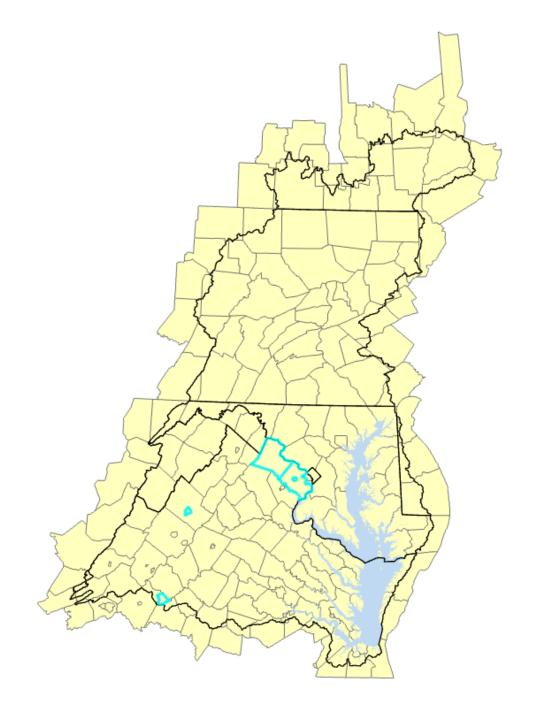
Developed Acreage in CAST-2023

Introduction

- Data provided to the Chesapeake Bay Program Office to map regulated areas in CAST-2017 varied by state and locality, mainly due to differences in the way each state defined regulated areas:
 - 2010 Census Urban Areas as Clusters (PA, NY, DE)
 - Some state highway lands (MD, VA)
 - Other state-owned lands (MD)
 - Public schools, universities, and airports (VA)
 - Some entire counties (MD, WV)
- Only localities were contacted for updates to these data and these data completely replaced previous data within that locality
 - In VA, there are over 100 Phase II permits which are not localities, some of which were excluded in three of the VA jurisdictions that provided updates
 - Public schools, universities, and airports (VA)
 - In VA, this resulted in decreases in regulated lands where updates included only the locality's MS4 areas
 - There were few updates to regulated land use in CAST-2019, so these updates primarily affect CAST-2023

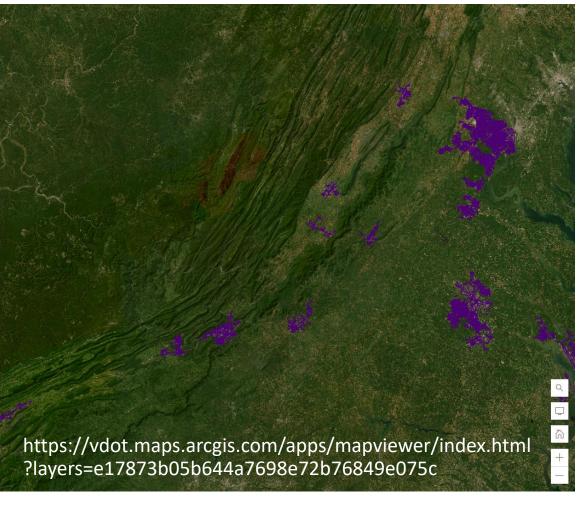
Introduction

- The main jurisdictions impacted by this area change are:
 - Fairfax County
 - Fairfax City
 - Falls Church City
 - Loudoun County
 - Harrisonburg City
 - Lynchburg City



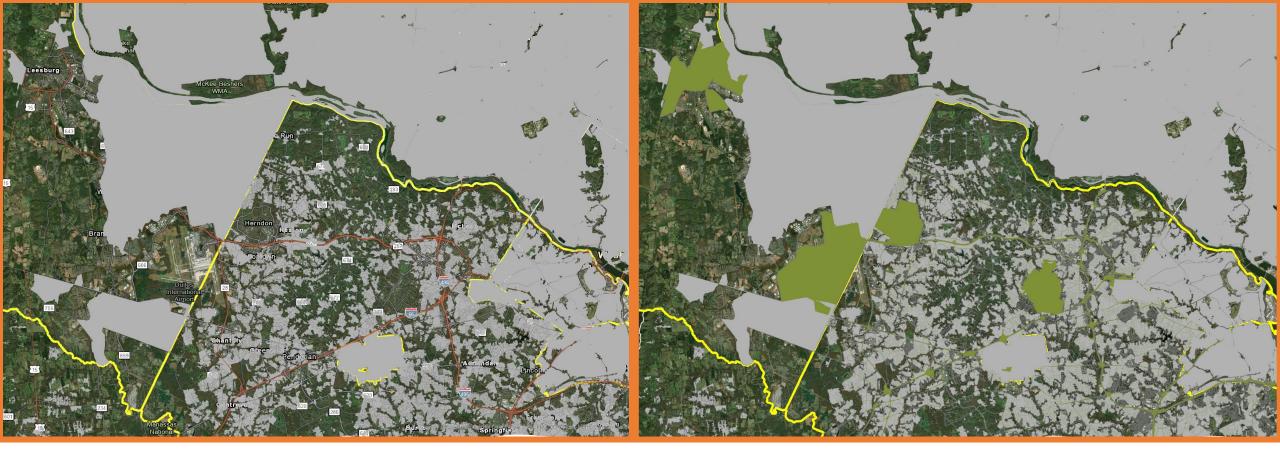
VDOT Permitted Areas: Does not include other Phase II permitted areas

Name	÷	area_sq_n
NoVA - North		57.49
NoVA - South		26.14
Williamsburg		5.12
VA Beach		21.52
Staunton		2.31
Roanoke		10.09
Richmond		39.75
Lynchburg		4.30
Kingsport		0.49
Harrisonburg		2.08
Fredericksburg		7.63
Charlottesville		2.40
Bristol		2.34
Blacksburg		5.04
Winchester		3.84



Purple areas are MS4s.

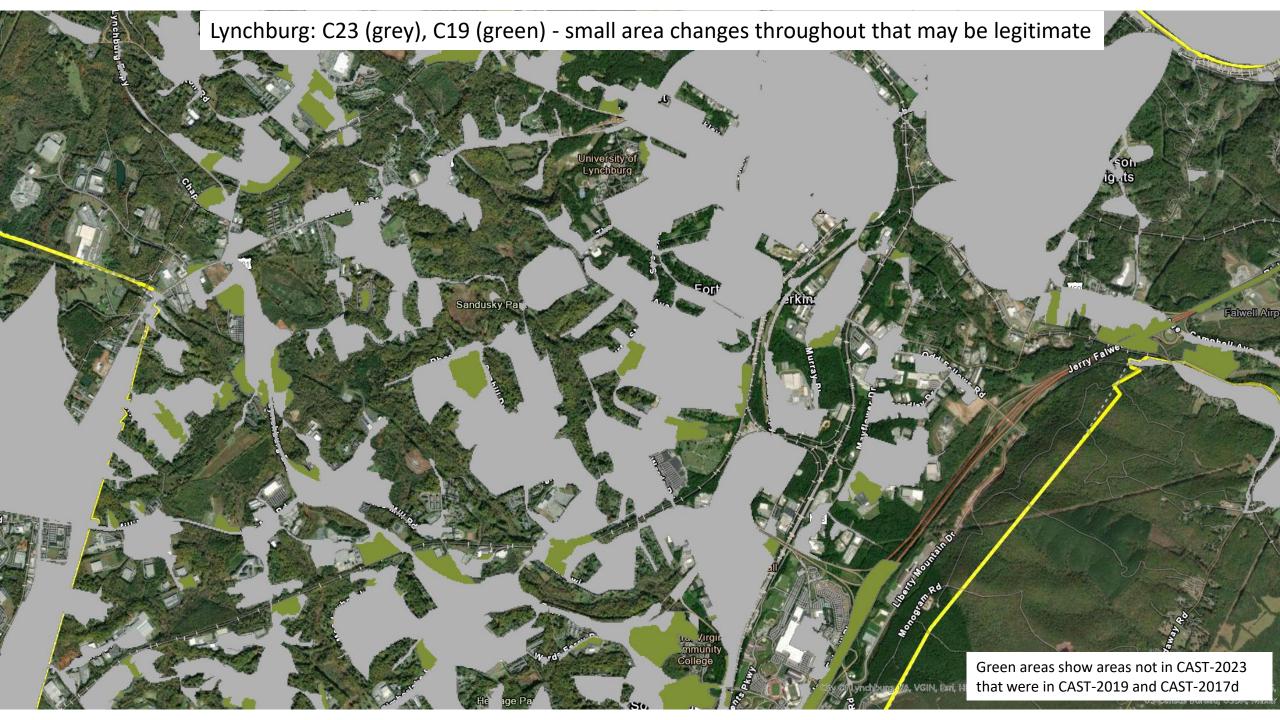
VDOT permitted roads fall within these areas.



Fairfax and Loudoun Counties: C-23 (grey), C19 (green)

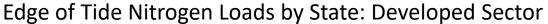


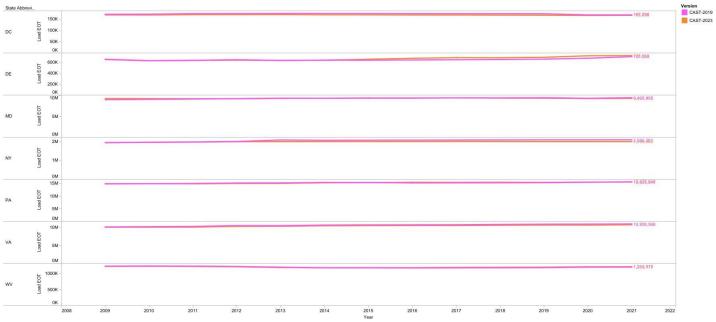
City of Harrisonburg: C23 (grey), C19 (green)



No Substantial Impact on Loads

- Land does not know if it is regulated so the pollution runoff does not change based on its classification
- BMPs can be targeted toward one of the categories of developed land classifications: regulated, nonregulated, or combined sanitary and stormwater sewer (CSS)
- Incorrect classification can affect the amount of land available for BMPs for tracking progress and planning implementation in the future
- The reduction in regulated lands resulted in an excess of BMPs acres treated in Fairfax County (2,521) and Fairfax City (7) in the 2022 Progress Scenario
- The reduced regulated areas did not result in excess BMP acres in any other jurisdictions





Proposed Solution for Developed Acreage

- Determine the CAST-2019 ratio of unregulated/regulated lands
- The ratio will be determined for each:
 - Modeling segment (land-river segment)
 - · Load source: buildings and other, roads, tree canopy over turfgrass, and tree canopy over impervious
 - · Nonfederal and each federal agency type
 - Each year after 2012, e.g., 2013 2025
- The VA Partner decides if/where this ratio is applied to CAST-23 developed lands:
 - a) Fairfax, Loudoun, and Harrisonburg; or
 - b) All Virginia jurisdictions; or
 - c) All jurisdictions; or
 - d) Something else
- This approach limits the unintended effects that are likely to transpire if recreating the entire land use and/or regulated land overlay
- This is the proposed correction for VA, if other jurisdictions have found a similar issue, same solution can be applied
- Partnership determines who is responsible for submitting, updating, reviewing, and approving regulated land geospatial data for Phase 7
- CBP geospatial team institutes updated QA procedures to examine for potential outliers in resulting products before partnership review