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THE DOTS TO  
INNOVATION**

# CONOWINGO RESERVOIR MODELING STUDY

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# OVERVIEW

## Background

- Objectives of the effort
- Team and Partnerships

## Modeling approach

- Hydrodynamics
- Nutrient water quality
- Sediment transport

## Model applications

- Dredging scenarios
- Extreme event scenarios

## Project and reporting schedule

## Questions



# BACKGROUND



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# SITE OVERVIEW

## Conowingo Reservoir:

Lowest impoundment on the Susquehanna  
94' tall dam (owned by Constellation Corp.)  
9,000 acre impoundment

## Concern:

Increased risk of intense summer and  
winter season storms leading to increased  
risk of sediment and nutrient releases to  
Chesapeake Bay

## Previous Models:

- proprietary
- lack of spatial sediment capability
- not integratable (as is) to CBP models





# OBJECTIVES



1. Develop a non-proprietary, 3D water quality modeling system of Conowingo Reservoir for the purpose stated above. The modeling system should be capable of simulating hydrodynamics, biogeochemical, and sediment transport processes within CR. Modeling package output will be consistent with requirements of the CBP modeling suite.
2. Application of the modeling system to current and future dredging scenarios, specifically the evaluation of sediment and associated nutrient reductions from different dredging scenarios. It must leverage the additional CR sediment characterization work done and lessons learned through Maryland's innovative and beneficial reuse pilot.
3. Application of the modeling system to future hydrologic-climate scenarios. This information will help various Chesapeake Bay partnerships better understand and institutionalize the resiliency and response of CR to extreme weather events, flows, future climate change hydrology, and determine CR scour and sediment resuspension and associated nutrient/contaminant increases within the reservoir and transport downstream.



# TEAM AND PARTNERSHIPS



Maryland  
Department of the Environment

Matt Rowe  
Christina Lyerly



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Baltimore District (NAB)  
Planning Assistance to States Program  
Karl Kerr – Program manager  
Vanessa C. Campbell – Project manager

Cost  
Share



Chesapeake Bay Program  
*Science. Restoration. Partnership.*

USEPA Chesapeake Bay  
Program Office  
Lewis Linker - CBP Modeling  
Coordinator and SAIB Team  
Leader for Science and Analysis

Data  
Share



Conowingo  
Reservoir  
Model

Dredging  
scenarios

Extreme  
event  
scenarios

Data  
Share



Dr. Jodi L. Ryder – Technical manager  
Dr. Earl J. Hayter – Technical lead



# MODEL REQUIREMENTS



- Continuous simulation of the reservoir pool including selected hydrometeorological events; (1991-2000)
- Change in hydrodynamics from reservoir infill of sediments from the CR watershed, and removal of material through dredging
- Biogeochemistry in the reservoir pool, responding to the amount and speciation of nitrogen, phosphorus, and sediment inputs from upstream and bottom sediment
- Biogeochemical changes in sediments, including burial, species changes, and water column exchanges
- Physical changes in sediment characteristics due to erosion, bed armoring, and deposition of sediment and the resulting morphological changes in the reservoir
- Dredging of the reservoir.

# MODELING APPROACH



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# MODELING APPROACH – DATA ACQUISITION



- Bathymetry in the model domain, i.e., the CR.
- Meteorological data time series
  - wind speed and direction
  - atmospheric pressure
  - incident solar radiation
  - air temperature (both wet and dry bulb)
  - precipitation
- Hydrologic data time series for watershed
  - CBP will provide Phase 6 → Phase 7
  - Constellation Energy for dam operations (Muddy Run)
- Water quality in-situ
  - water temperature, DO, SOD, nitrogen, phosphorus, and other
- Sediment characteristics
  - grain size distributions (including percentage of organic matter)
  - historical cores and new collection for erodibility

Description	FY25			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
DATA ACQUISITION	X			



# MODELING APPROACH



## Modeling approach

Hydrodynamics  
Nutrient water quality  
Sediment transport  
Baseline calibration

## Model Selection

Environmental Fluid Dynamics Code+ (EFDC+)  
Based on EFDC (originally developed by John Hamrick @ VIMS)

- Refined by DSI, LLC
- Open source
- 3D hydrodynamics that uses a curvilinear (structured) grid
- Fully coupled hydrodynamics, sediments, water quality

Description	FY25			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
DEVELOPMENT OF CRMS				
Hydrodynamics	X	X		
Nutrient Water Quality		X	X	X
Sediment Transport		X	X	X



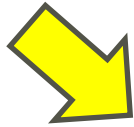


# MODELING APPROACH - HYDRODYNAMICS



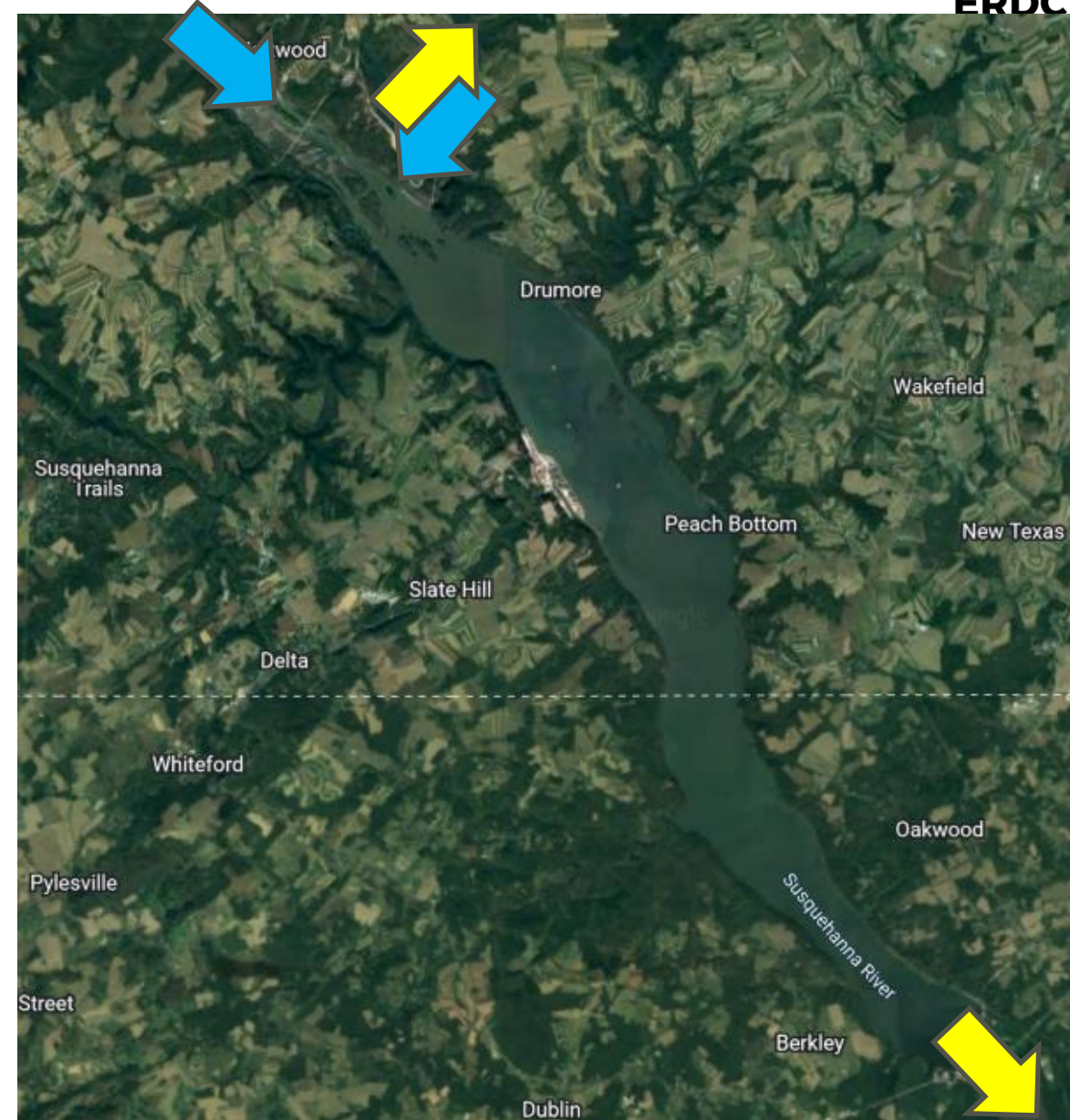
## Major Inflows

Holtwood Dam (Upstream)  
 Muddy Run Power Reservoir  
 Operational boundary  
 Watershed Direct runoff  
 Initiate with Phase 6 HSPF  
 Upgrade to Phase 7



## Major Outflows

Muddy Run Power Reservoir  
 Conowingo Dam (Downstream)  
 outlet grid constructed to  
 mesh with CBP model





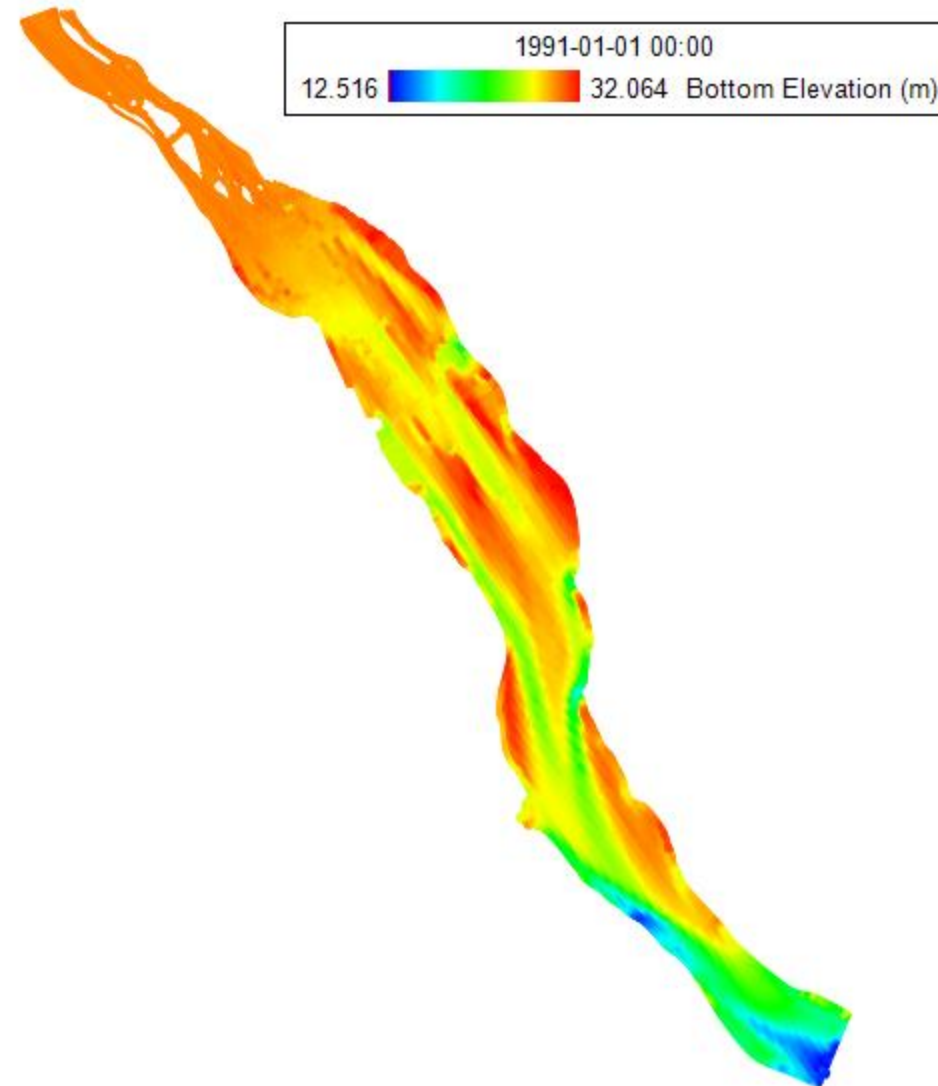
# EFDC+ 3D MODEL



First Version of the model has:

- 49,051 horizontal grid cells
- 10 vertical sigma layers in each grid cell

Second version will have fewer horizontal grid cells.





# EFDC+ 3D MODEL



Time: 1991-01-01 00:00  
L = 18980; I,J = 778, 82  
X, Y (m): 399227.483, 4390455.539  
dX, dY (m): 27.422, 24.147  
Bot EL (m): 13.1839  
Depth (m): 20.0961  
Structure BC ID = Conowingo Dam



# EFDC+ 3D MODEL





# MODELING APPROACH – SEDIMENT TRANSPORT



- Model will represent the different bed layer sources as scour occurs during different limbs of the hydrograph
- Will simulate the different classes and composition of sediment as well what's eroded into the water column
- Use field observations to set up the sediment bed model vertical variation of the different components - with spatial variation in the vertical composition in different parts of the reservoir

## **Data development:**

- Historical cores with chemical analysis
- Additional data collection for erosion rates with SEDFLUME
  - Facilitated through MDE
  - 30 sediment grabs
  - 4x5 gal buckets

## **Model runtime:**

1 week for EFDC+

Model emulation may be used for linkage to Bay model



# MODELING – NUTRIENT WATER QUALITY



Based in CE-QUAL-ICM kinetics

Unlimited algae and macrophyte groups  
 mostly defined through half-saturation and uptake rates  
 utilizes temperature effects on coefficients

Carbon treatment  
 DOC  
 Labile G1  
 Refractory G2+G3

Processes  
 reaeration  
 benthic mass fluxes\sediment diagenesis (DiToro kinetics)  
 can be spatially varying

Boundaries  
 point sources  
 wet/dry deposition

ID	Description
1	Refractory Particulate Organic Carbon
2	Labile Particulate Organic Carbon
3	Dissolved Organic Carbon
4	Refractory Particulate Organic Phosphorus
5	Labile Particulate Organic Phosphorus
6	Dissolved Organic Phosphorus
7	Total Phosphate
8	Refractory Particulate Organic Nitrogen
9	Labile Particulate Organic Nitrogen
10	Dissolved Organic Nitrogen
11	Ammonia Nitrogen
12	Nitrate Nitrogen
13	Particulate Biogenic Silica
14	Dissolved Available Silica
15	Chemical Oxygen Demand
16	Dissolved Oxygen
17	Total Active Metal
18	Fecal Coliform
19	Carbon Dioxide
20	Cyanobacteria
21	Diatoms
22	Green Algae
23	Macrophytes
24	MesoZooplankton



# MODEL APPLICATIONS



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# APPLICATIONS – DREDGING SCENARIOS



- Continuous simulation period (of 1991-2000)

Dredging 1 & 2: Different dredging scenarios in different locations in the CR to determine associated nutrients reduction within the CR and transported to Chesapeake Bay

Infill 1 & 2: Different infill scenarios based on availability of bathymetry (e.g., 1995 and 2010 conditions or other years depending on data availability).

Reduced loading: A scenario that simulates watershed BMPs and in-reservoir dredging to reduce sediment loading from CR to Chesapeake Bay.

Description	FY25				FY26			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
DEVELOPMENT AND SIMULATION OF DREDGING SCENARIOS								
dredging 1				X	X	X	X	
dredging 2				X	X	X	X	
Infill 1				X	X	X	X	
Infill 2				X	X	X	X	
Reduce sediment loading to ChesBay				X	X	X	X	



# APPLICATIONS – EXTREME EVENT SCENARIOS



Scenario selection Q1 FY25

Initial loads:

Based on 1991-2000 hindcast

Critical period:

1993-1995

Scenario characteristics:

Two back-to-back extreme storms (probably in excess of 400,000 cfs) during the warm season (April-September) in close succession

Description	FY25				FY26			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
DEVELOPMENT AND SIMULATION OF EXTREME EVENT SCENARIOS				X	X	X	X	

# TIMELINES



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# PROJECT AND REPORTING SCHEDULE



Description	FY25					FY26				FY27			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
DATA ACQUISITION	X												
DEVELOPMENT OF CRMS													
Hydrodynamics	X	X											
Nutrient Water Quality		X	X	X									
Sediment Transport		X	X	X									
DEVELOPMENT AND SIMULATION OF DREDGING SCENARIOS													
dredging 1				X	X	X	X						
dredging 2				X	X	X	X						
Infill 1				X	X	X	X						
Infill 2				X	X	X	X						
Reduce sediment loading to ChesBay				X	X	X	X						
DEVELOPMENT AND SIMULATION OF EXTREME EVENT SCENARIOS				X	X	X	X						

CBP phase 7



# PROJECT AND REPORTING SCHEDULE



Description	FY25					FY26				FY27			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
PROJECT DELIVERABLES													
Tech Note – CRMS				X									
CRMS Presentation					X								
CRMS User Manual					X								
Tech Note – Dredging scenarios								X					
Tech Note – Extreme event scenarios								X					
Model code & Input file delivery				X				X					
CRMS user workshop									X				
Tech Report							X	X	X	X			

CBP phase 7

# CONNECT WITH US

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