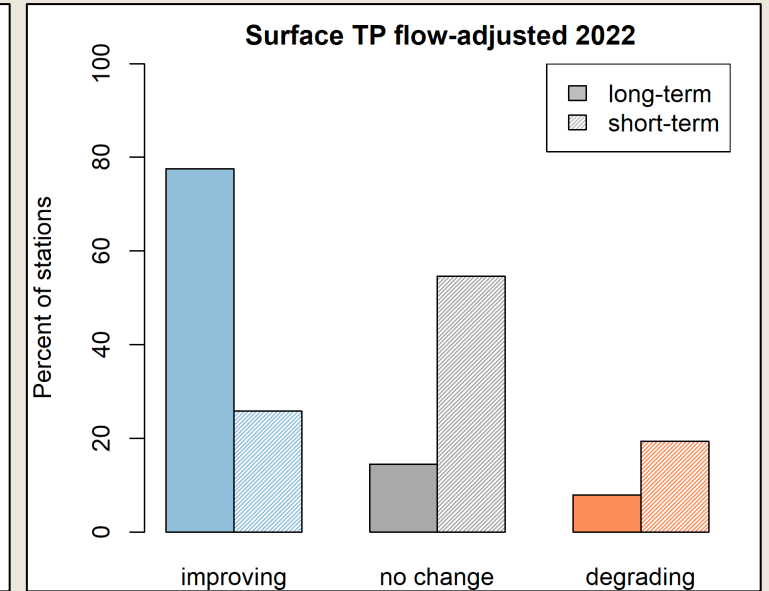
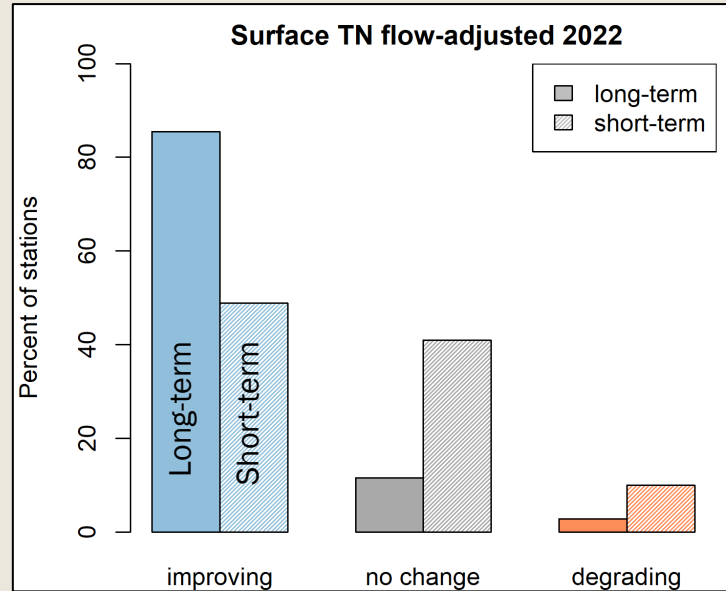
Combo conc & trend map ideas

- One baywide idea: Scale size of symbols by average 2021-2022 concentration
- For DO, larger symbols are smaller summer bottom DO



2022 Summary

- Nutrient trends mostly improving over the long-term with some leveling-out over the short-term.
- The number of stations with degrading conditions have decreased over the short-term for Secchi, chlorophyll a, and DO.
- Overall patterns consistent with last few years.



Acknowledgements

- Contributing to this year's results:
 - *Renee Karrh (MDDNR);*
 - *Mike Lane (ODU) and Cindy Johnson (VADEQ);*
 - *Efeturi Oghenekaro, Blessing Edje and George Onyullo (DOEE); Mukhtar Ibrahim and Karl Berger (MWCOC);*
 - *Breck Sullivan (USGS), Alex Gunnerson (CRC)*
- Baytrends/GAM implementation and updates: Jeni Keisman (USGS); Elgin Perry; Jon Harcum and Erik Leppo (Tetra Tech)

Summer Chlorophyll a

Surface
Flow-adjusted

