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# What We're Discussing Today

- Overview of the objectives
- Deep dive into Objective 4
  - Surveying
  - GIS cataloging
- Talkback on goals, needs
- Moving forward

# CBP Objectives



Objective 1: Land Cover and Land Use

Partnering with University of Vermont

Objective 2: Hydrology & Ditches

Partnering with UMBC

Objective 3: BMP Mapping & Tracking

Partnering with Chesapeake Commons and Drexel University

Objective 4: General Geospatial Support





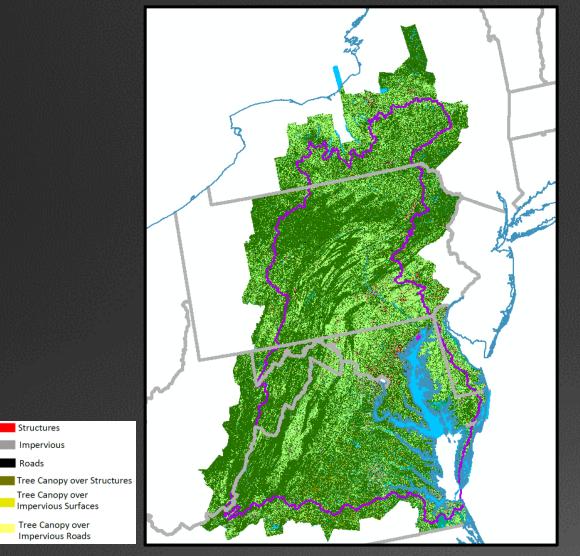
## Objective 1: Land Cover and Land Use

Partnering with University of Vermont Spatial Analysis Laboratory

Main Goal: Create high-resolution land cover and land use maps for the entire Chesapeake Bay watershed for 2017/18, and for 2021/22.

### 2013/2014 Land Cover and Land Use





Structures

Tree Canopy over

Impervious Surfaces

Tree Canopy over

Impervious Roads

Impervious

Water

Wetlands

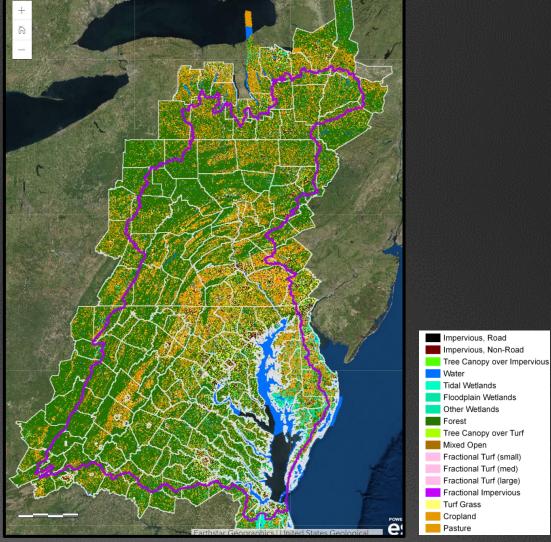
Shrubland

Barren

Herbaceous

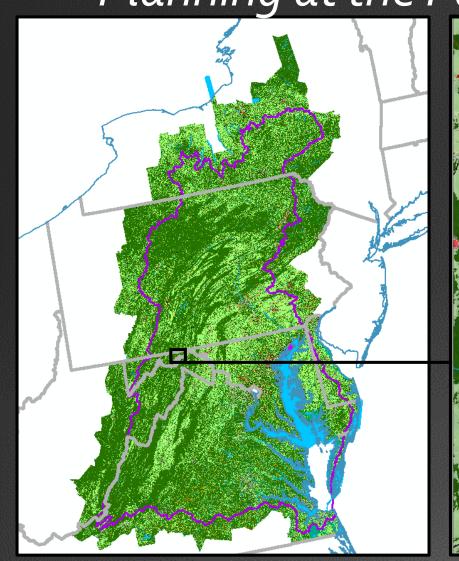
Vegetation

Forest



# High-resolution Data Planning at the Parcel Scale







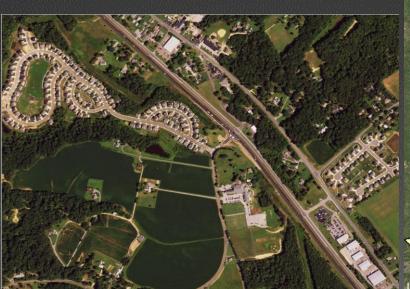
### Planimetric Data

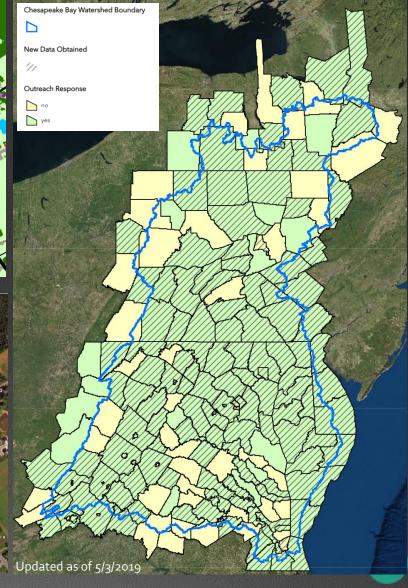


#### Integrate county planning data:

- Parcel Data
- Local Land Use Data
- Building Footprints
- Street Centerlines
- Zoning Data
- MS4
- Sewer Service Data
- storm water infrastructure (inlets, outputs, etc.),
- culverts and other structures that convey water, and
- locations of existing BMPs (infiltration ponds, curb cuts, etc.)







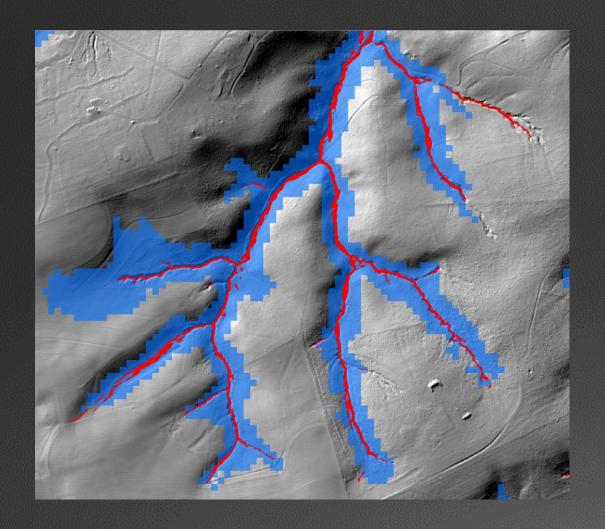
### Objective 2: Hydrology and Ditch Mapping



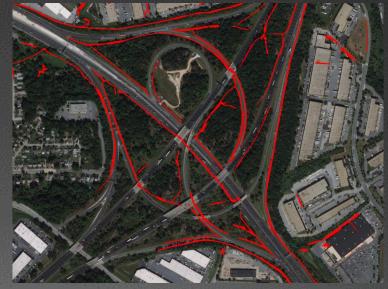


Main Goal: Use high-resolution LiDAR elevation models to classify terrain and extract stream

valleys to then delineate channels.







### Objective 3: BMP Mapping and Tracking

Main Goal: Develop 6-year dynamic blueprint for conservation strategies. Help identify opportunities and practices to help move towards Watershed Implementation (WIP) goals,









while tracking implementation.

Water and Sediment Control Basins



Contour Buffer Strips



**Grassed Waterways** 



Fixed width buffer



Precision buffer





## Objective 4: General Geospatial Support

Partnering with Chesapeake Bay Program

Main Goal: To provide geospatial planning and support to CBP to allow partners to integrate geospatial data into management efforts



Taking an account of the current structures for GIS data creation and use at a Baywide scale...

### Existing Examples

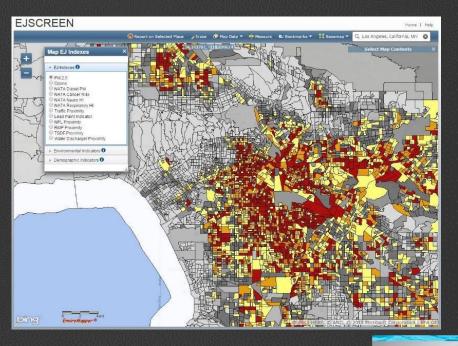


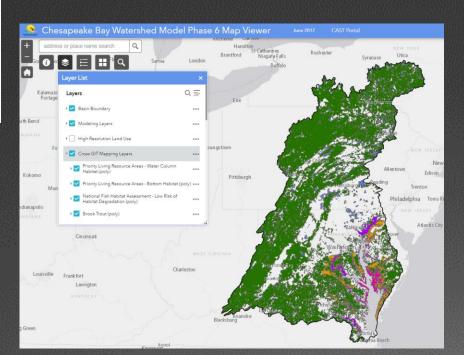


### A Chesapeake Conservation Atlas

Version 1.1
March 2018











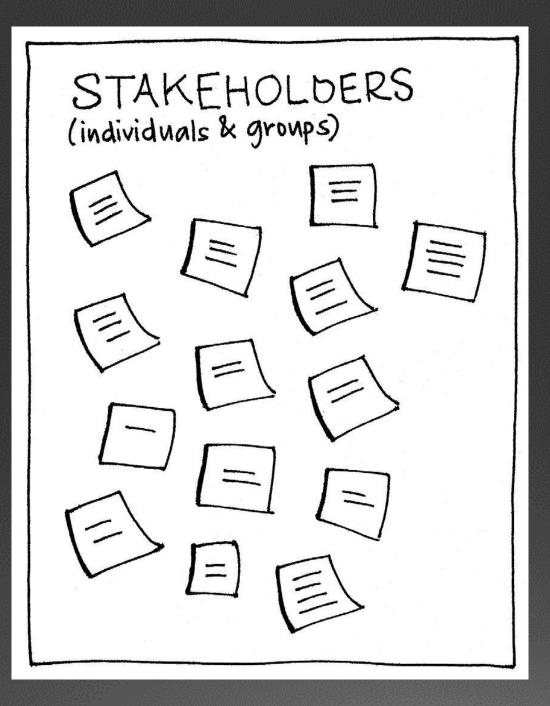
Layer					
Name	Layer Description	Resolution	Source	Extent	Vintage
	Target species were acquired from the list in Habitat Requirements for Chesapeake Bay Living				
	Resources, Second Edition (1991) to contribute to a map of priority living resource areas. Bottom				
	dwelling species which had habitat requirements that could be directly affected by excess				
Priority Living	nutrients or sediments were identified and included in this spatial depiction. Species selected for bottom dwelling habitat included: blue crab, oyster, soft shell clam, hard shell clam, spot,				
	speckled sea trout, postlarval blue crab, catfish, summer flounder, Atlantic sturgeon, and croaker.				
	This map was combined with the bottom dwelling habitat map, and overlapped areas were				
(poly)	included in the development of a priority living resources map.	Polygon	CBP	Bay	2016

Layer Name	Layer Description	Resolution	Source	Extent
Priority Living Resources Areas- Vater Column (poly)	Target species were acquired from the list in Habitat Requirements for Chesapeake Bay Living Resources, Second Edition (1991) to contribute to a map of priority living resource areas. Bottom dwelling species which had habitat requirements that could be directly affected by excess nutrients or sediments were identified and included in this spatial depiction. Species selected for bottom dwelling habitat included: blue crab, cyster, soft shell clam, hard shell clam, spot, speckled sea trout, postlarval blue crab, catfish, summer flounder, Atlantic sturgeon, and croaker. This map was combined with the bottom dwelling habitat map, and overlapped areas were included in the development of a priority living resources map.	Polygon		Bag
Areas- water Column (poly)	Target opecies were acquired from the list in Habitat Requirements for Checapeake Bay Living Recources, Second Edition (1991) to contribute to a map of priority living resource areas. Bottom dwelling species which had habitat requirements that could be directly affected by excess natrients or sediments were identified and included in this opatial depiction. Species selected for bottom dwelling habitat included: blue crab, orgate, got I shell clam, had shell clam, post peckled se to root, portlarval biss crab, crab, cyment flounder, Atlantic targeson, and croaker.	Pongon		Day
Priority Living Resources Areas-Bottom Habitat (poly)	This map was combined with the bottom dwelling habitat map, and overlapped areas were included in the development of a priority living recourses map.	Polygon		Bag
National Fish Habitat Assessment - Low Flisk of	The National Fish Habitat Partnership compiled freshwater datasets available at the national scale to develop habitat wilnerability scores across the United States. Datasets included anthropogenic disturbances and accounted for natural variation at different spatial scales. Chesapeake Bay watershed scores depict the current risk of habitat degradation and do not represent regional or local data sets for specific watersheds or geographies. The most limiting disturbances for Chesapeake Bay habitats were found to be agriculture, urbanization, mining and nutrients. The areas shown on this map		National Fish Habitat	
Habitat Degradation (poly)	indicate a very low, low, or moderate risk of habitat degradation within the watershed.  This dataset represents areas with submatershed priority cores that are intended to assist in identifying areas that are best swited for brook trook protection, enhancement, and restoration projects. The higher the submatershed cores, the higher the priority for concervation action. Priority scores for the EBT IV submatersheds, which have a range of 0-2, were developed using a model-based approach that relates a measure of priority with a cort of variables associated with the submaterheds. This prioritization enthod also adds a necessar of priority from neighboring submatersheds to take into account the potential to increase habitat connectivity and recilience. This is important to our GIT	Polygon	Partnership	Bay
Brook Trout (poly)	because the Brook Trout is a representative species of healthy habitats. Brook Trout symbolize healthy waters because they rely on clean, cold stream habitat and are constitue to sision stream temperatures.	Polygon		Bag
	This layer is derived from NOAA's Coastal and Marine Ecological Classification Standard. This data describes the bottom substrate conditions that can export oyster populations if potential stalinity or depth (dissolved oxyges) constraints are net. Benthic data were aggregated from multiple sources to create a beyonde record of seabed material in the Chespeake Buy, Habitat polygons are classified with an adaptation of the Coastal and Marine Ecological Classification Standard (CMECS) Substrate Component (SC), Sowce data were collected during the internal 1842-2014. Because of potential temporal changes in bottom conditions and deficiencies in survey methodology, benthic habitat characterizations may be in error in some areas. These are, however, the best data currently available. This is a dynamic dataset. As new			
Potential Oyster Habitat (poly)	surveys occur the resulting CMECS habitat characterizations will spatially replace existing habitat depictions	Polygon		Bag
Black Duck Focus Area (poly) Regional Conservation	This detruct depicts the potential capability of the haddcape throughout the Northeastern United States to provide habitat for American Black Duck, during the non-breeding season, based on environmental conditions existing in approximately 2010. Landscape capability, integrates factors influencing climate sambility, habitat capability, and other biogeographic factors affecting the species' prevalence in the area.  The NOLIV vision is to ideality and map a connected activate of resiliant and ecologically which habitats that will support biodiversity under changing conditions to prioritize restoration and inform land protection. ROLOV will supplement State Visibility Action Plans in idealitying core	Polygon	CBP	Bag
Opportunity Areas- Cores and Connectors (poly)	consigning contamination to princing control and more many processions. Policial in suppression of the art within a procession of the proc	Polygon		Bag
Index of Ecological Integrity - High or Intact (poly)	The index of ecological integrity (IEI) is a measure of relative intectnoss (i.e., freedom from adverse human modifications and disturbance) and reciliency to environmental change (i.e., capacity to recover from or adapt to changing environmental conditions driven by human land use and climate change) on a 0-1 coule. It is a composite index derived from up to 21 different handscape metrics, each measuring a different aspect of intactness (e.g., road traffic intensity, purcount impervious) and/or reciliancy (e.g., ecological similarity, connectedness) and applied to each 30 m cell. The IEI acts as an all-encompacting measure of habitat quality, and provides inclusion of both habitat types addressed by the Watershed Agreement (with Management Strategies and Outcomes) and those omitted.	Polygon		Baq
Open Water Designated Use- Segments in Attainment (poly)	The Boy was no boar inflatance can be divided and our segments. Each of these segments contains up to their designance area, "including deep channels deep water, open water, shallow water, and migratory lish, spawning and nursery. Each of these designanced uses—also known as aquatic habitate—has its own set of critical for discolved oxygen, water clarity/undernator grasses and chlorophyll a designed to protect those uses. This map shows the segments that have been designated as attaining all designated use criticals. Attainment of Water Quality Standards is the withinst goal of the Chesaposale Boy TMDC.	Polygon		Вац
State Identified Health	The data presented in this map is based on state derived definitions and classifications of their own healthy waters and watersheds. Healthy watersheds begin with healthy streams, and bring resilience to the region in the form of clean water, critical habitat and social and economic			
Vatersheds (poly) GIT Priorities	benefits. Healthy watersheds are also a bargain: protecting them is much less expensive than restoring degraded waters.	Polygon Polygon		Bay
	This data set includes any areas identified as conservation priorities by the Chesapeake Conservation Partnership. These include the CCP data			
CCP Composite Protected Lands	themes of Farms, Forests, Habitat, and Heritage. The Human Health Theme will be added when the data is complete.  From Chesapeake Buy Program- Combines Protected Areas Database with authoritative state environmental agencies data.	Raster Raster		Bag Bag
	The Cyster Reprovation Management Strategy goal is to restore native cyster habitat and populations in 10 tribetaries by 2025. Six tribetaries have been selected for opeter restoration at this time, Henris Creek, the Little Choptsak, and Tred Aren rivers in Maryland and the Lafayette, Landaven and Phalaktaki rivers in Wrights, This map depicts the location of current opeter restoration differs in Wrights, This map depicts the location of current opeter restoration differs in Wrights, This map depicts the location of current opeter restoration differs in Wrights, This map depict the location of current opeter restoration differs.	Raster		Bag
National Fish Habitat Assessment - High Risk of	The National Fish Habitat Partnership compiled freshwater datasets available at the national scale to develop habitat valuerability occess across the United States. Datasets included archropogenic disturbances and accounted for natural variation at different spatial occles. Chespeake Boy watershed occres depict the current risk of habitat degradation and do not represent regional or local data sets for specific watershed occupants in the most limited disturbances for Chespeake Boy waters found to be agricultare, arbanization, mining and			20,
Habitat Degradation (poly)	nutrients. The areas shown on this map indicate a high risk or very high risk of habitat degradation within the watershed.	Raster		Bag
Index of Ecological Integrity -	The index of ecological integrity (EI) is a measure of relative intactness (i.e., freedom from adverse heman modifications and disturbance) and restillency to environmental change (i.e., capacity to recover from or adapt to changing conformmental conditions driven by heman had see and climate change) on a OH scale. It is a composite index derived from up to 21 different hadecope, nettice, each measuring a different aspect of intactness (e.g., road traffic intensity, percent impervious) and/or restillency (e.g., ecological similarity, connectedness) and applied to each 30 m cell. The EII scale sa an III-encompassing measure of habitary quality, and provides indexion of both habitar types addressed by the Waterstein			
Low or Non-intact	Agreement (with Management Strategies and Outcomes) and those omitted.  NHDplus V1 catchments (inland) and state monitoring sogments (tidal) that contain a full or partial overlay with state designated impairments	Raster		Bay
Toxic Contaminant Impairment	partising to all Toxic Contaminat Impairments: Ammonis, Cyunide, Oil and greace, Metals other than marcury, Mercury, Pobs, Posticides, ppMX-cidip/Caustic Conditions, Salarity To and decolved reliable Disorder Synthesis. Toxic regarder, Total Toxic Salarity Toxic decolved and to boil tributance can be directed into 32 segments. Each of these segments contains up to fire: "designated area," including deep channel, deep water, open water, shallow water, and nigratory lish, spawning and marcury. Each of these designated was considered as a case of contains of decolved or disorder or groups, water clarity/waderwater grazees and chierophyllis designated to protect	Raster		Bag
Open Water Designated Use- Segments Not in Attainment	aquate, natitate—make at own per or circums for according to your national instrument grazies and energippin a datagated to protect those uses. This map shows the circumstate that have and strained the 1 or any designated use criteria. Attainment of Water Brasility Standards is the ultimate goal of the Chesapeake Bay TMDL.	Raster		Bag
SPARROV Delievered Phosphorous - Top 25% Catchments	This dutaset contains mean-annual total Phosphorus (TP) fluxes predicted by the SPARRO'v/ model, CBTP_v4, for individual stream and shoreline reaches in the Chesapeake watershed as defined by NMDPlus, a 1:100,000 scale representation of stream hydrography built upon the National Hydrography Dutaset (NMD) (Morizon Systems, 2010; Simley and Curswell, 2010).	Raster		Bag

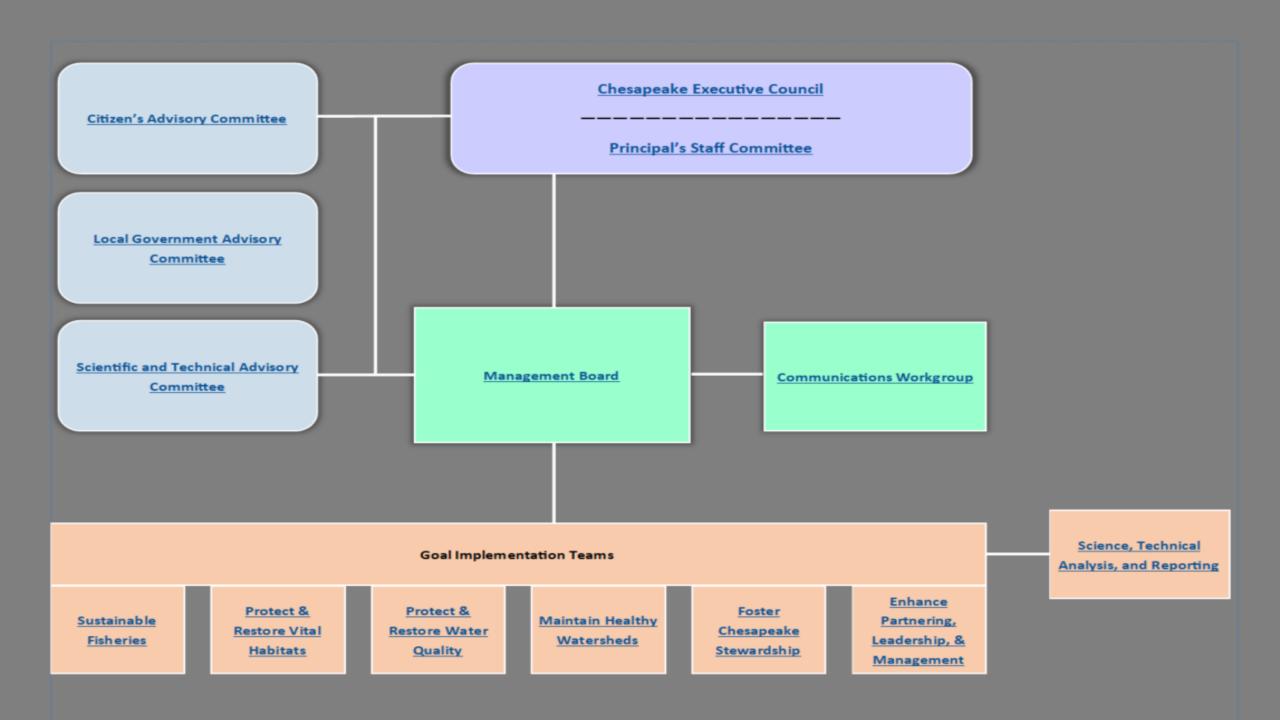


Layer Name	<b>Layer Description</b>	Resolution	Source	Extent		
			American Community Survey			
	The number or percent of people in	Census block group	five-year summary file from		Environmental	Demographic
ndividuals under age 5	a block group under the age of 5.	level	U.S. Census Bureau	Nationwide	Indicators	Indicators
			American Community Survey			
	The number or percent of people in	Census block group	five-year summary file from			
ndividuals under age 64	a block group over the age of 64.	level	U.S. Census Bureau	Nationwide		
			Calculated based on			
			Census/ACS data, retrieved 2017			
			https://www.census.gov/progra			
	Percent of housing units built pre-		ms-			
um i .	1960, as indicator of potential lead	Census block group	surveys/acs/data/summaryfile.ht			
.ead Paint		level	ml	Nationwide		
	The number or percent of people		A			
and these birds asked	age 25 or older in a block group	Consumbled and	American Community Survey			
ess than high school	whose education is short of a high school diploma	Census block group level	five-year summary file from U.S. Census Bureau	Nationwide		
sucation	The number or percent of people in	level	U.S. Cerisus Bureau	Ivationwide		
	a block group living in linguistically					
	isolated households. A household in					
	which all members age 14 years and					
	over speak a nonEnglish language					
	and also speak English less than		American Community Survey			
	"very well" (have difficulty with	Census block group	five-year summary file from			
ingustic isolation	English) is linguistically isolated.	level	U.S. Census Bureau	Nationwide		
	The number or percent of a block					-
	group's population in households					
	where the household income is less		American Community Survey			
	than or equal to twice the federal	Census block group	five-year summary file from			
.ow-Income	"poverty level."	level	U.S. Census Bureau	Nationwide		
	The number or percent of					
	individuals in a block group who list					
	their racial status as a race other					
	than white alone and/or list their					
	ethnicity as Hispanic or Latino. That					
	is, all people other than non-					
	Hispanic white-alone individuals.					
	The word "alone" in this case					
	indicates that the person is of a					
	single race, since multiracial individuals are tabulated in another					
	category – a non-Hispanic individual					
	who is half white and half American		American Community Survey			
	Indian would be counted as a	Census block group	five-year summary file from			
/linority	minority by this definition.	level	U.S. Census Bureau	Nationwide		
viii ionty	THIRDING BY CHES GERHAUGE	10701	EPA NATA, retrieved 2016	TVGUOI INVIGE		
			https://www.epa.gov/nationalair-			
	Lifetime cancer risk from inhalation	Census block group	toxics-assessmen#2011-			
NATA Air Toxics Cancer Risk	of air toxics	level	nataassessment-results	Nationwide		
			EPA NATA, retrieved 2016			
			https://www.epa.gov/nationalair-			
	Diesel particulate matter level in air,	Census block group	toxics-assessmen#2011-			
IATA Diesel PM (DPM)	µg/m3	level	nataassessment-results	Nationwide		
	Air toxics respiratory hazard index		EPA NATA, retrieved 2016			
	(ratio of exposure concentration to		https://www.epa.gov/nationalair-			
IATA Doonisston, Usessed	hanlih hannd enforcemen	Congrue block area in	toxico seconomonW2011			











## Goal Implementation Teams

**Sustainable Fisheries** 

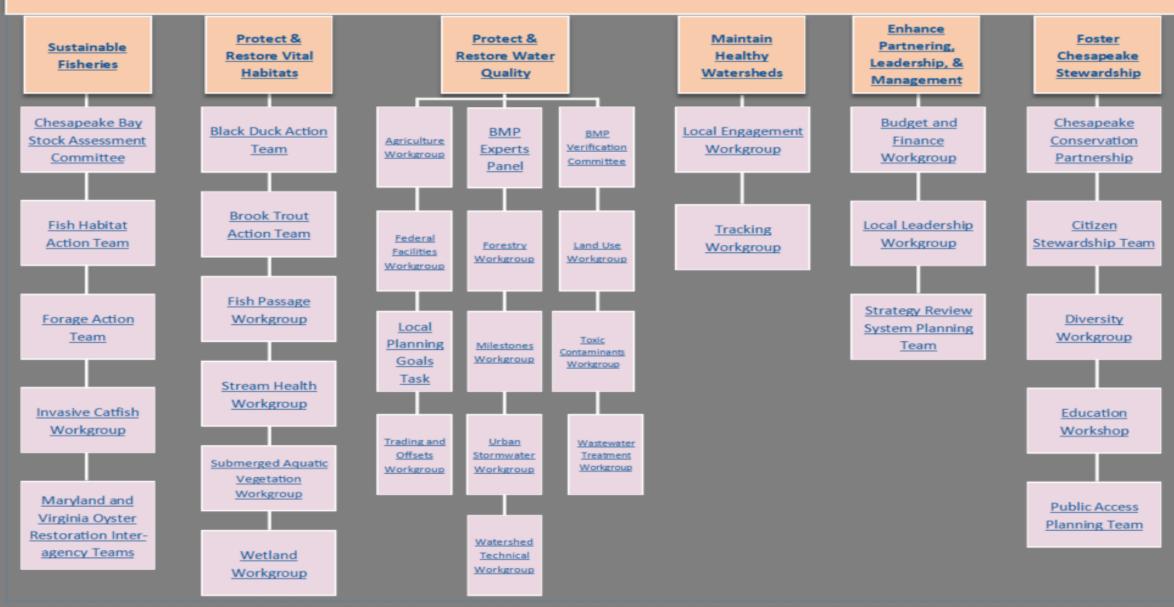
**Water Quality** 

Fostering Chesapeake Stewardship Habitat

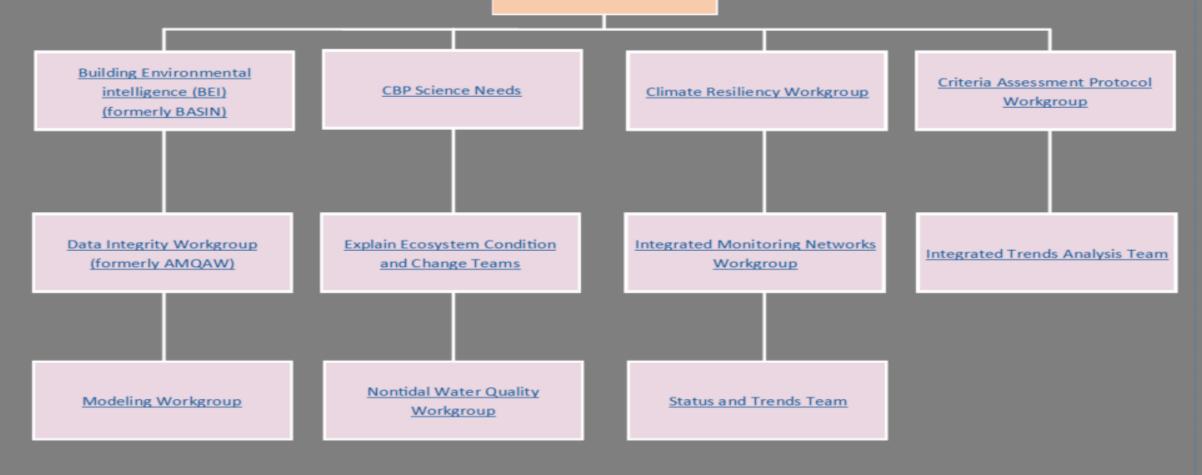
**Maintain Healthy Watersheds** 

Enhance Partnering, Leadership, and Management

#### **Goal Implementation Teams**



Science, Technical
Analysis, and
Reporting







Individual GIT workgroup outreach



What are your current geospatial tools, abilities, and barriers?

What are some current needs you have that COULD be solved geospatially?





- What are your current geospatial tools, abilities, and barriers?
  - General demographic information
  - Work Group specific information
  - GIS Familiarity

- What are some current needs you have that COULD be solved geospatially?
  - Goals and outcomes
  - Day-to-day needs

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Taking an account of the current structures for GIS data creation and use at a Baywide scale...

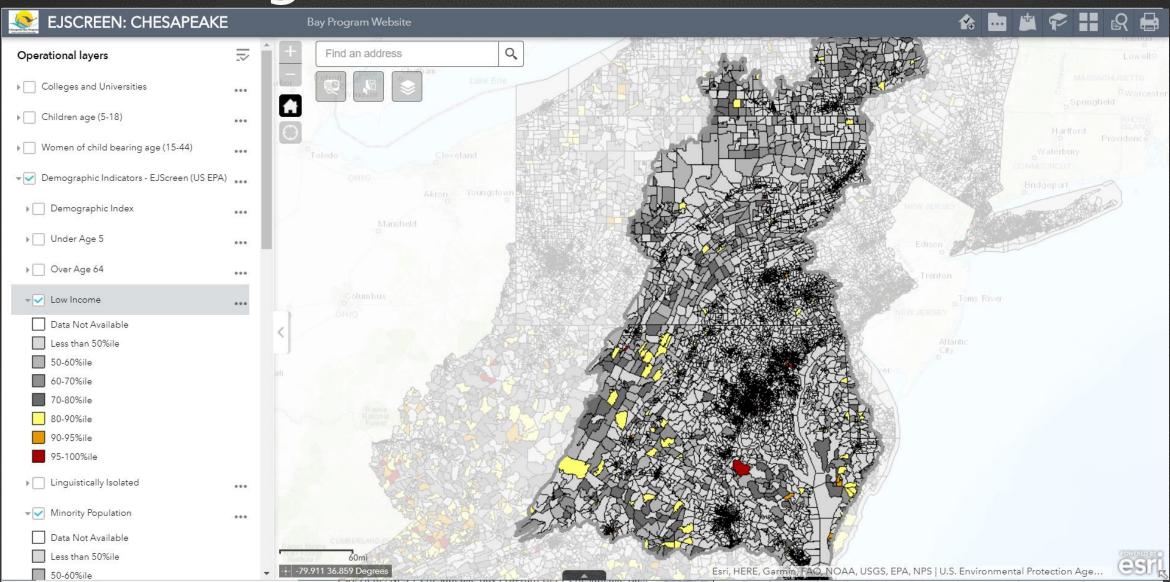
...And using that to inform structures and use moving forward for the data created in Obj. 1-3





# Existing GIS work











conservationinnovationcenter.org

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