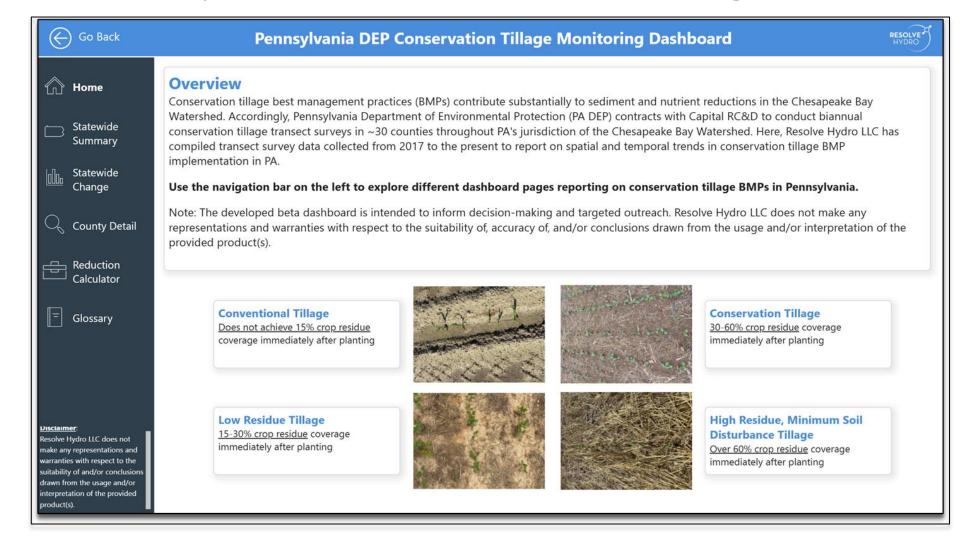




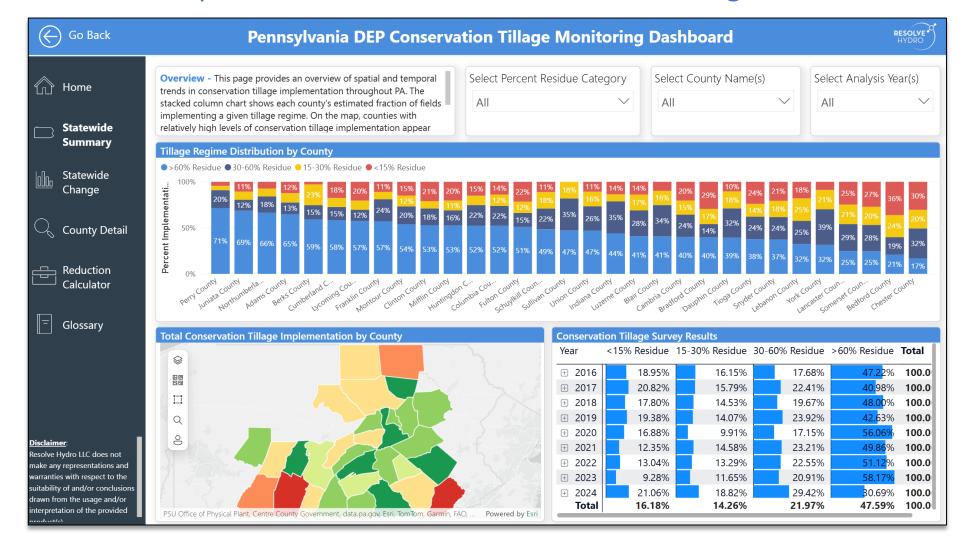
The developed dashboard aggregates prior conservation tillage surveys to both support RS model development and inform future decision-making



Dashboard homepage



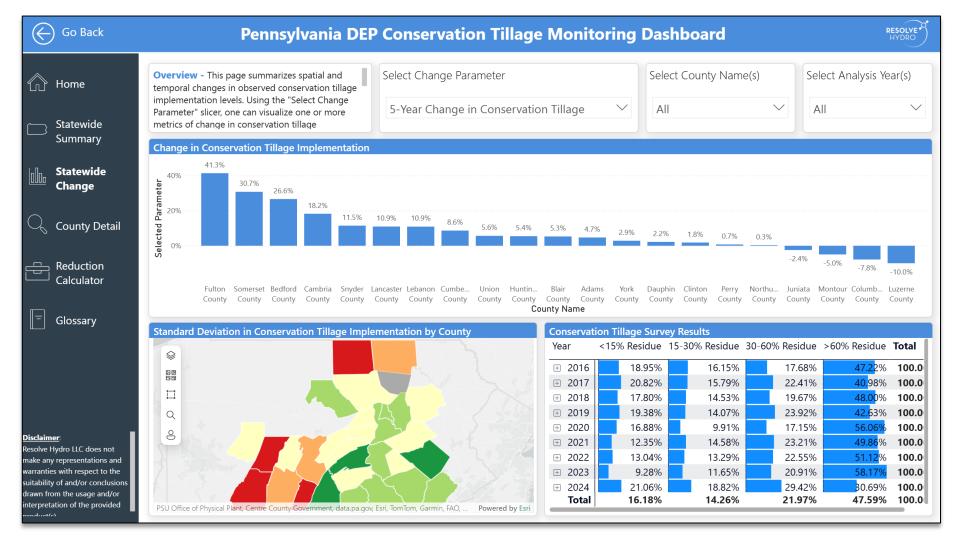
The developed dashboard aggregates prior conservation tillage surveys to both support RS model development and inform future decision-making



Statewide data inventory showing distribution of tillage regimes in each county



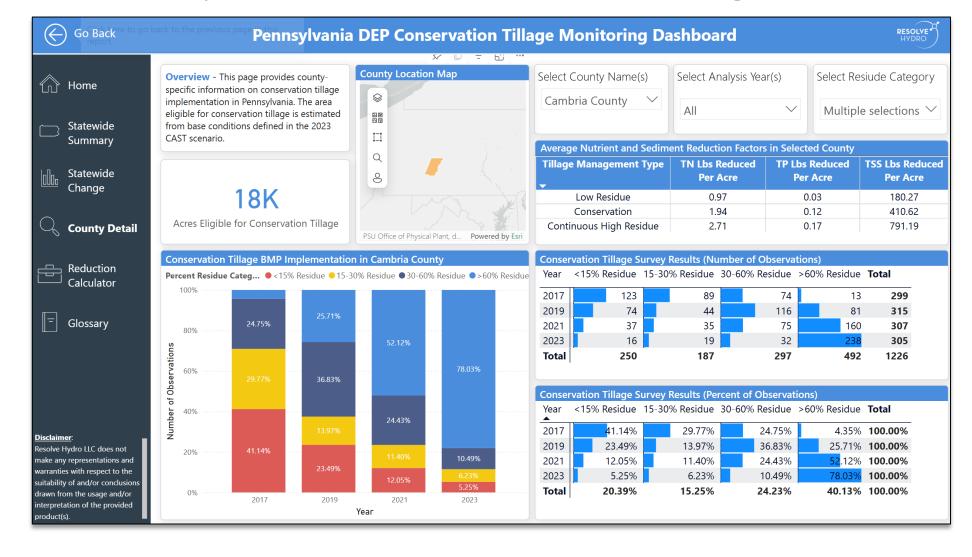
The developed dashboard aggregates prior conservation tillage surveys to both support RS model development and inform future decision-making



5-Year Change in Reduced Tillage Implementation



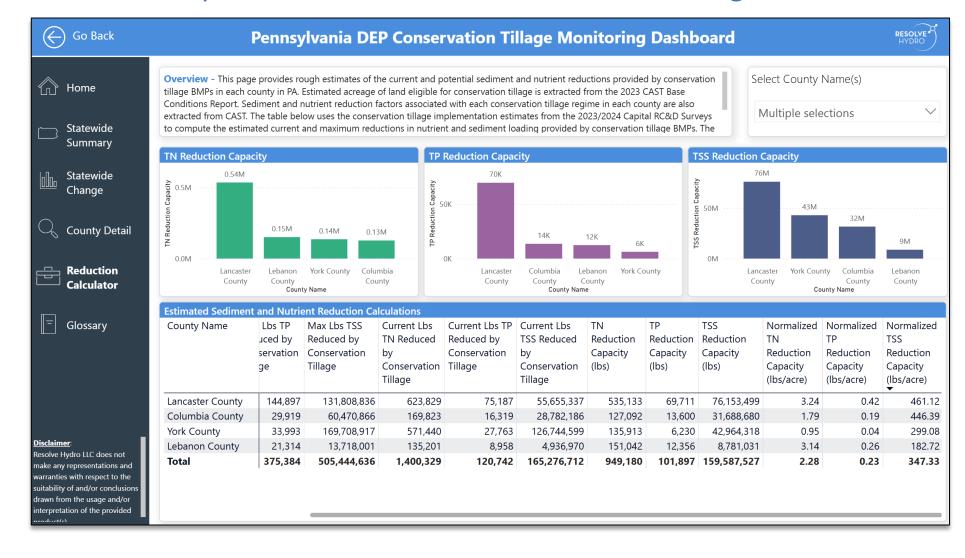
The developed dashboard aggregates prior conservation tillage surveys to both support RS model development and inform future decision-making



County-specific detail page



The developed dashboard aggregates prior conservation tillage surveys to both support RS model development and inform future decision-making



Estimated "reduction capacity" for each county

## **Methodology Outline**



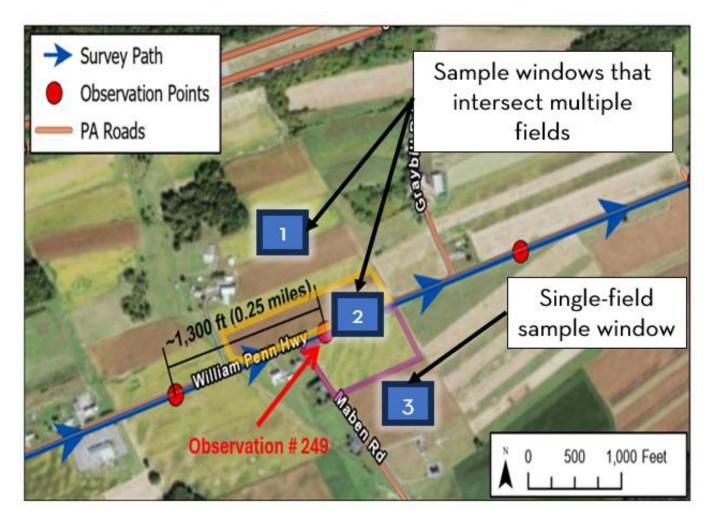
We propose four main sections in the RS methodology



The developed methodology (to be presented to the AgWG in 2025) will detail guidelines and requirements for implementing and verifying a remote sensing-based conservation tillage BMP survey

## Sampling approach – what is our base unit and how does that impact aggregation?





Examples of single-field and multi-field sampling windows that may be created via random sampling

The random sampling approach may create sampling windows that cross multiple field boundaries. How do we aggregate this data to develop the best estimates of countywide conservation tillage implementation?

## Sampling approaches

How does the selected method impact verification? Relate to model training? Align with CBP reporting standards? Impact sampling design?



### Method 1 (by field)

Identify *j* sub-fields within a sample window



Aggregate reflectance data per sub-field (we will have 1 R per sub-field)



Apply model to aggregated data (i.e., to each **R**)



Compute county tillage percentages  $\frac{\sum \text{subfields of class i}}{\sum \text{subfields}}$ 

#### Method 2 (by field)

Identify *j* sub-fields within a sample window



Apply model to every (eligible) pixel in window (i.e., predict tillage classification for each pixel)



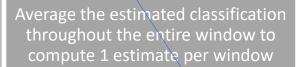
Average the estimated classification throughout the entire window to compute 1 estimate per sub-field



Compute county tillage percentages  $\frac{\sum \text{subfields of class i}}{\sum \text{subfields}}$ 

#### Method 3 (by window)

Apply model to every (eligible) pixel in window (i.e., predict tillage classification for each pixel)



Compute county tillage percentages  $\frac{\sum windows \text{ of class i}}{\sum windows}$ 

#### Method 4 (by window)

Aggregate reflectance data per window (we will have 1 R per window)



Apply model to aggregated data (i.e., to each **R**)



Compute county tillage percentages  $\frac{\sum \text{windows of class i}}{\sum \text{windows}}$ 

### Method 5 (by area)

Apply model to every (eligible) pixel in window (i.e., predict tillage classification for each pixel)



Compute county tillage percentages  $\frac{\sum pixels \text{ of class i}}{\sum pixels}$ 

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# **Countywide Field Segmentation Using Computer Vision**



Segmentation will be used to assign field observations to discrete locations in space

