Application of continuous monitoring oxygen data: the Chesapeake Bay Environmental Forecasting System (CBEFS)

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Aaron Bever

Anchor QEA





Application of (continuous) <u>vertical profile</u> oxygen data: the Chesapeake Bay Environmental Forecasting System (CBEFS)

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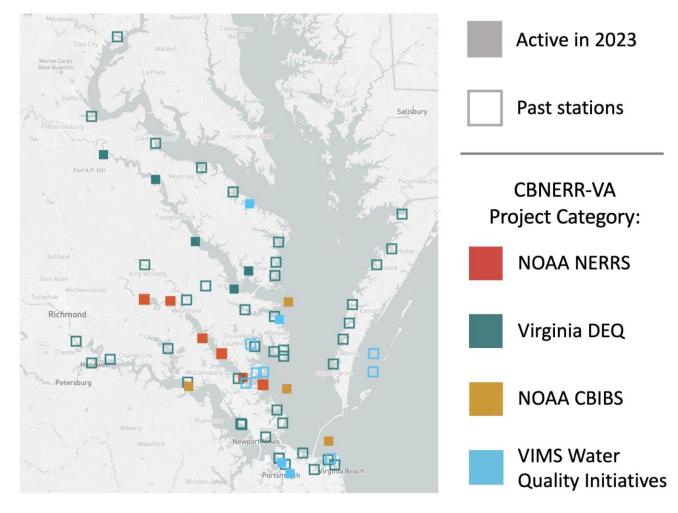
Anchor QEA





Virginia Continuous Monitoring Stations

Lots more in Maryland!



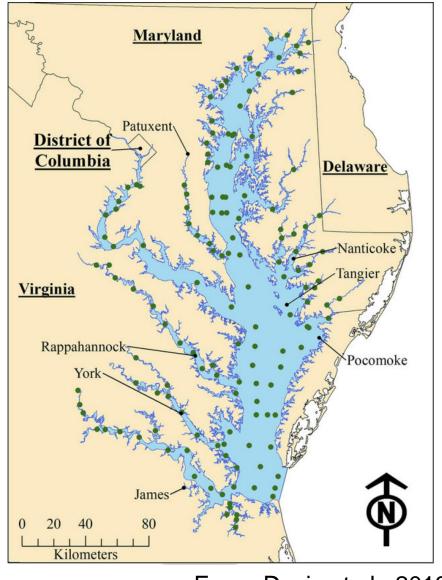
Data available at vecos.vims.edu

Source: CBNERR-VA 2023

Data are <u>critical</u> for Chesapeake Bay modeling!

From last talk, *in situ* data are critical for:

- Model development
- Model improvement
- Model evaluation
- Increasing confidence of end-users

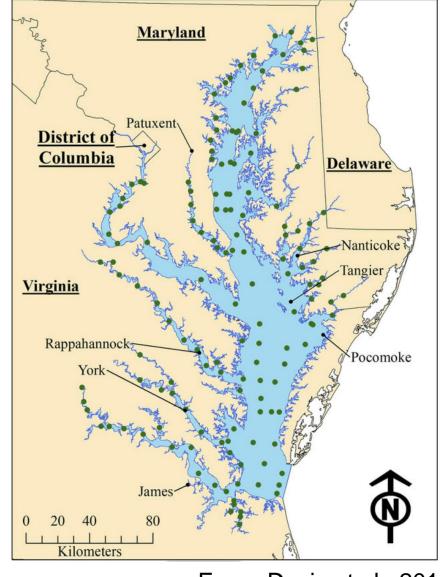


From: Davis et al., 2019

Data are <u>critical</u> for Chesapeake Bay modeling!

Forecast model is evaluated with:

- CBP WQMP station data
- Continuous monitoring station data
- And now, <u>vertical</u> profile station data!



From: Davis et al., 2019

CBEFS: Chesapeake Bay Environmental Forecast System

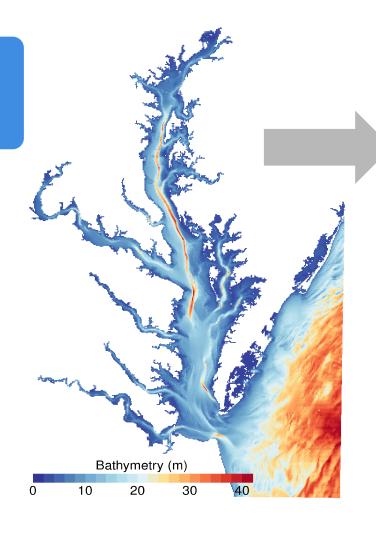
Atmospheric inputs

Terrestrial inputs

Coastal inputs



Evaluate model performance with observational water quality data



Real-time model forecast setup:

- Nowcast and 2-day forecast automatically produced nightly
- Forecasts displayed on the VIMS website

CBEFS: Chesapeake Bay Environmental Forecast System

Chesapeake Bay Environmental Forecast System

Background

Contact Information

Hypoxia (Dissolved Oxygen)

Dead Zone Size

Depth to Low Oxygen

Hypoxia Line Plots

Bay-wide Salinity

Bay-wide Temperature

Focused Salinity and Temperature Forecasts

Chesapeake Bay Daily

Acidification Forecasts

Pathogens (Vibrio)

Dead Zone Forecasts

Sea-Level Report Cards

Tidewatch

CBEFS

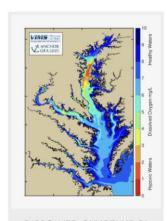
Chesapeake Bay Environmental Forecast System

Use our forecasts and "nowcasts" of temperature, salinity, dissolved oxygen, and other physical and chemical factors within the Chesapeake Bay to help monitor Bay health and plan your onthe-water activities. Based on observations and **computer models** developed by the Virginia Institute of Marine Science and partners, these tools accurately predict the current status of important environmental variables and how they are likely to change in the short-term.

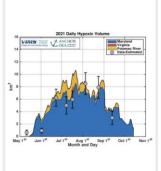
Our Chesapeake Bay Environmental Forecast System simulates 3 conditions for each selected variable:

- 1. Nowcast: present-day status of selected variable in Chesapeake Bay
- 2. 2-Day Forecast: status of selected variable in the Bay 2 days from now, and
- 3. Forecast Trend: difference between nowcast and forecast (% change over 2 days)

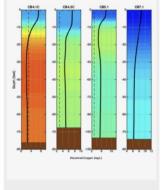
Click a selection below to access the specified simulation.



DISSOLVED OXYGEN (DO)
Discover when and where lowoxygen "dead zone" conditions may



DEAD ZONE SIZE
Track "hypoxia" in the Bay, as
measured by the volume of waters
where DO levels are below 2 mg/L.

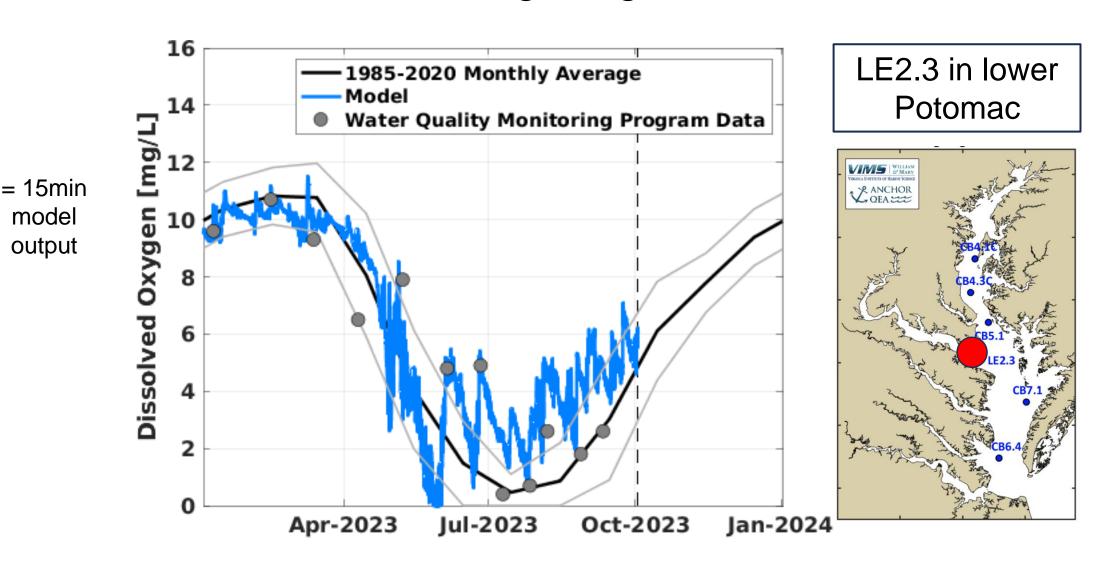


DEPTH TO LOW OXYGEN Find the depth to fish-unfriendly waters where dissolved oxygen

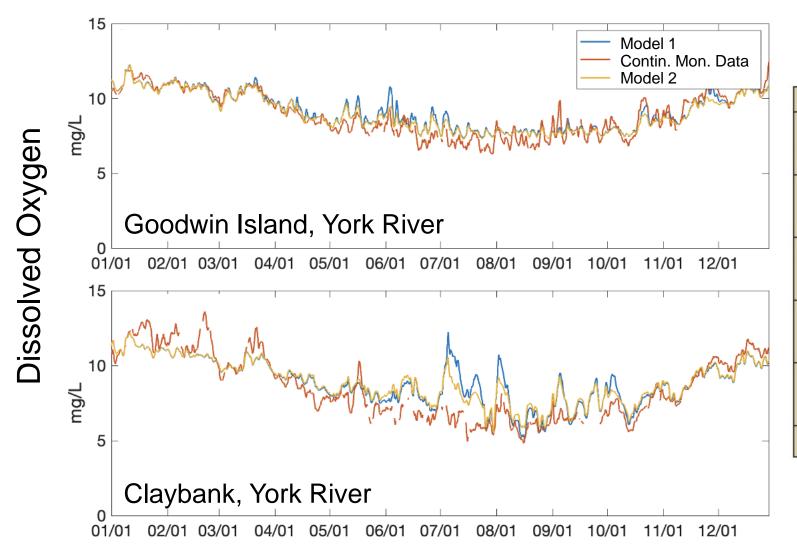
levels fall below 3 mg/L.

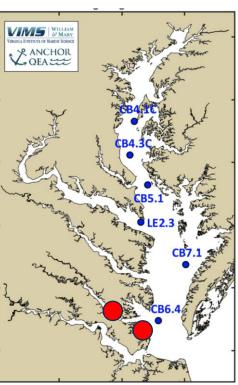
- Temperature
- Salinity
- Hypoxia/Dead Zone size
- Acidification metrics
- Bacteria (Vibrio)
- Harmful Algal Blooms (HABs)
- Water Clarity
- Waves

CBEFS comparison with CBP WQ Monitoring Program Station data

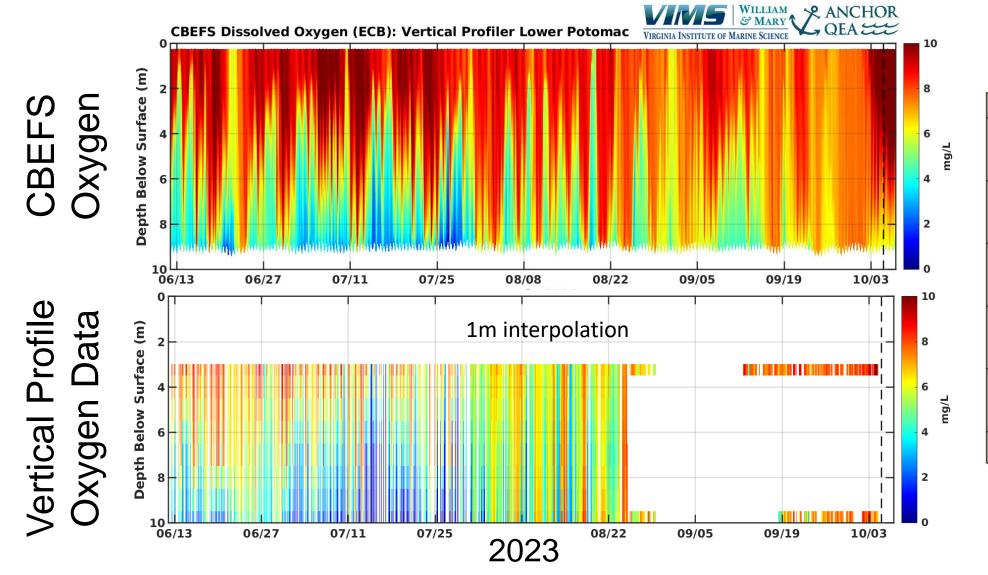


CBEFS comparison with Continuous Monitoring Station data

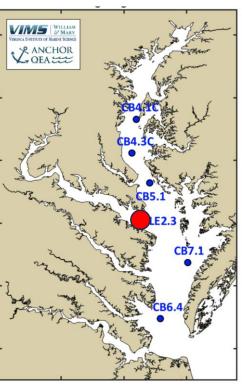




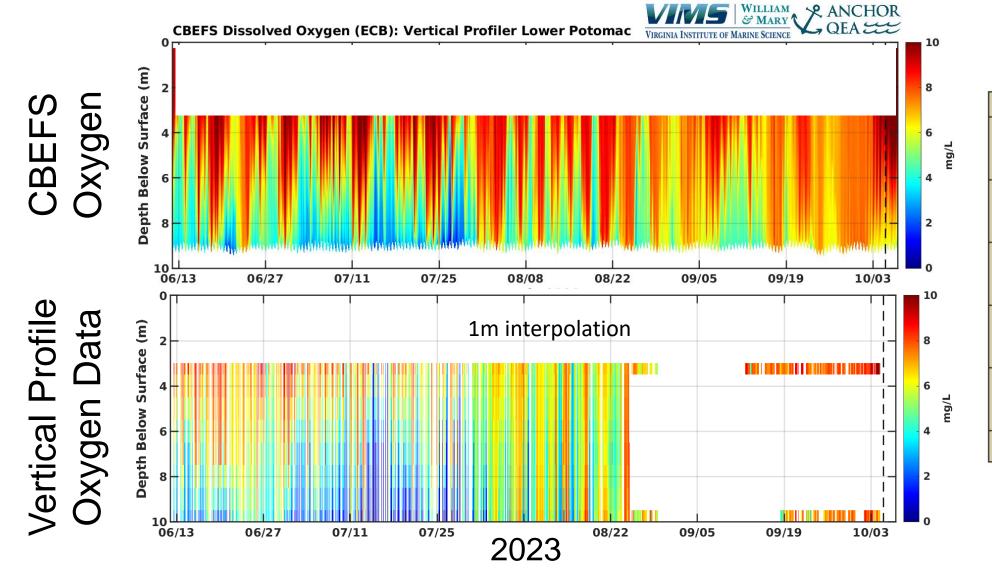
Note
Red is High O₂!
Blue is hypoxia!



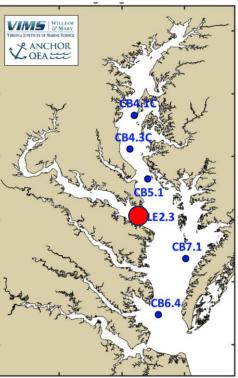
Lower Potomac



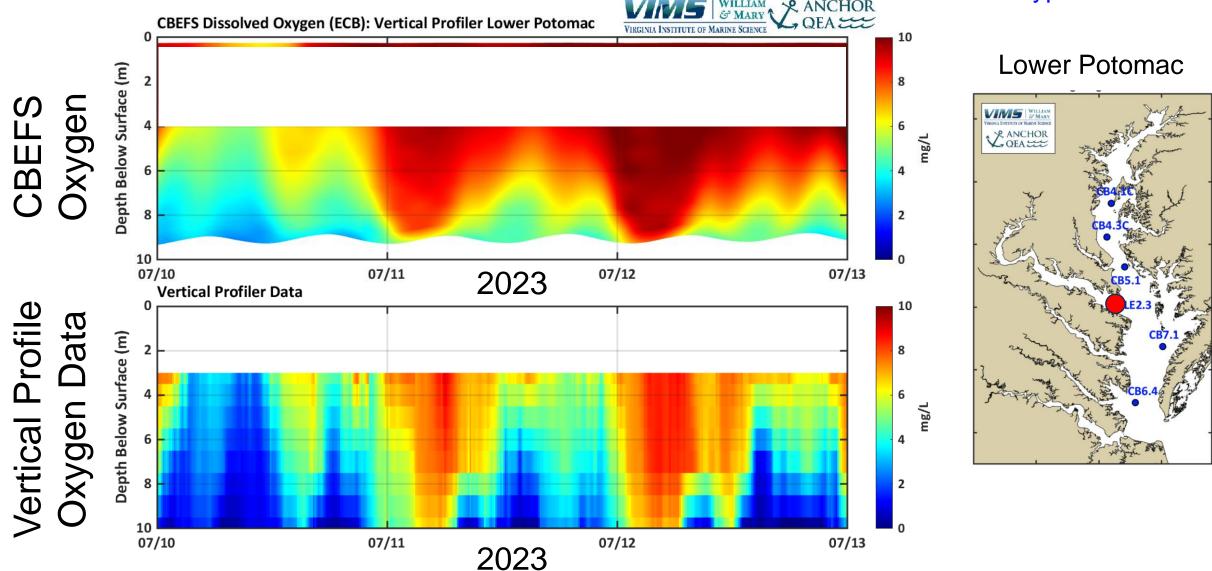
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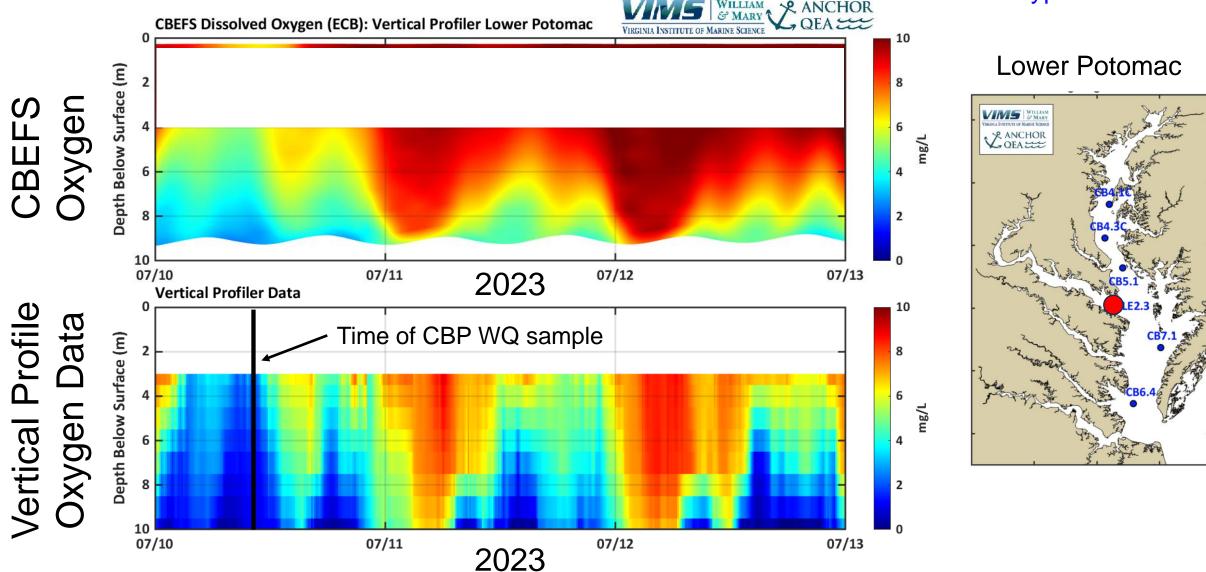
Lower Potomac



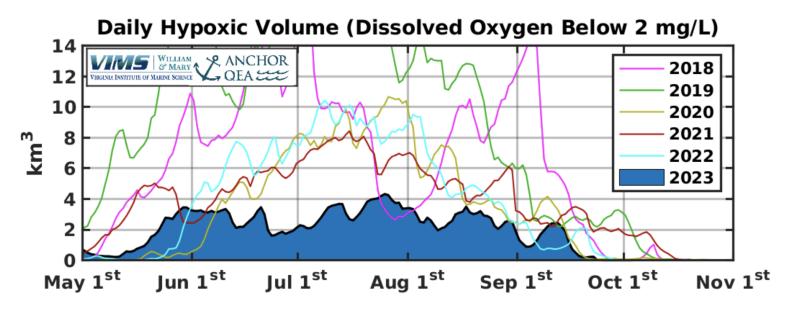
Note Red is High O₂! Blue is hypoxia!

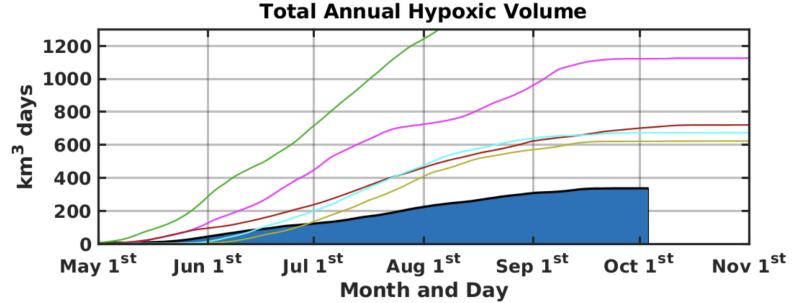


Note
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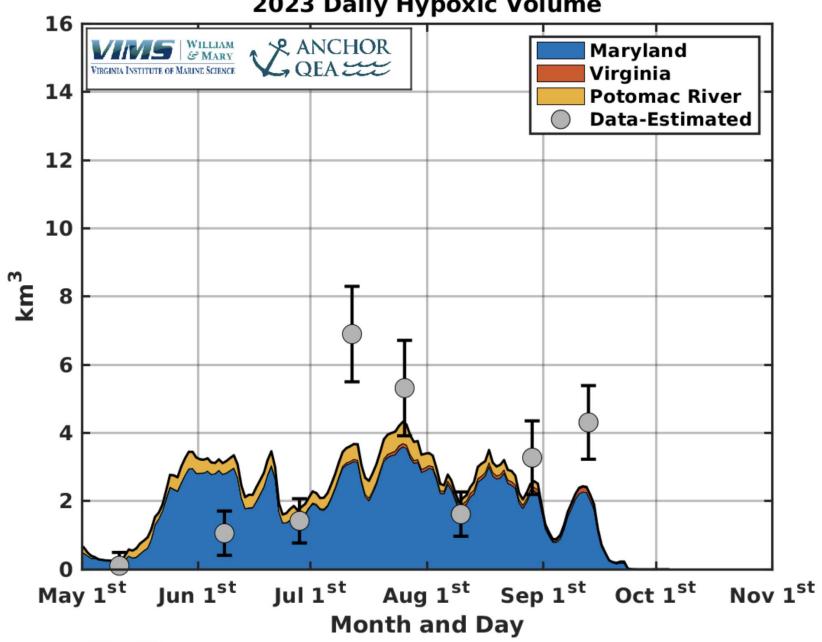


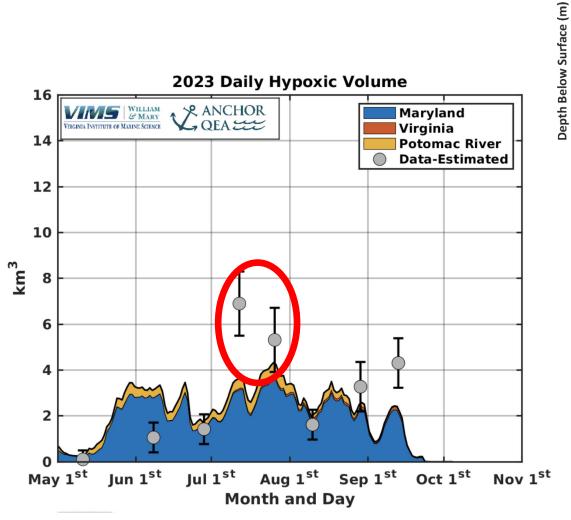
2024 Annual Hypoxia Report Card – Dead Zone Size

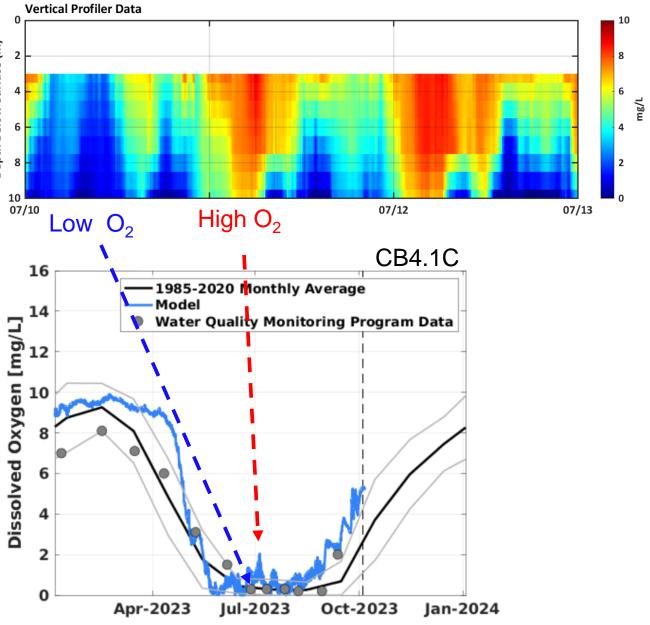












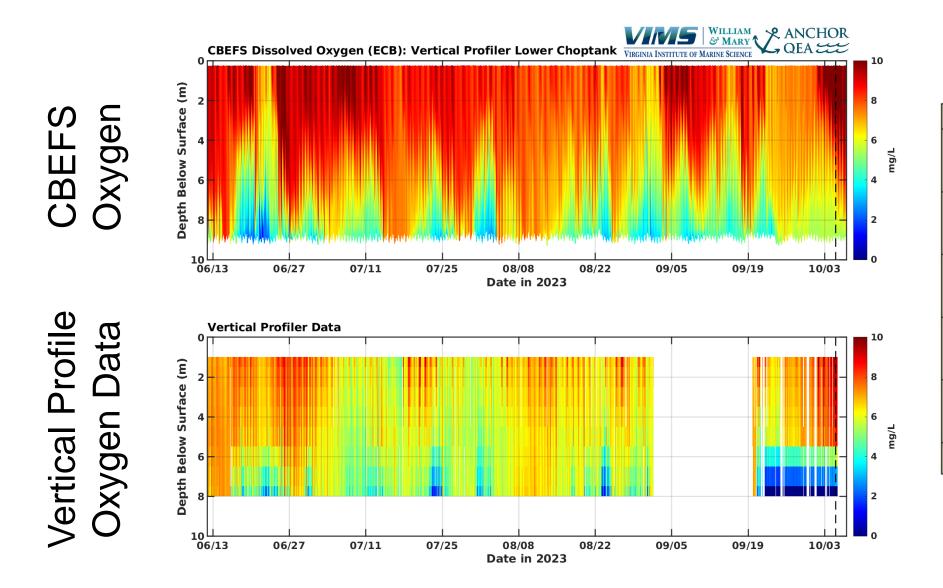
Summary

- Real-time vertical profile data provide an amazing opportunity to enhance modeling efforts, and put cruise data in context
 - Provide evidence of modeled high frequency bottom O₂ variability
 - Can help quantify uncertainty in interpolations (hypoxic volume) computed from biweekly/monthly sampling
- But only if we put stations in optimal locations!
 - Complement existing/past data
 - Where vertical structure is significant



Data available at vecos.vims.edu

Source: CBNERR-VA 2023



Lower Choptank

