

Protecting Chesapeake Bay SAV Given Changing Hydrologic Conditions:

Priority SAV Area

Identification and Solutions Development

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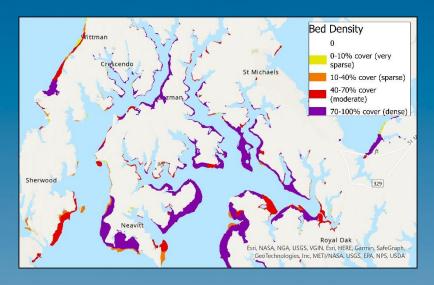


Goals

- 1. Utilizing an expanded set of criteria to evaluate and select highpriority SAV habitats
- 2. Data analyses to associate water quality, land use, possibly other environmental conditions, and existing best practice (BMP) effects to temporal and spatial responses of SAVs as a basis for recommending the most appropriate BMPs;
- 3. Assessment of the functioning and efficiency of various BMPs through both literature review and data analysis/modeling in order to link these to the conditions and needs of priority SAV areas.



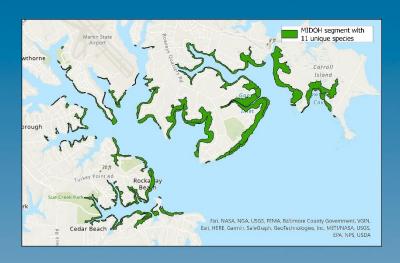
Criteria	Data Source	Description
1. Bed Size and Density	VIMS	Size calculated in GISDensity is VIMS attribute
2. Bed Maturity	VIMS	 Use sequential years of VIMS to see overlapping footprint of beds over time (5, 10, 15, 20-years)







Criteria	Data Source	Description	
3. Species Richness and Diversity	VIMS	 14 VIMS segments have species observations in 2021 5.7 unique species on average 11 unique species is most among all segments 	
4. Sensitive/Rare Species	VIMS	Choose from the 17 Unique species in the 2021 VIMS data by segment	



Unique Species

Ceratophyllum demersum
Egeria densa
Elodea canadensis
Heteranthera dubia
Hydrilla verticillata
Myriophyllum spicatum
Najas
Najas guadalupensis
Najas minor

Potamogeton crispus
Potamogeton perfoliatus
Potamogeton pusillus
Ruppia maritima
Stuckenia pectinata
Vallisneria americana
Zannichellia palustris
Zostera marina

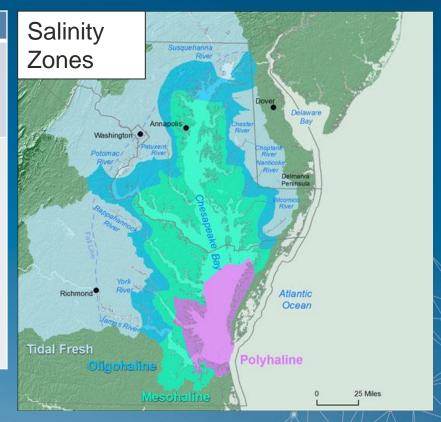


Criteria	Data Source	Description
5. Habitat Value	Maryland DRN; Many others	 Spot Weakfish Croaker Juvenile Habitat Yellow Perch Spawning Habitat White Perch Spawning Habitat Herring Juvenile Habitat Herring Spawning Habitat Fishing Grounds Sea Scallop Relative Abundance Blue crabs Etc



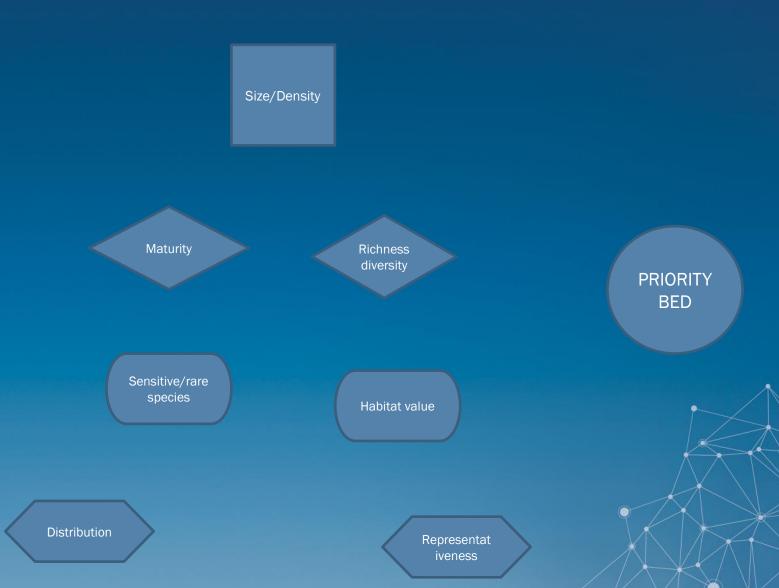


Criteria	Data Source	Description
6. Distribution	VIMS	4 SalinityZones4 GeographicZones
7. Representativeness	Chesapeake Bay Watershed Model Phase 6 Map Viewer	 Regional Conservation Opportunity Areas Index of Ecological Integrity (https://gis.chesap eakebay.net/mpa/ scenarioviewer/)





Bed Prioritization- Decision Tree





Bed Prioritization- Decision Tree

Criteria (Weight)

Index Score

Bed size >= 5 acres: 1.0 Bed size (10%) Bed size < 5 acres: 0.5 Bed density 70-100%: 1.0 Bed density 40-70%: 0.75 Bed density 10-40%: 0.5 Bed density (15%) Bed density 0-10%: 0.25 # species in bed >5: 1.0 Species richness/ # species in bed 1-5: 0.5 diversity (15%) # species in bed = 0 (no observations): 0 Bed maturity >10 years: 1.0 Bed maturity 5-10 years: 0.75 Maturity (15%) Bed maturity <= 5 years: 0.25 Bed overlaps with spawning or habitat: 1.0 Habitat value (15%) Bed does not overlay with spawning or habitat: 0.0 Bed contains >4 select species: 1.0 Sensitive/rare Bed contains 1-3 select species: 0.5 species (15%) Bed contains 0 select species: 0.0 Representativeness Bed overlaps conservation opportunity area or ecological integrity area: 1.0 (15%)Bed does not overlap: 0.0

If the sum of all criteria weight * Index score > 0.8 then...

Preliminary Bed

Distribution
Consider Salinity
and Geographic
Zones of
preliminary beds to
make final
selection

PRIORITY BED



Priority Beds → BMP Effectiveness

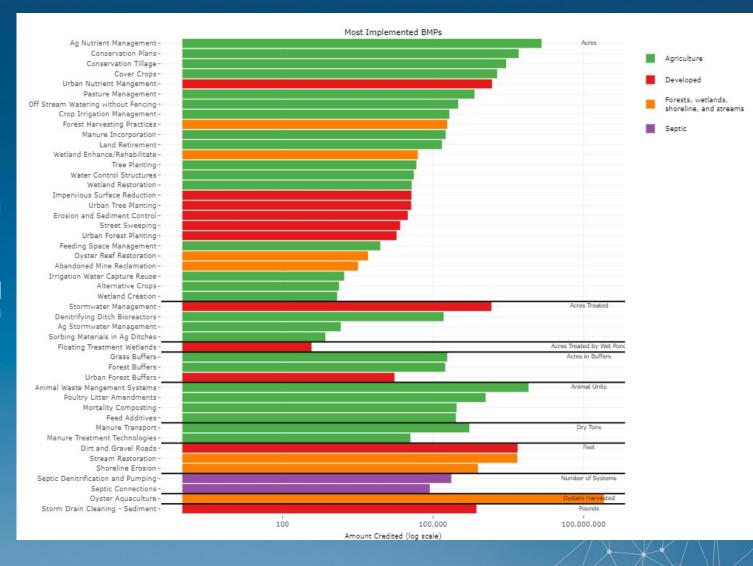




BMPs

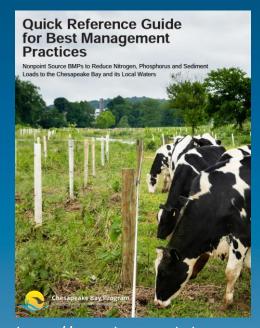
BMPs implemented in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed

(https://cast.chesapeakebay.net/Documentation/wipbmpcharts)



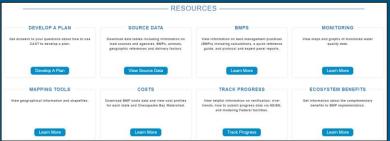


BMP data sources



https://cast.chesapeakebay.net/ /Documentation/BMPs





https://cast.chesapeake bay.net/





Questions

