

PA DEP Conservation Tillage BMP Remote Sensing Verification Pilot Project

AGWG Meeting Update

Thomas Howard January 16, 2025

Moonstown

Walded

ohnstown

Springhaven

Image Captured November 14,

RESOLVE

HYDRO

PA DEP's Remote Sensing BMP Pilot Project aims to develop a model-agnostic, standard operating procedure for remote detection of conservation tillage BMPs



Model implementation workflow:



How do jurisdictions assess whether remote sensing results are "suitable" for reporting conservation tillage BMP implementation?

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Model acceptance/rejection should:

- 1) Match standard practices used in the CBP
- 2) Be based on model performance each year



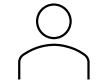
Example field accuracy assessment:





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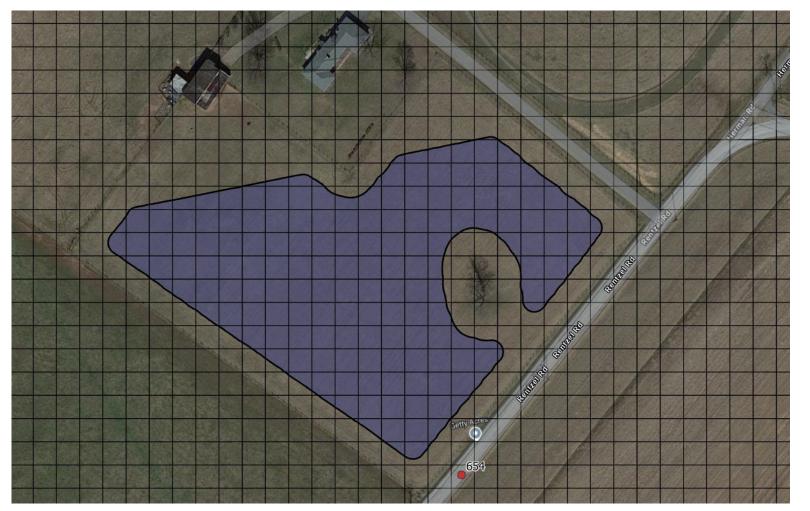


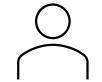


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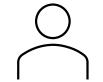


Satellite observer classifies field with finer spatial resolution

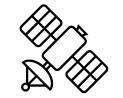


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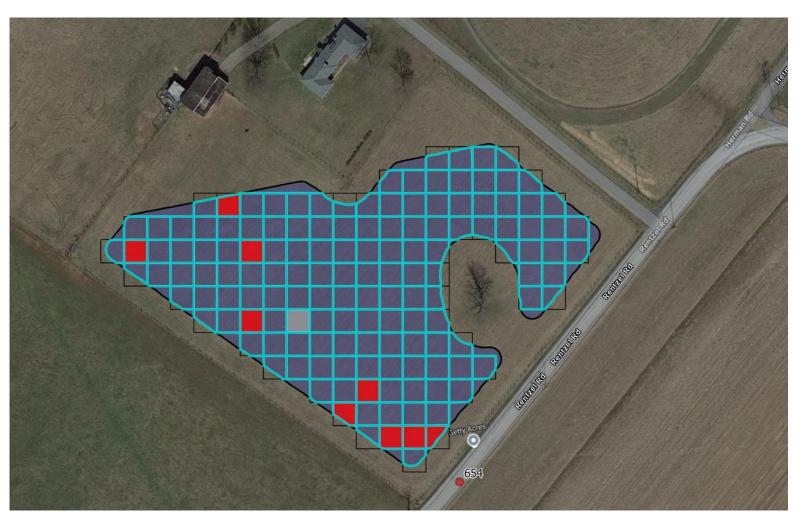


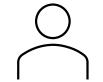
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Residue Class	Area (square meters)
Not eligible for tillage	0
<15% crop residue	0
15-29% crop residue	100
30-59% crop residue	831
>60% crop residue	12,704
Total	13,635

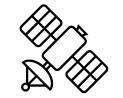


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Ground-truth assessment of remote sensing results for a theoretical 1000 acre area

Confusion Matrix for 1000 Acres		Remote Sensing Observations					
		Not eligible	<15% residue	15-29% residue	30-59% residue	≥60% residue	
	Not eligible	0	0	0	0	0	
tions	<15% residue	0	124	16	7	9	
Observations	15-29% residue	0	18	135	16	6	
Field (30-59% residue	0	6	15	282	6	
	≥60% residue	0	0	25	71	864	

Determining accuracy of remote sensing method



Calculating results from ground-truth assessment

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		True Positives	False Positives	True Negatives	False Negatives
	<15% residue	124	24	1420	32
	15-29% residue	135	56	1369	40
	30-59% residue	282	94	1197	27
	≥60% residue	864	21	619	96

Determining accuracy of remote sensing method



Calculating results from ground-truth assessment

	True Positives	False Positives	True Negatives	False Negatives
<15% residue	124	24	1420	32
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	False Alarm Rate	Hit Rate	PAG	PAG/HR
<15% residue	16%	79%	84%	1.05
15-29% residue	29%	77%	71%	0.92
30-59% residue	25%	91%	75%	0.82
≥60% residue	2%	90%	98%	1.08

$$Overall\ accuracy = \sum \frac{TP}{N}$$

$$Hit Rate = \frac{TP}{TP + FN}$$

 $False A larm Rate = \frac{FP}{TP + FP}$

 $Post Agreement Rate = \frac{TP}{TP + FP}$

Determining whether remote sensing results are acceptable



Calculating and assessing results from ground-truth assessment

- 1. Calculate all results with ${\geq}90\%$ confidence interval and ${\leq}10\%$ error
 - Standard practice in reporting conservation tillage BMPs
- 2. Adjust results to account for bias using statistical methods
 - Practice established in prior CBP report
- 3. Determine whether results should be accepted
 - What are the CBPs established accuracy thresholds?

Determining whether remote sensing results are acceptable



CBP/TRS-317-17

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A minimum confidence level of 90 percent should be used on all statistics.

Recommendation Report for the Establishment of Uniform Evaluation Standards for Application of Roadside Transect Surveys to Identify and Inventory Agricultural Conservation Practices for the Chesapeake Bay Program Partnership's Watershed Model





March 16, 2017

Each quality assurance analysis will report the sample count error matrix; the area
proportion error matrix (including confidence intervals of the true or adjusted
proportions); the producer's, user's, and overall accuracy estimates; and the confidence
interval of the overall accuracy estimate.

To use the true (adjusted) proportions resulting from the analysis, the lower confidence limit on the overall accuracy must exceed 50 percent. (A value of 50 percent was selected based on the lower range of survey accuracies discussed in the literature review section of this report.)