

# Loading rates

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What's a loading rate: [Section 2.2](#)

Spatially-averaged and temporally averaged nutrient loading export rate to a stream or other waterbody for a given land use.

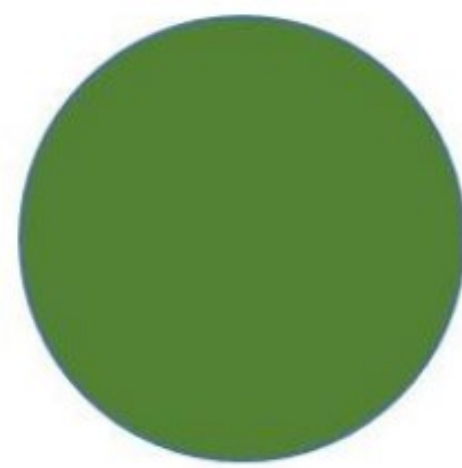
Why does it matter?

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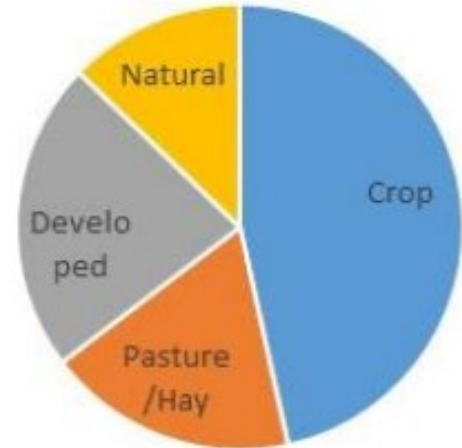
Each model segment must have an initial load which can be compared against a management action.

# How do we get loads?

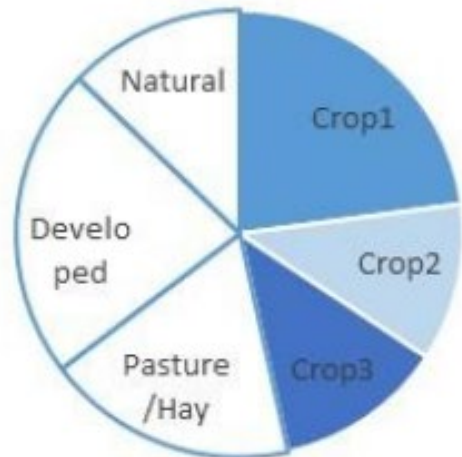
- Monitoring data estimates total landscape loads
- Overall load is divided into broad categories
- Broad categories are separated into smaller land uses



Step 1:  
Estimate Total Non-  
point Source Load  
**Monitoring Data**



Step 2:  
Divide into Broad Classes  
**Multiple models**



Step 3:  
Split Classes into  
individual land uses  
**Multiple lines of evidence**

# Isolating the load from managment

Table 2-4: Calculation of total landscape loads for above the RIM stations.

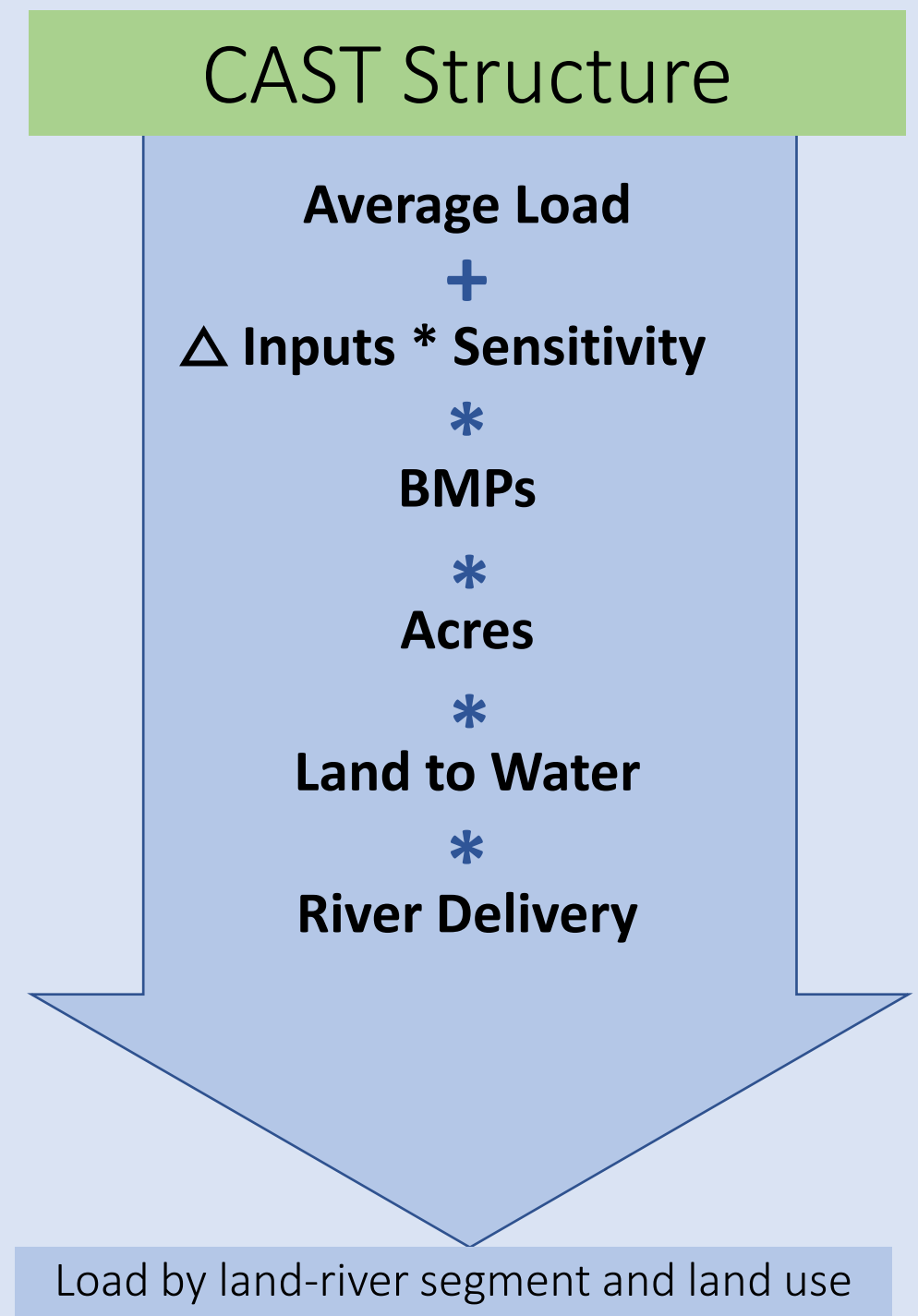
Component	Total Nitrogen		Total Phosphorus	
	Factor (%) or Amount (million pounds per year)	Load (million pounds per year)	Factor (%) or Amount (million pounds per year)	Load (million pounds per year)
Monitored Load at RIM Stations	NA	210.3	NA	13.8
BMP Effects Removed	16.2	226.5	1.5	15.3
River Attenuation Removed	83.70%	270.6	98.50%	15.5
Lower Susquehanna reservoir plus simulated reservoirs	NA	270.6	3.75	19.2
Wastewater Removed	30.8	239.8	5.2	14.1
Animal Feeding Space Removed	18.2	221.7	0.7	13.4
Riparian Pasture Deposition Removed	5.8	215.9	1.8	11.6
Atm. Deposition on Water Removed	6.5	209.4	0.2	11.4
Septic Systems Removed	5.9	203.5	NA	11.4
Rapid Infiltration Basin	0.1	203.5	0.002	11.4
Small Stream Attenuation Removed	89.30%	227.9	88.20%	12.9
Total Edge of Stream Load	NA	227.9	NA	12.9

# An aside on removing the estimated effect of BMPs

- Ran two scenarios in CAST version 5.3.2
  - WITH BMPs
  - WITHOUT BMPs
- Calculated the difference in load between these two

Year	TN Percent Change	TP Percent Change	P5.3.2 BMP scenario	P5.3.2 NoBMP Scenario
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Looking at how  
CAST works:



# CAST Structure

Illustrative example

**Average Load**  
+  
**Δ Inputs \* Sensitivity**  
\*  
**BMPs**  
\*  
**Acres**  
\*  
**Land to Water**  
\*  
**River Delivery**

Average nitrogen load to stream for double cropped ag land watershed wide is 40 pounds per acre



# CAST Structure

Illustrative example

**Average Load**  
+  
**Δ Inputs \* Sensitivity**  
\*  
**BMPs**  
\*  
**Acres**  
\*  
**Land to Water**  
\*  
**River Delivery**

Your area applies 115 pounds of fertilizer while the watershed-wide average is 140.

Each additional pound of fertilizer results in 0.2 lbs of runoff

$$40 + (115 - 140) * 0.2 = 35 \text{ lbs/acre}$$

# CAST Structure

Illustrative example

**Average Load**  
+  
**Δ Inputs \* Sensitivity**  
\*  
**BMPs**  
\*  
**Acres**  
\*  
**Land to Water**  
\*  
**River Delivery**

BMPs are applied which give, in aggregate, a 20% reduction

$$35 * (1-.20) = 28 \text{ lbs/acre}$$

# CAST Structure

Illustrative example

**Average Load**  
+  
**Δ Inputs \* Sensitivity**  
\*  
**BMPs**  
\*  
**Acres**  
\*  
**Land to Water**  
\*  
**River Delivery**

There are 100 acres of double cropped land in this segment

$$28 \text{ lbs/acre} * 100 \text{ acres} = 2800 \text{ lbs}$$

# CAST Structure

Illustrative example

**Average Load**  
**+**  
**Δ Inputs \* Sensitivity**  
**\***  
**BMPs**  
**\***  
**Acres**  
**\***  
**Land to Water**  
**\***  
**River Delivery**

The land here is 50% leakier than average due to high groundwater recharge in the piedmont carbonate

The river system reduces loads by 30%

$2800 \text{ lbs} * 1.5 * (1-.30) = 2940 \text{ lbs}$   
Delivered to the Bay from this land use and segment

The big question:

Does the loading rate/ratio  
on land uses capture BMP  
effects?

# Do Ag Loading Rates account for BMPs implicitly?

## Worked to exclude BMPs

- Were able to remove impacts of BMPs via difference between studies.

## Fox et al. 2001

- Corn for grain with manure
- Full season soybeans
- Legume Hay
- Ag Open Space
- Good local paper with multiple trials, no BMPs present.

## Owens et al.

- Hay – 2012-good data with fields geared towards multiple treatments, no BMPs
- Full season soybeans -1995- Cover crop was used annually.

## Spargo et al. 2011

- Small grains
- Silage
- Corn
- Does encompass some BMPs, such as no till, the time of these ranges from zero to >25 years and so likely removed impacts of management.

The short answer:

Not really

- The loading rates/ratios worked to removed the impact of BMPs
- Multiple other source sector groups investigated specific loading rates for each sector specific land use

# Next Steps

- Experimentation with loading rates:
  - What is we changed loading rates?
    - Connected to the land uses we specify
- Ex. One loading rate for Crops, One for pasture



Questions?