

Expanding our hypoxia monitoring network: Sampling design considerations to support recommendations on monitoring needs

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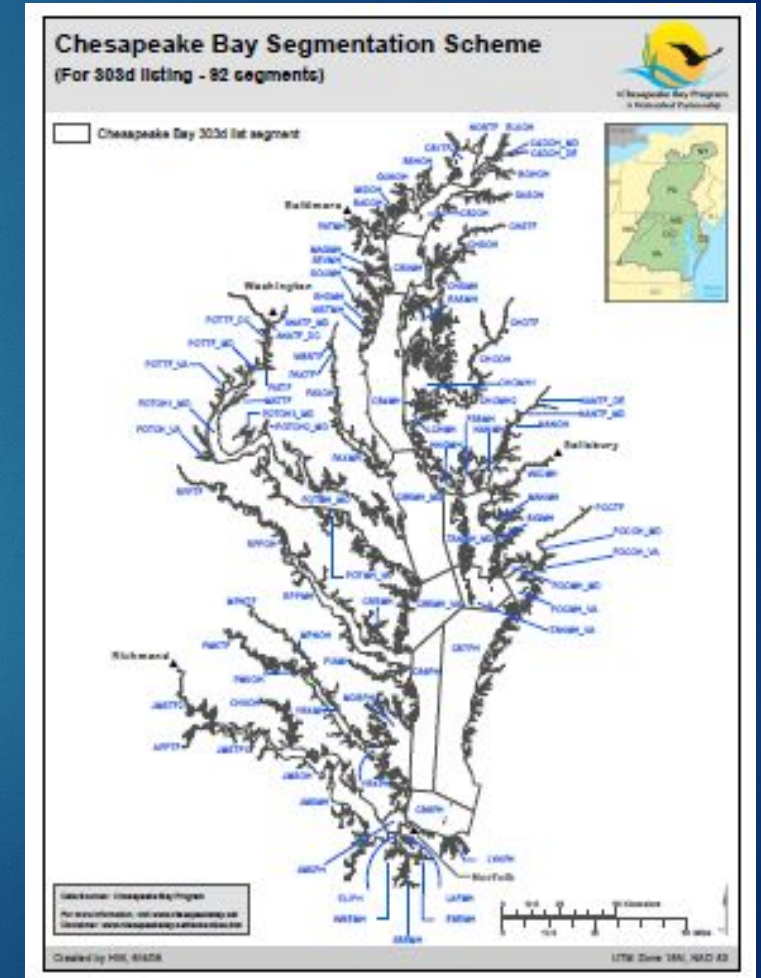
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Acknowledgements

- ▶ Leadership team includes
 - ▶ Bruce Vogt
 - ▶ Jay Lazar
 - ▶ Kevin Schabow
 - ▶ Justin Shapiro
 - ▶ Sean Corson
 - ▶ Breck Sullivan
 - ▶ Amy Goldfischer

The 2021-22 Principal Staff Committee (PSC) Monitoring Review

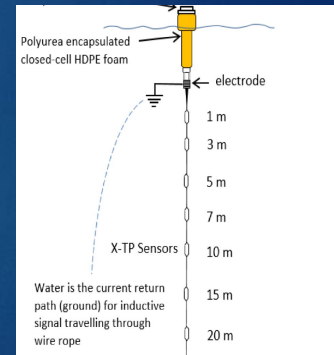
- ▶ **On March 2, 2021**, the PSC heard from EPA that the water quality monitoring program was characterized as **“Fair”** for addressing water quality criteria attainment assessments.
 - ▶ The PSC wanted a review and feedback on what is needed to move the CBP water quality monitoring program from “Fair” to “Good”.
- ▶ Review process - **completed**
- ▶ Review report draft – **completed**
- ▶ Community review and feedback - **completed**
- ▶ Response to comments and finalizing report – **in progress**
- ▶ **Action on recommendations – already happening** 😊



Issues of interest in growing out the sampling design for the array network

Needed information as we discussed design considerations

- ▶ Desirable locations/regions
 - ▶ (e.g., poorly monitored/high uncertainty areas)
- ▶ All year or seasonal
 - ▶ (duration of deployment for operations and maintenance planning)
- ▶ Vertical resolution at locations
 - ▶ (sensor density using a fixed array system)



Recommendations on sampling design for the next phase of hypoxia monitoring network development

n=11 arrays.

- ▶ Mainstem bay (3)
 - ▶ if we keep an east-west pair in the mainstem and
 - ▶ we have a reference array at another latitude
- ▶ Lower tributaries: Potomac and Rappahannock. (4)
 - ▶ 2 Potomac arrays
 - ▶ 2 Rappahannock arrays
- ▶ Mobile, targeted study arrays (4)
 - ▶ 3 new as a suite for evaluating scales of variability
 - ▶ 1 existing with MD DNR and their Fishing Bay study area

- Growing the water quality network from “Fair” to “good”, addressing high frequency water quality habitat conditions with this level of investment and build out of the program.

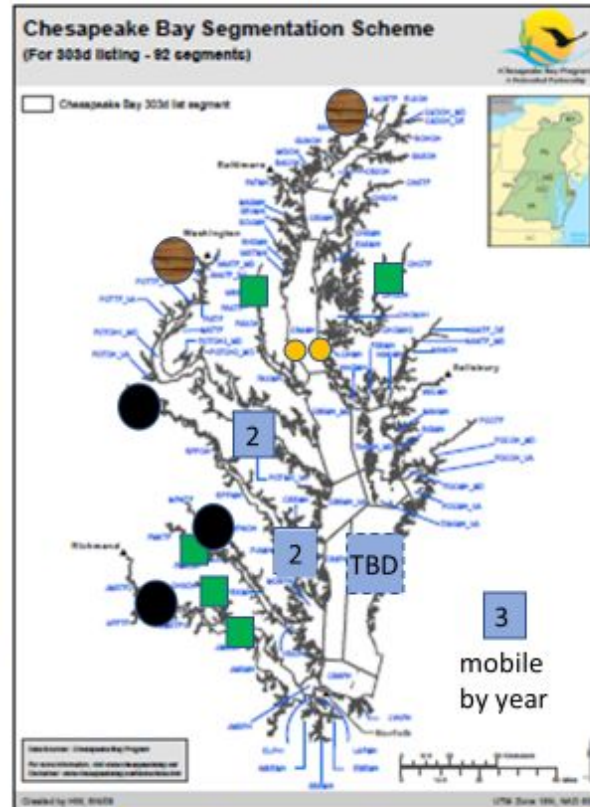
- **Recommendation for investment to PSC is targeting support for 8 new locations for arrays.**

Recommendations on sampling design for the next phase of hypoxia monitoring network development

Expanding monitoring and assessment capacity
2021+: High frequency monitoring network

Existing

- NOAA supports 2 vertical sensor arrays
- 3 fully funded river input water quality continuous monitors (VADEQ/USGS)
- 2 river input water quality continuous monitoring sites with support ending, need funding (MD/USGS)



Draft: Hypoxia Collaborative 2022

Network vision: D.O., Temp, Salinity

- 11 vertical arrays operating in main bay and tidal tributaries
- 10 boundary condition river input continuous monitoring stations
- Sustain existing long-term and targeted shallow water monitoring

Recommendations on sampling design for the next phase of hypoxia monitoring network development: Locations

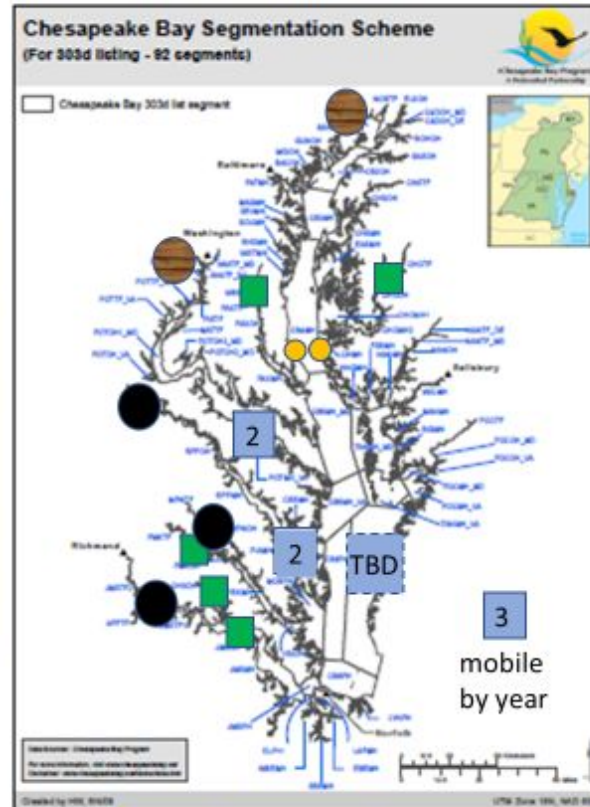
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New – proposed and considered for investment

- 2021-22 PSC Monitoring Review proposal for capacity to support **unassessed criteria assessment**, **improved fish habitat assessment**, **modeling calibration and verification**:
 - 8 new tidal water vertical array sites
 - 5 new river input con-mons at tidal/nontidal boundary
 - New 4-D water quality interpolator tool development



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Recommendations on sampling design for the next phase of hypoxia monitoring network development:

Path ahead:

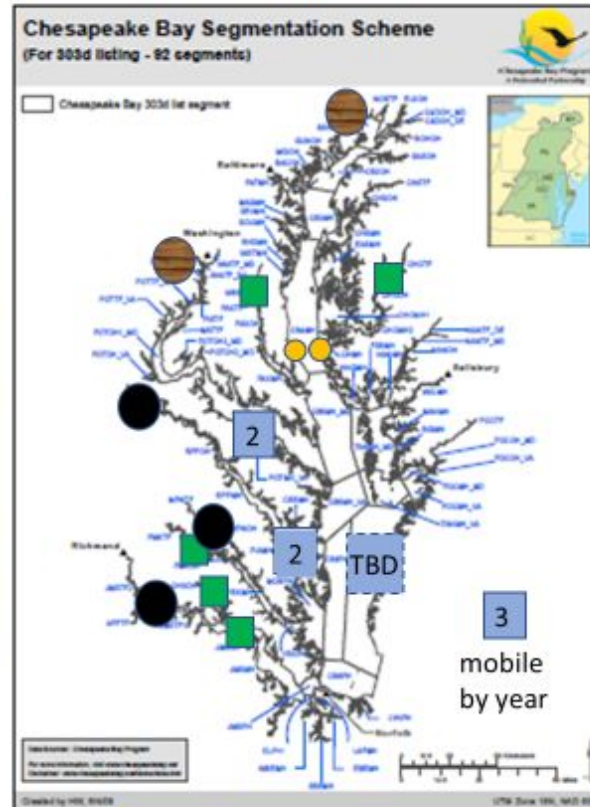
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Issues of interest in growing out the sampling design

Needed information

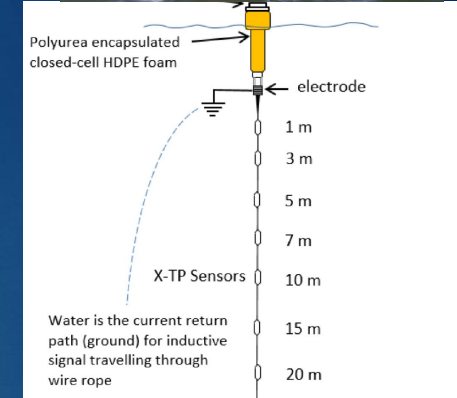
- ▶ Locations/regions
- ▶ Vertical resolution at locations
- ▶ All year or seasonal (duration of deployment)

▶ Suggestions

- ▶ 8 new arrays

Thus far – we have set up the first 2 mainstem bay arrays with 2m resolution.

- ▶ Good for 7 arrays and 1 reference array with 1m resolution?
- ▶ Is there a basis to recommend more than 1 array with 1m resolution in sensors?



Issues of interest in growing out the sampling design

Needed information

- Locations/regions
- Vertical resolution at locations
- All year or seasonal (duration of deployment)

| Designated Use | Dissolved oxygen Criteria Concentration/Duration | Temporal Application |
|--|--|-----------------------|
| Migratory fish spawning and nursery use | 7-day mean ≥ 6 mg/L tidal habitats with 0.0-5ppt salinity | February 1 – May 31 |
| | Instantaneous min ≥ 5 mg/L | |
| | Open water fish & shellfish designated use criteria apply | June 1 – January 31 |
| Shallow water Bay grass use | Open water fish & shellfish designated use criteria apply | Year-round |
| Open water fish and shellfish use | 30-day mean ≥ 5.5 mg/L Salinity: (0-0.5ppt) | Year-round |
| | ≥ 5 mg/L Salinity: >0.5 ppt | |
| | 7-day mean ≥ 4 mg/L | |
| | Instantaneous min ≥ 3.2 mg/L | |
| Deep-water seasonal fish and shellfish use | 30 day mean > 3 mg/L | June 1 – September 30 |
| | 1-day mean >2.3 mg/L | |
| | Instantaneous min ≥ 1.7 mg/L | |
| | Open water Fish and shellfish designated use criteria apply | October 1-May 31 |
| Deep channel seasonal refuge use | Instantaneous min > 1 mg/L | June 1 – September 30 |
| | Open water F & S applies | October 1 – May 31 |

► Suggestions

- 8 new arrays
- Hypoxia Meeting recommendation
- TBD: Suggest yearround for some – water quality standards criteria apply in all seasons, we do not have data in all seasons to assess short-duration criteria in the way they are written and should be accounted for.

In closing

- ▶ Justification for the present stage of the sampling design reflects
 - ▶ fisheries habitat information needs
 - ▶ modeling needs
 - ▶ research interests, and
 - ▶ water quality criteria assessment requirements
- ▶ Network costs (infrastructure and O&M) were developed.
 - ▶ Funding support is under discussion (e.g., NOAA and EPA)
- ▶ Setting up the network will allow other partners to align data collection and QA with the network efforts to leverage resources



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▶ Suggestions

- ▶ 8 new arrays
- ▶ Hypoxia Meeting recommendation
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