

Diversity, Equity, Inclusion and Justice in The Chesapeake Bay Program



## **Purpose and Contents**

The work of implementing the Chesapeake Bay Watershed Agreement to restore the Bay is an ambitious and visionary undertaking. Success over the long-term will require tapping into the persistence, wisdom, creativity, motivations and political will of the full diversity of people who live in and contribute to the many ecosystems that make up the Chesapeake Bay watershed. Therefore, decision-makers and partners must leverage strategies for diversity, equity, inclusion and justice (DEIJ), including environmental justice (EJ).

This presentation provides information about the Chesapeake Bay Program and its partnership commitments and activities related to diversity, equity, inclusion and environmental justice. This document is overseen by the Chesapeake Bay Program's (CBP) <u>Diversity Workgroup</u>. If you have any edits or additional opportunities to add to this document, please email them to the Diversity Workgroup staffer and/or coordinator.

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- Chesapeake Bay Program DEIJ Commitments
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- How to get involved in the Chesapeake Bay Program



## **Key Terminology**

**Diversity** – The demographic mix of a specific collection of people, taking into account elements of human difference. For example: racial and ethnic groups, income, spectrum of built environment settings (rural to urban), faith communities, LGBTQ+ populations, people with disabilities, gender, relationship to the natural environment.

**Equity** – is the promotion of justice, impartiality and fairness within the procedures, processes, and distribution of CBSF resources. Tackling equity issues requires an understanding of the underlying or root causes of disparities within our society.

**Inclusion** – Refers to the degree to which diverse individuals are able to participate fully in the decision-making processes within an organization or group. While a truly "inclusive" group is necessarily diverse, a "diverse" group may or may not be "inclusive."

**Justice** – the quality of being just, impartial, or fair.

**Social Justice** – equal access to wealth, opportunities, and privileges within a society. This may mean addressing the present-day impacts of past inequities in order to achieve equity going forward.

**Environmental Justice** – the fair treatment and meaningful involvement of all people regardless of race, color, national origin, or income with respect to the development, implementation, and enforcement of environmental laws, regulations and policies, and refers to "decisions [that] support sustainable communities where people can interact with confidence that their environment is safe, nurturing, and productive..."

Underrepresented groups/communities: Populations whose representation in a particular situation is lower than their representation in the United States population. Their absence contributes to knowledge gaps in that context. Representation is commonly assessed using population groups like sex or race/ethnicity; however, when assessing underrepresentation, it is a best practice to consider whose lives will be impacted by decision-making (e.g., those underserved or overburdened populations, environmental justice communities) and ensure that those groups are represented and included in that decision-making.

#### **Acronym List**

CBP - Chesapeake Bay Program

DEIJ- Diversity, Equity, Inclusion and Justice

DEIA - Diversity, Equity, Inclusion and Accessibility

**DWG** - Diversity Workgroup

EPA – U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

EJ - Environmental Justice

GIT - Goal Implementation Team

WG - Workgroup

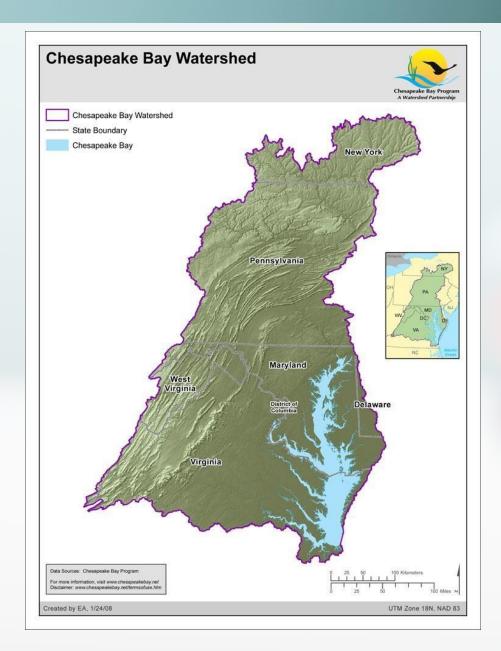
## Chesapeake Bay Program Overviewand History



## **Chesapeake Bay Watershed**

- The watershed is 64,000 square miles and includes 7 jurisdictions:
  - Delaware
  - District of Columbia
  - Maryland
  - New York
  - Pennsylvania
  - Virginia
  - West Virginia

 The Chesapeake Bay Program was formed in 1983 to address rapid loss of aquatic life and wildlife due to excess nitrogen and phosphorus.



### **Chesapeake Bay Program Timeline**

#### 1972

The Clean Water Act
establishes the basic
structure for regulating
discharges of pollutants into
the waters of the United
States and regulating quality
standards for surface waters.

#### 1987

The <u>1987 Chesapeake</u>
<u>Bay Agreement</u> set
the first numeric
goals to reduce
pollution and restore
the Bay ecosystem.

#### 2009

President Obama issues

Executive Order recognizing
the Bay as a national
treasure. EPA was also sued
over inadequate Chesapeake
Bay protection measures.

#### 2014

Chesapeake
Bay Watershed
Agreement signed by
representatives of the
whole watershed. Included
the Diversity outcome.

#### 1983

The Chesapeake Bay Program was established under the <u>first Chesapeake</u> <u>Bay Agreement</u> with broad bi- partisan support.

#### 2000

Chesapeake 2000 established 102 goals to reduce pollution, restore habitats, protect living resources, promote sound land use practices and engage the public in Bay restoration.

#### 2010

As a settlement in the 2009 lawsuit, an agreement with EPA leads to federal "pollution diet" that sets limits on the amount of nutrients and sediment that can enter the Bay and its tidal rivers to meet water quality goals.

#### 2020

Statement in support of Diversity,
Equity, Inclusion and J ustice is adopted by CBP Leadership along with DEIJ Implementation Plan for the Partnership.

**Additional Resource** 

**Bay Program History** 

## **Chesapeake Bay Program Partnership**

In its 40 years, this regional Partnership has become recognized as one of the nation's premier estuarine restoration efforts, implementing policies, engaging in scientific investigation and coordinating actions among the states, the District of Columbia and the federal government.

#### **Video Resources**



Our Chesapeake Partnership

Restoring the Chesapeake
Watershed

**Signatories** of the Chesapeake Bay Watershed Agreement include the Chesapeake Bay Commission; Delaware, Maryland, New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia and the District of Columbia; and the Environmental Protection Agency on behalf of the federal government.

#### Our **Partnership** includes

- Nearly 40 agencies and programs from the seven jurisdictions
- Approximately 1800 local governments
- 19 Federal agencies
- More than 20 academic institutions
- More than 60 nongovernmental organizations including business, on profits and advocacy groups

# Chesapeake Bay Program DEIJ Commitments & Activities



## Why DEIJ Matters in the Environmental Field

At the outset, the American environmental movement was dominated by wealthy white males, occasionally affluent white females. The environmental movement and professional field has since broadened but has traditionally excluded and discriminated against many demographics including lowincome people of all races and people of color. Even today, the lack of diversity in environmental studies and sciences ultimately stems from systemic and historical racism in all parts of society.

#### Common Factors Include:

- Lack of opportunity
- Promulgation of unfair environmental policies
- Resource destruction
- Cultural insensitivity
- Reluctance to hire minorities
- Failure to promote minorities to leadership positions
- Ineffective recruitment strategies
- Poor mentoring

#### **Additional Resources**



Dorceta Taylor (2015)
Pearson et al (2018)

Research from Green 2.0

Traditionally excluded and underrepresented demographics care more about environmental issues and are the most impacted by these issues despite their lack of representation. It is important that we are intentional about including populations whose representation in a particular setting is lower than their representation in the United States population due to exclusion and injustices. Recall that it is a best practice to consider whose lives will be impacted by decision-making (e.g., those underserved or overburdened populations, environmental justice communities) and ensure that those groups are represented and included in that decision-making. By focusing on efforts that enhance equity, inclusion and justice we can increase diversity.

### **Chesapeake Bay Program DEIJ Statement and Commitments**

The value and the need for efforts related to diversity, equity, inclusion and justice are articulated in several key documents from the Chesapeake Bay Program: Clean Water Act, 2014 Watershed Agreement, Governance Document. Here are a few examples:

Achieve Goals and Outcomes in a timely way and at the least possible cost to the public.

Represent the interests of people throughout the watershed fairly and effectively, including a broad diversity of cultures, demographics and ages.

Identify stakeholder groups not currently represented in leadership, decision-making or implementation of current conservation and restoration activities and create meaningful opportunities and programs to recruit and engage these groups in the partnership's efforts.

Use place-based approaches, where appropriate, that produce recognizable benefits to local communities while contributing to larger ecosystem goals

The Chesapeake Bay Program partners envision an environmentally and economically sustainable Chesapeake Bay watershed with clean water, abundant life, conserved lands and access to the water, a vibrant cultural heritage and a diversity of engaged stakeholders.

Implementing outreach programs for public information, education, and participation to foster stewardship of the resources of the Chesapeake Bay.

Broad and inclusive representation (e.g., signatories, advisory committees, key organizations); A diversity of ethnicities and cultures, including people of color and other underrepresented groups; and ② Skills and perspectives (e.g., geographic diversity, diverse professional expertise, including both the science and social science fields).

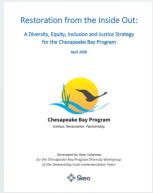
Engage citizens to increase the number and diversity of people who support and carry out the conservation and restoration activities necessary to achieve the Goals and Outcomes of the Agreement.

Review membership annually to ensure diverse and adequate representation.

Promote environmental justice through the meaningful involvement and fair treatment of all people, regardless of race, color, national origin or income, in the implementation of this Agreement.

Operate with transparency in program decisions, policies, actions and reporting on progress to strengthen public confidence in our efforts.

## **Partnership DEIJ Statements**







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Increase racial and eithnic diversity among partnership staff and leadership.
 Help partners develop as DEU leaders who understand, respect and embrace cultural diversity.
 Provide partners with the tools to continually assess progress rowards diversity, equity, inclusion, and institic coals.

he DFU Strategy contains recommendations that are grouped into four DFU framework from seens. The menulum developed these recommendations based on interviews with Chesepack Bay Program learns and developed and the contraction survey, one founds purpose, a review of the gunterschip policy documents and square contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the protection of the protection as guide to of integrite DFU and the implementation of management integrites and inform harment degree and earlier harment of integrite DFU and the implementation of management integrites and inform harment degree and earlier harment.

#### Strategic Plan

The Chesapeake Bay Program's DEIJ Strategy was created by Skeo Solutions in 2020. This plan is titled "Restoration from the Inside Out," and it emphasizes the internal, cultural and policy changes needed to create a healthy, supportive organizational ecosystem where DEIJ and EJ goals can produce lasting results that advance the restoration of the Chesapeake Bay watershed.

## <u>Executive Council Statement in Support of Diversity, Equity, Inclusion and</u> Justice

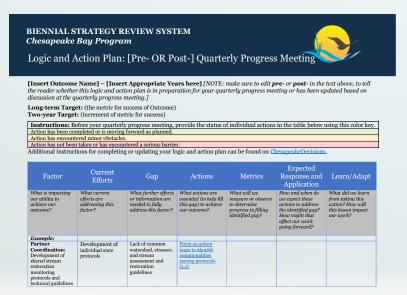
This statement re-affirms the commitment of the partnership to embracing diversity, equity, inclusion and justice in all forms. The statement commits the Chesapeake Bay Program to strengthen and improve diversity, equity, inclusion and justice in all areas of the partnership; to recruit and retain staff and volunteers that reflect the diversity of the Chesapeake Bay watershed; foster a culture of inclusion and respect across all partner organizations and ensure the benefits of our science, restoration and partnership programs are distributed equitably without disproportionate impacts on vulnerable populations.

## <u>Principals' Staff Committee: Diversity, Equity, Inclusion and Justice Action Statement</u>

The Chesapeake Bay Program Principals' Staff Committee (PSC) accepts the report and recommendations in the Diversity, Equity, Inclusion and Justice Strategy (DEIJ Strategy) - developed by an independent consultant for the Chesapeake Bay Program Diversity Workgroup of the Stewardship Goal Implementation Team (GIT) and finalized in 2020. To the extent consistent with state and federal law and policy, members of the PSC will strive to implement the recommendations of the DEIJ Strategy.

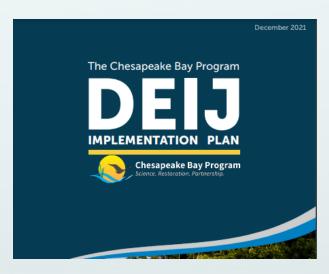
#### **DEIJ Implementation in the Chesapeake Bay Program Partnership**

Actions related to DEIJ activities can be found in the DEIJ Implementation Plan and in the various workgroups' Logic and Action Plans.



#### **Logic and Action Plans**

The Logic & Action Plan illustrates the link between the factors that could impact the partnership's ability to achieve an outcome and the actions it is taking to manage them. It also articulates what the partnership expects to achieve by taking those actions. Workgroups are encouraged to include actions that address DEIJ in their work.



#### **Implementation Plan**

The Chesapeake Bay Program Diversity, Equity, Inclusion and Justice Strategy Implementation Plan (Implementation Plan) presents a roadmap for advancing the recommendations found in "Restoration from the Inside Out." This visionary framework will help guide the Chesapeake Bay Program in integrating diversity, equity, inclusion and justice (DEIJ) into our activities and programs.

## **Chesapeake Bay Program Diversity Workgroup**

The Chesapeake Bay Program Diversity Workgroup was formed following the signing of the 2014 Chesapeake Bay Watershed Agreement. The Diversity Workgroup falls under the Fostering Chesapeake Stewardship Goal Implementation Team (GIT 5), works to reach the Diversity Outcome, and leads efforts to incorporate diversity, equity, inclusion and justice (DEIJ) into the implementation of other goals and outcomes in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed Agreement.

#### **Diversity Outcome**

To identify stakeholder groups that are not currently represented in the leadership, decision-making, and implementation of conservation and restoration activities and create meaningful opportunities and programs to recruit and engage them in the Partnership's efforts.



## **Examples of CBP DEIJ Programs and Initiatives**









The Chesapeake Bay Program Diversity Workgroup Presents:

Green Re-Entry: How Environmental Jobs Help System Involved People

# Chesapeake Urban Tree Canopy Summit Discourt 14 - 25, 2014 Nantana Hellman of Perbudgy & Bradeole Budge Inchese Hellman Hellman Hellman Hellman Inchese Hellman Hellman Inchese Hellman Inch

TOGI

Targeted Outreach For Green Infrastructure In Vulnerable Areas

## How to get involved in the Chesapeake Bay Program



## **Chesapeake Bay Program Goals**

The Watershed Agreement includes outcomes organized under these tengoal areas:



Sustainable Fisheries



Toxic Contaminants



Land Conservation



Vital Habitats



Healthy Watersheds



Public Access



Environmental Literacy



Water Quality



Stewardship



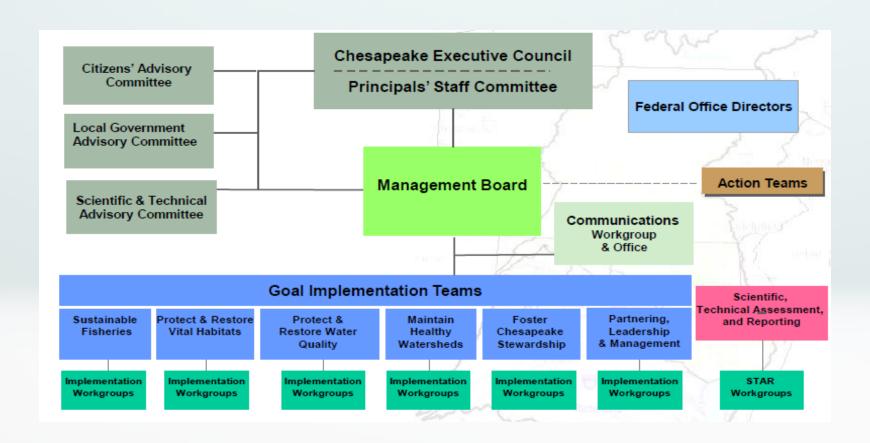
Climate Resiliency

Each goal includes between one and five outcomes. While the goals focus on the big picture, the outcomes are specific, measurable targets that contribute to achieving each goal.



## **Chesapeake Bay Program Organization**

Since 1983, the Chesapeake Bay Program has led and directed the restoration of the Chesapeake Bay. Bay Program partners include federal and state agencies, local governments, non-profit organizations and a cademic institutions. The image below is our organizational chart.



There are a variety of ways to participate in the Chesapeake Bay Program

## How to Participate in the Bay Program



Many positions in the Bay Program are special appointments.



The Bay Program's Goal Implementation Teams and Workgroups vary on chair selection and membership criteria. The best way to find out how to join a group is to <u>contact</u> that group's **coordinator**.



You're always invited to listen in! All Bay Program Meetings are open to the public and posted on our calendar.

## **Chesapeake Bay Program Participation Tips**

#### **Engage:**

Attend meetings regularly & be an active participant in meetings and activities.

#### **Voice Your Perspective:**

Communicate and provide input on documents and materials.

## Be Respectful:

Everyone conducts themselves in a professional, ethical, and respectful manner. If you disagree, suggest an alternative or compromise.\*

\*this is a key part of our consensus process

## **CBP Ethical Behavior Guidelines**

- No participant in a Chesapeake Bay Program discussion shall seek to influence consensus or action by the group in such a way as to derive any direct or indirect personal profit or gain. (This applies also to the member's business, affiliations, or close associates).
- 2. Any participant in a discussion with a conflict of interest is expected to announce that they may have a potential conflict of interest and shall refrain from further participation in any discussion or decision on such matter. Chairs and Co-Chairs of meetings shall remind all participants of this policy before decisional discussions begin.

3. Suspected violations of this policy will be reported to the Chair of the Management Board (MB) for further review or elevated to the Chair of the Principals' Staff Committee (PSC) where appropriate.

All participants in the Chesapeake Bay Program partnership should be familiar with these ethical behavior guidelines, conduct themselves in a manner that places the highest priority on allowing consensus to occur and be respectful of allopinions,

**Additional Resource** 



**CBP Governance Document** 

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