

# Modeling Land Use Change in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed

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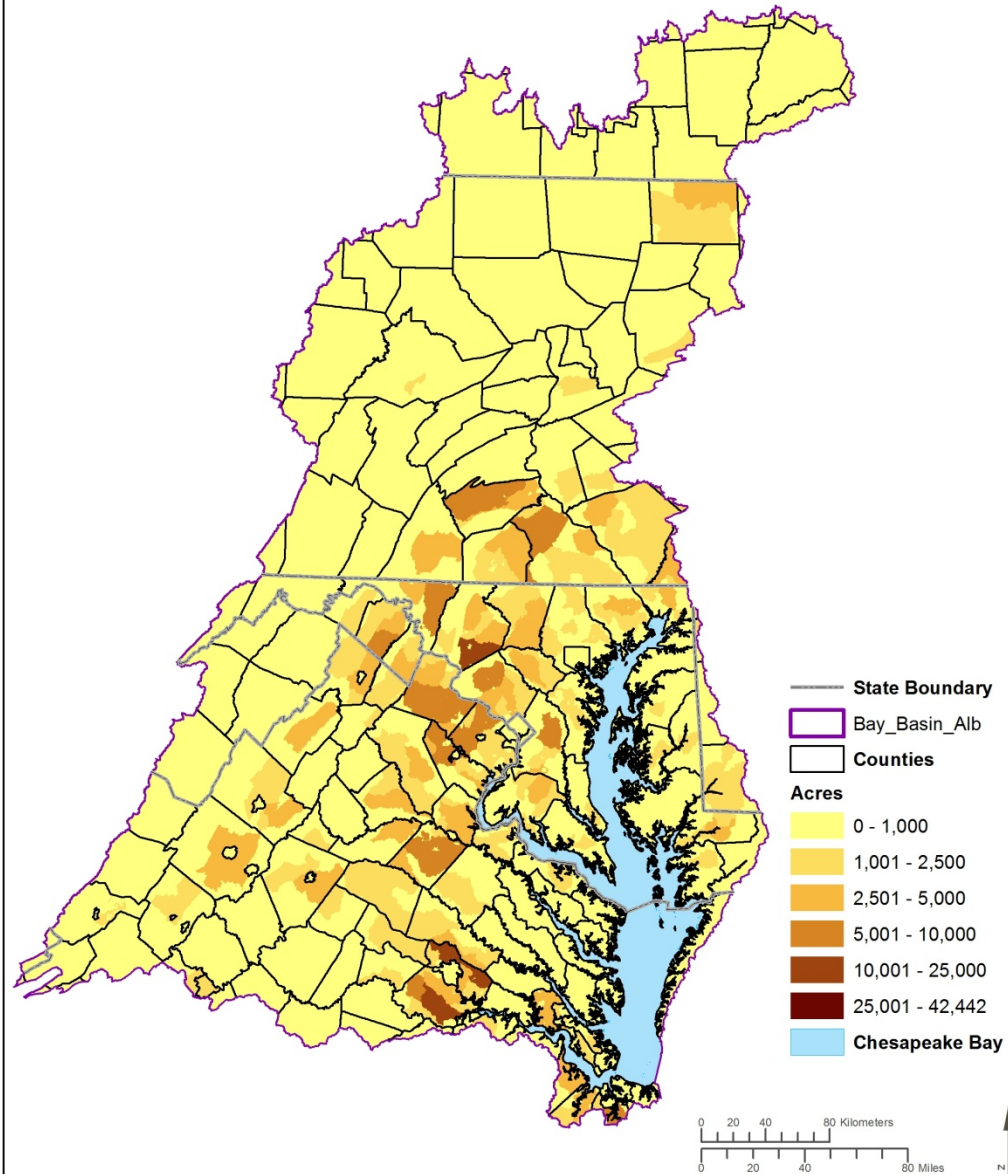
September 16, 2013  
Land Use Workgroup

# **The Chesapeake Bay Land Change Model (CBLCM)**

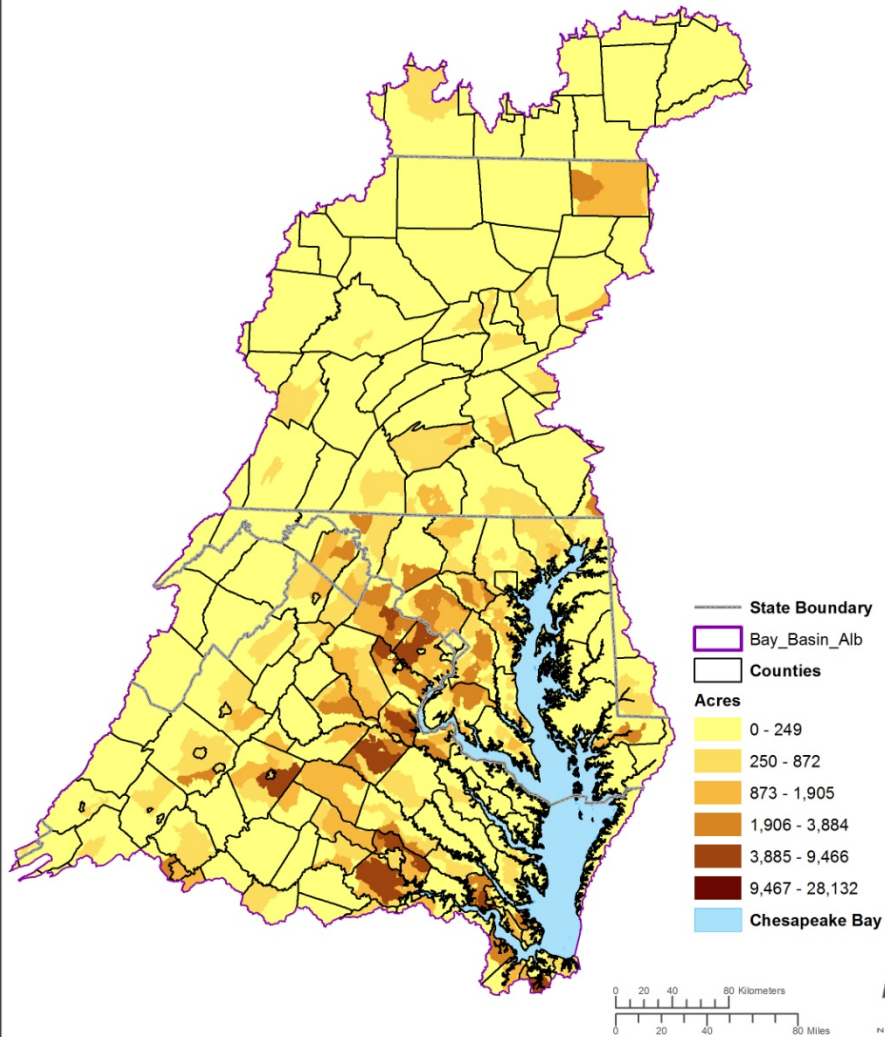
## **Purposes:**

1. Provide the specific land-use data input needs for the Watershed Model and to accommodate the best available regional data.
2. Inform State offset and trading policies and Phase III Watershed Implementation Plan development through simulating alternative future land use scenarios (in absence of jurisdictional forecasts).
3. Provide an objective basis for evaluating jurisdictional forecasts.

# Forecasted Urban Growth (2006 - 2025) Chesapeake Bay Watershed

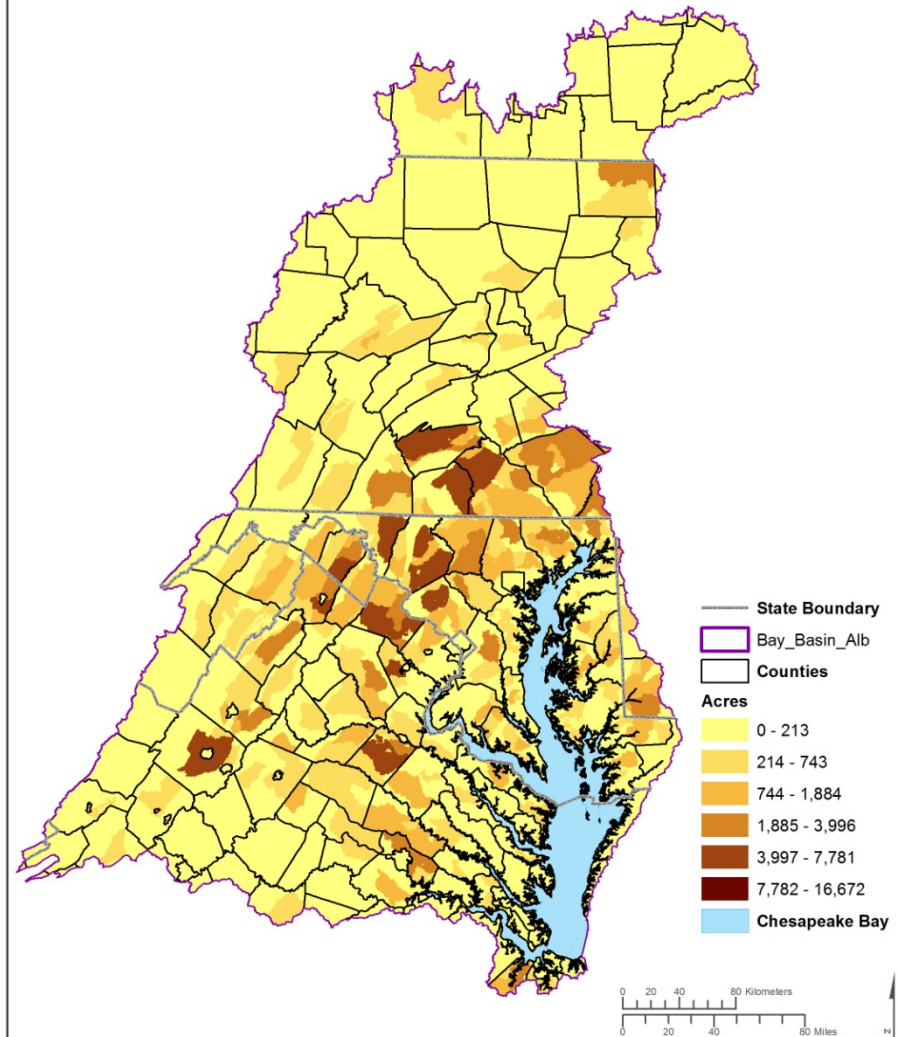


# Forecasted Forest Loss (2006 - 2025) Chesapeake Bay Watershed



Albers Equal Area, NAD 83

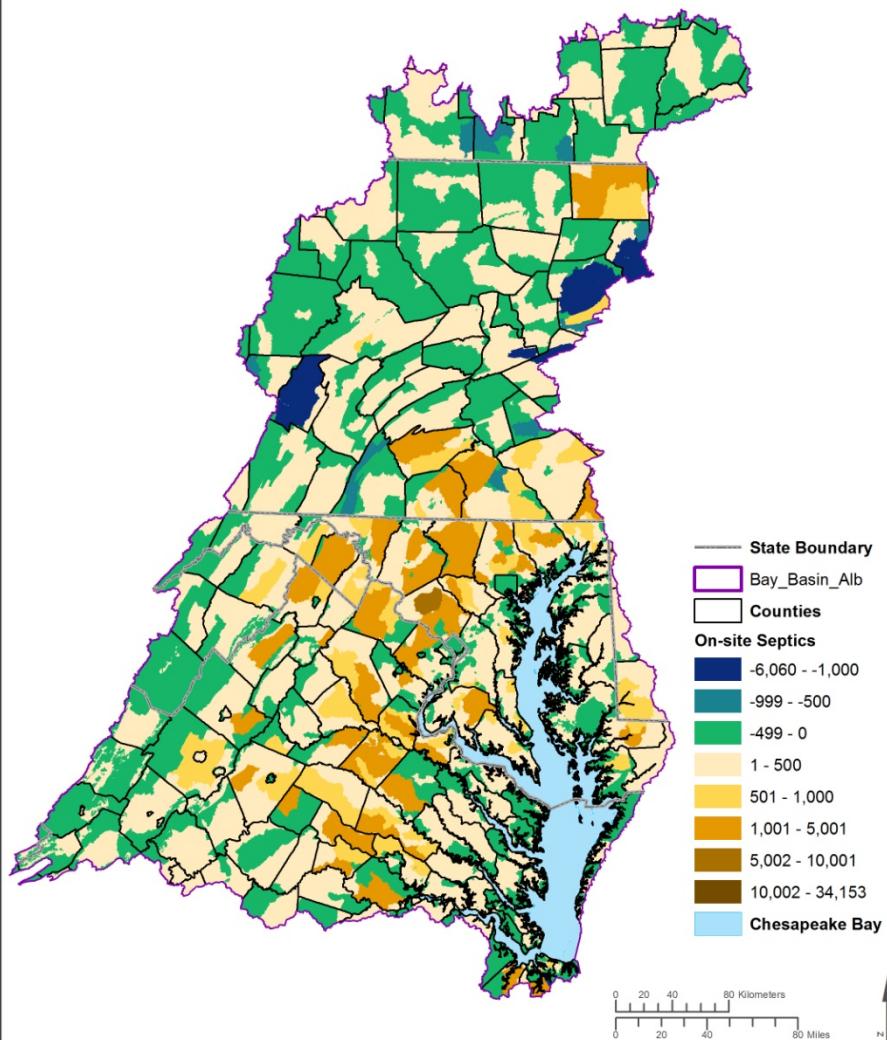
# Forecasted Farmland Loss (2006 - 2025) Chesapeake Bay Watershed



Albers Equal Area, NAD 83

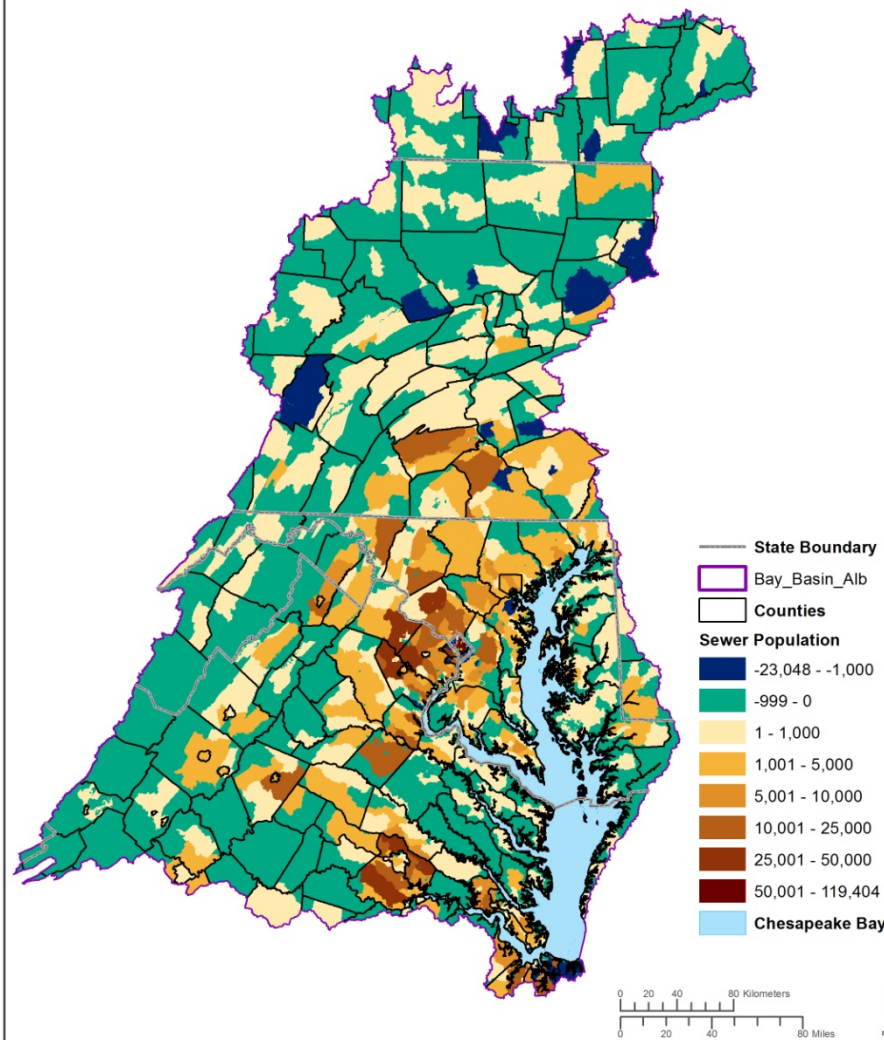


# Septic Systems (2010 - 2025) Chesapeake Bay Watershed



Albers Equal Area, NAD 83

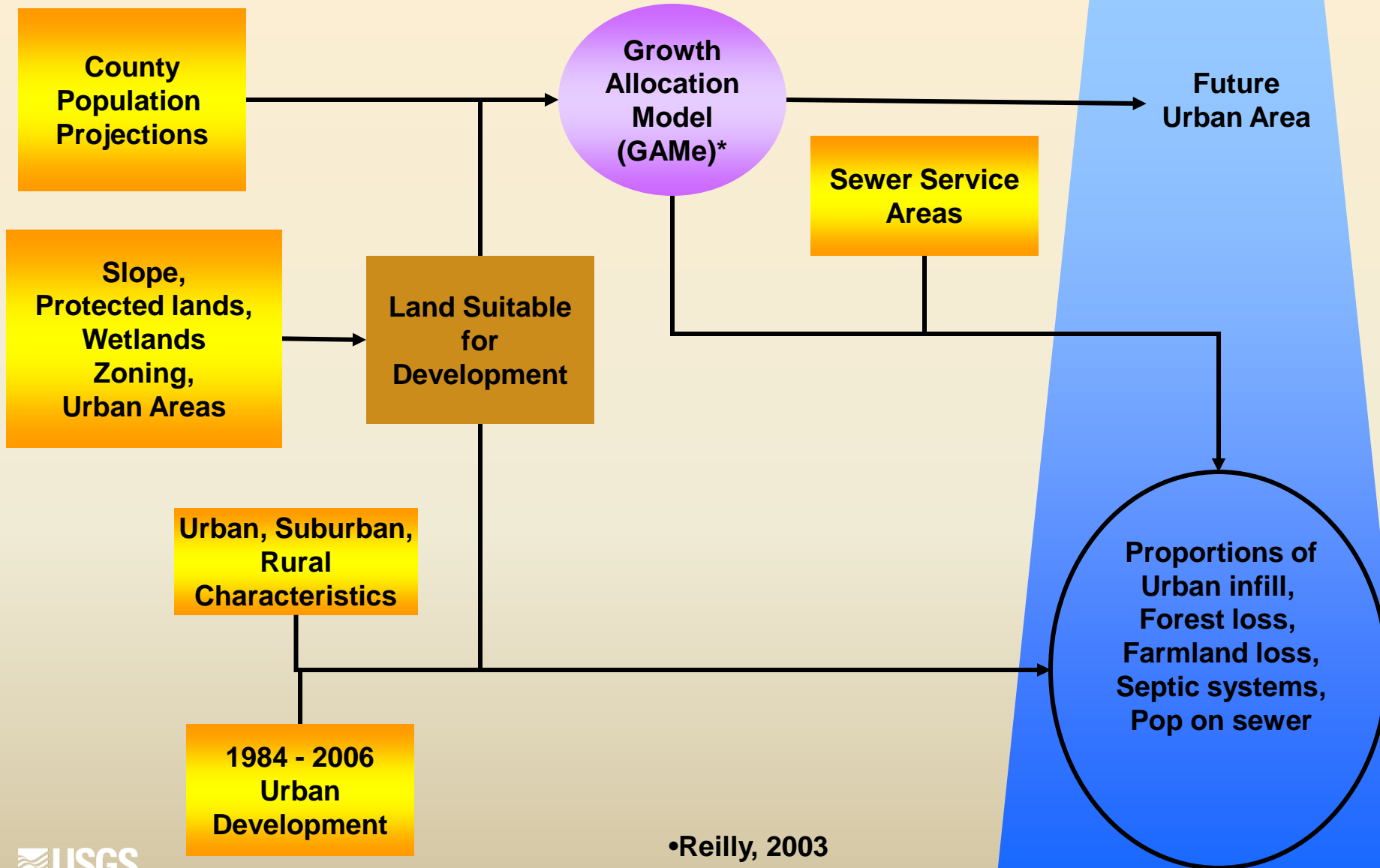
# Sewer Population (2010 - 2025) Chesapeake Bay Watershed



Albers Equal Area, NAD 83

# Chesapeake Bay Land Change Model (CBLCM v2, 2010)

Watershed Model  
Segments



# ***Caroline County, Virginia***

## **Historic Population (U.S. Census):**

**Year 1990 = 19,227**

**Year 2000 = 22,121**

## **Historic Housing (U.S. Census):**

**Year 1990 = 7,290**

**Year 2000 = 8,889**

## **Projected Population (VEC):**

**Year 2010 = 29,201**

**Year 2020 = 36,058**

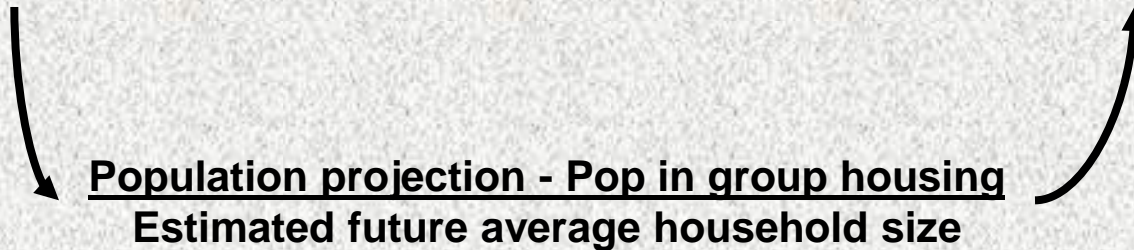
**Year 2030 = 43,662**

## **Projected Housing:**

**Year 2010 = 12,777**

**Year 2020 = 17,026**

**Year 2030 = 22,441**

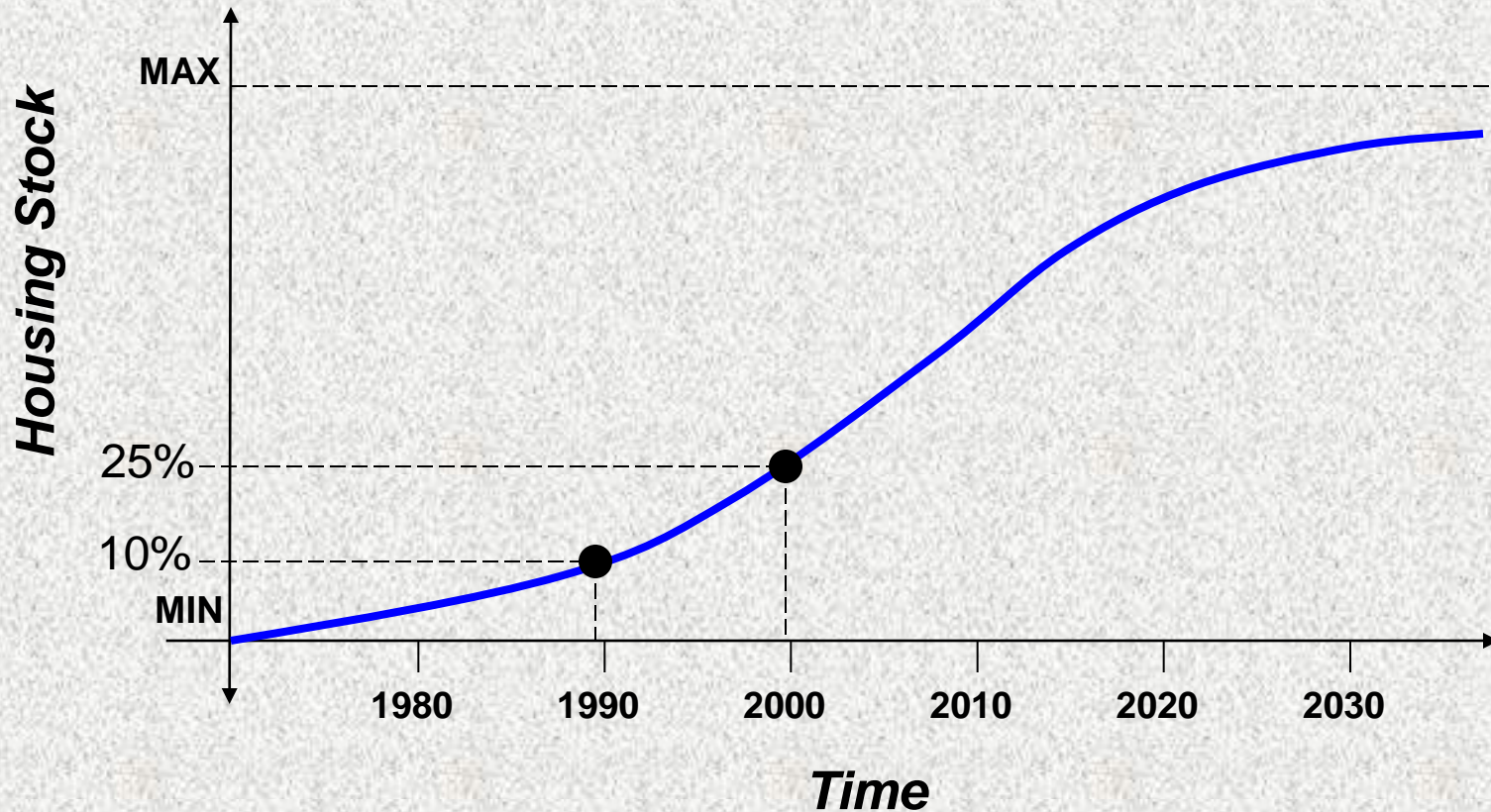


**+ Estimated vacant housing**

# Gompertz Curve

Future housing stock =

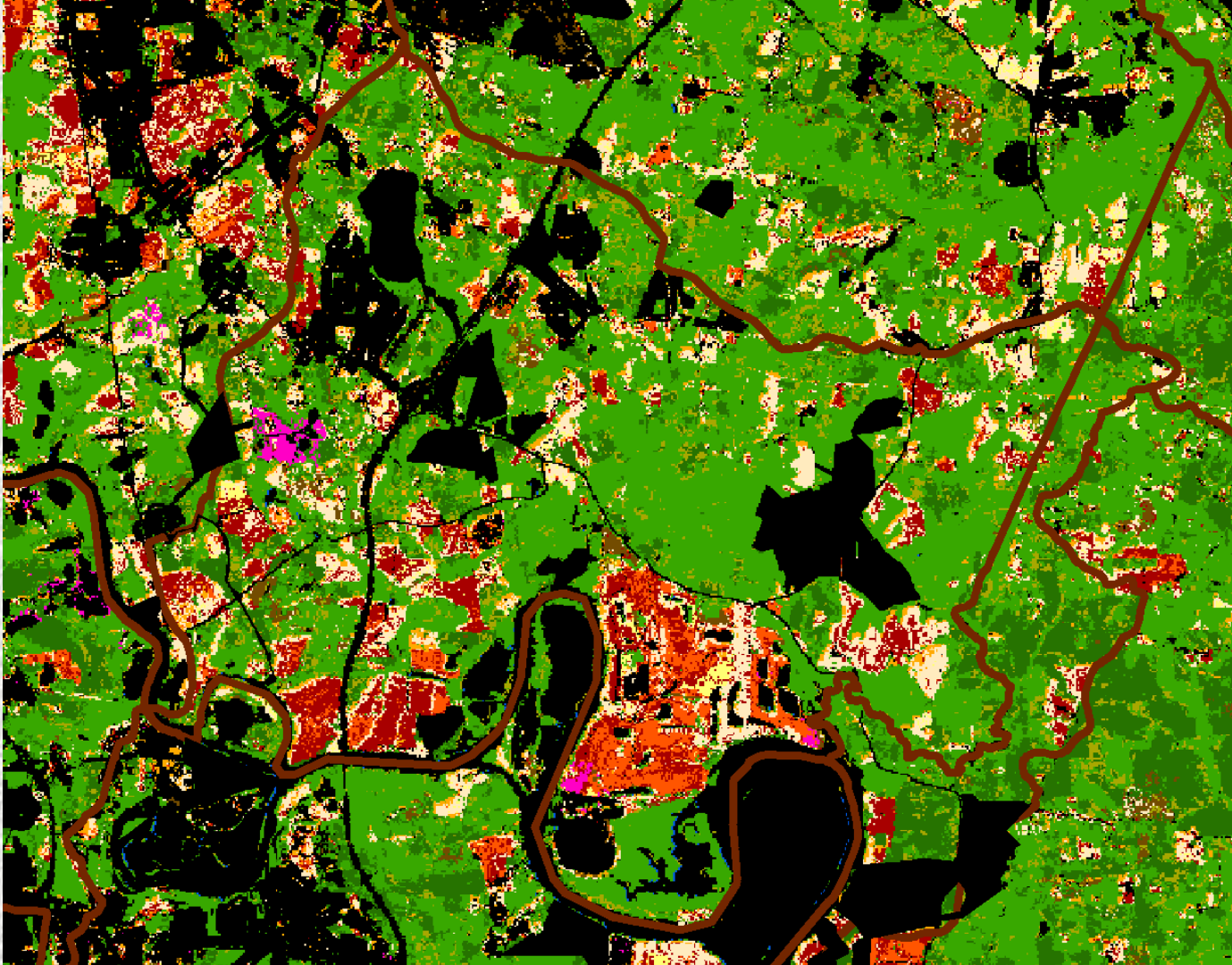
*f* (growth rate, maximum housing stock, and time)





# Maximum Housing Stock =

$$\text{Total Housing in 2000} + \frac{\text{Available land for development}}{\text{Developed acres per house}}$$



## ***Local scale: southern Caroline County segment***

### **Residential Housing (GIS analysis):**

**Year 1990 = 3,996 units**

**Year 2000 = 5,087 units**



### **Future Housing (Gompertz curve)**

**Year 2010 = 6,351 units**

**Year 2020 = 7,789 units**

**Year 2030 = 9,397 units**

### **County: Gompertz Ratios:**

**Year 2010 = 1.19**

**Year 2020 = 1.33**

**Year 2030 = 1.48**



### **Adjusted Future Housing:**

**Year 2010 = 7,559 units**

**Year 2020 = 10,341 units**

**Year 2030 = 13,910 units**

## **Future Urban Area in Southern Caroline County, Virginia**

**Year 2000 = 5,087 units..... 7,391 acres**

**Year 2030 = 5,087 existing units + 8,823 new units..... ? acres**

**2030 Urban Area = 2000 Urban Area +  
(additional units \* urban land per house \* density  
adjustment factor)**

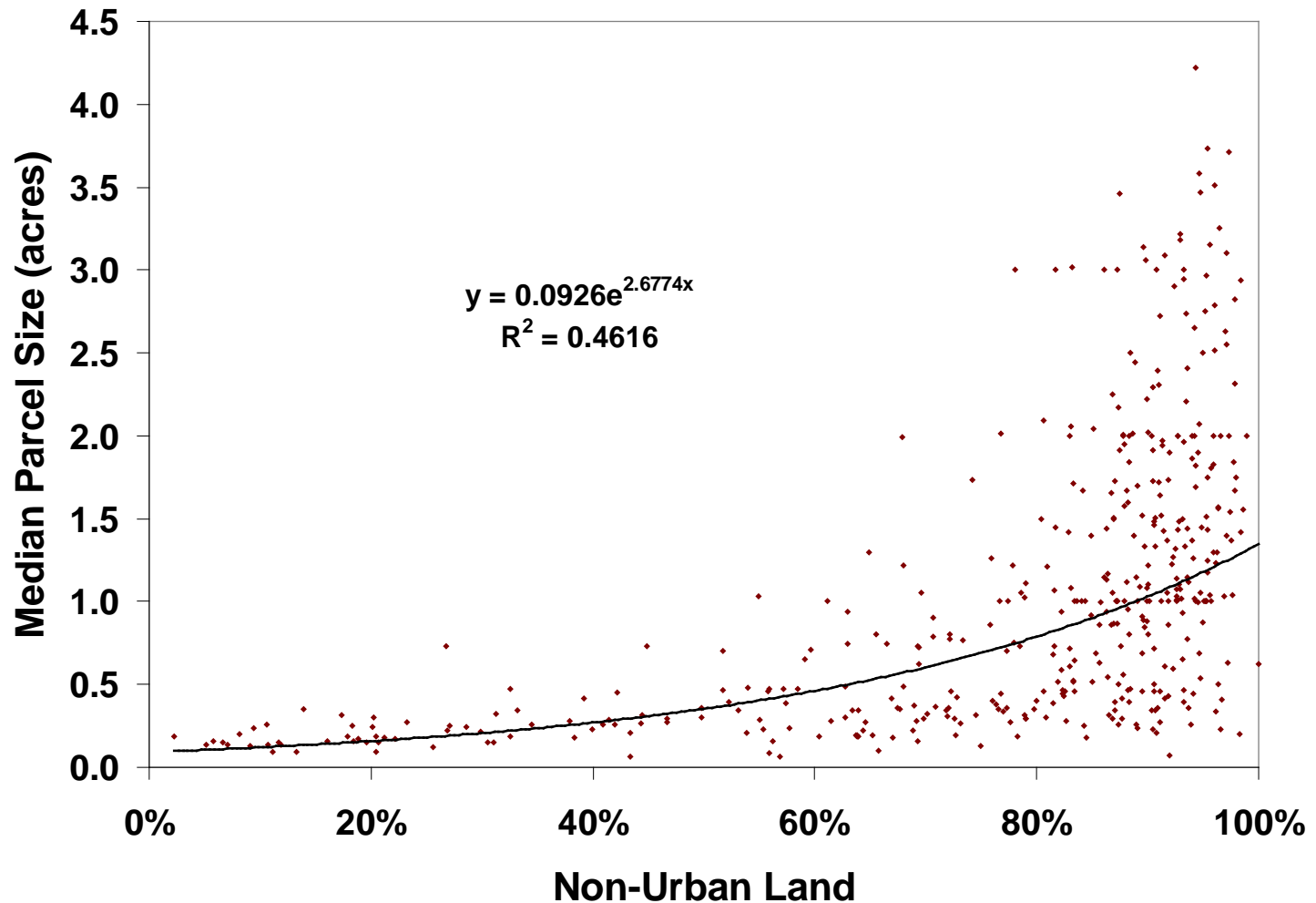
**= 7,391 acres + (8,823 units \* 1.45 \* 0.91)**

**= 19,089 acres (subtract for infill growth and barren)**

**= 18,333 acres**

# Density Factor Adjustment

$f$  (% non-urban land in modeling segment)



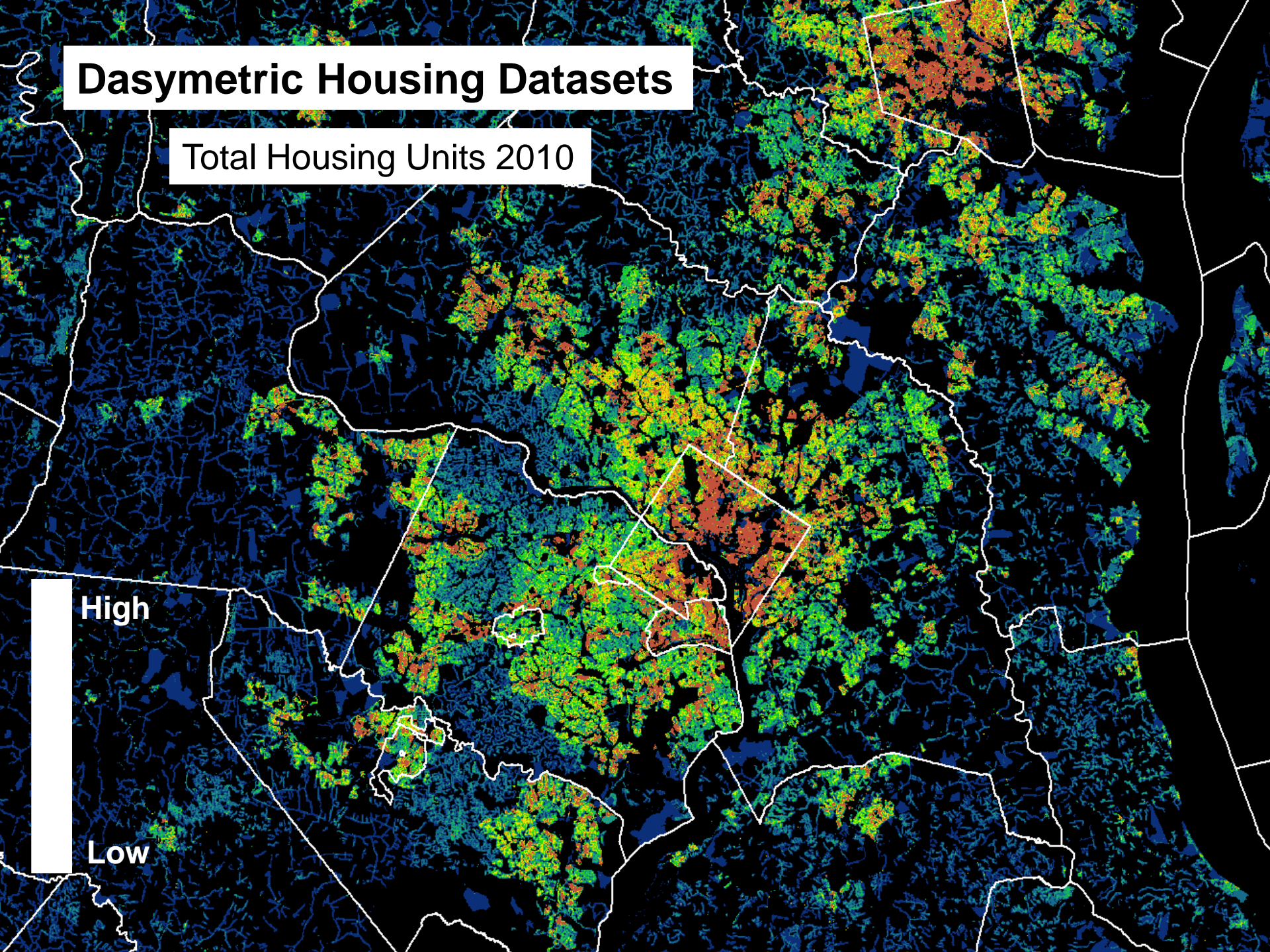


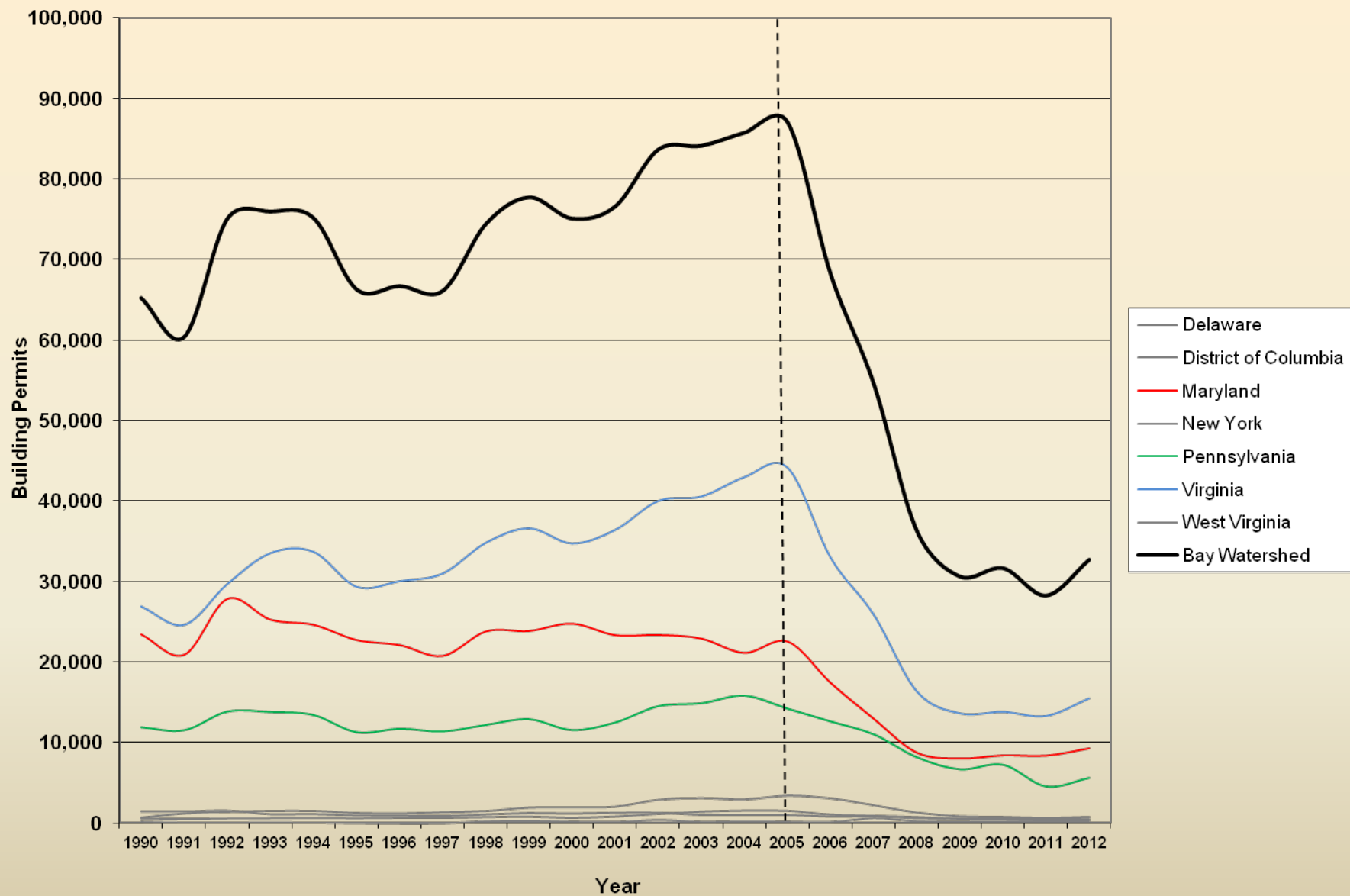
# Dasymetric Housing Datasets

Total Housing Units 2010

High

Low





# **Estimating Population on Sewer and On-site Septic Systems 2010 – 2015 by Modeling Segment**

## **# of septic systems in 2010 =**

total housing units outside yr. 2000 sewer service areas \*  
ratio of single-detached households to total housing units outside sewer  
service areas

## **# of septic systems in 2015 = septics in 2010 +**

total housing units change (2010 – 2015) \* potential growth on septic† \*  
ratio of single-detached households to total housing units outside future  
sewer service areas \* County 5-yr rate of change in proportion of  
single-unit building permits

## **† Potential growth on sewer considers:**

proportion of historical growth (1984 – 2006) on sewer  
proportion of change in total housing units on sewer (2000 – 2010)  
proportion of remaining land available for development within future  
sewer service area

# Estimating Population on Sewer by Modeling Segment

**Population on Sewer in 2010 =**

(Total Population 2010)

- (# of Septic Systems / Average Household Size

2010)

**Population on Sewer in 2015 =**

(Total Population 2015)†

- (# of Septic Systems / Average Household Size est.

2015)

**† Total population in future years =**

[Total housing unit change \* ratio of households to housing units \*  
average household size in 2010 \* (1- proportion of pop change due to  
migration)] +

[Total housing unit change \* ratio of households to housing units \*  
average household size in 2015 \* (proportion of pop change due to  
migration)]

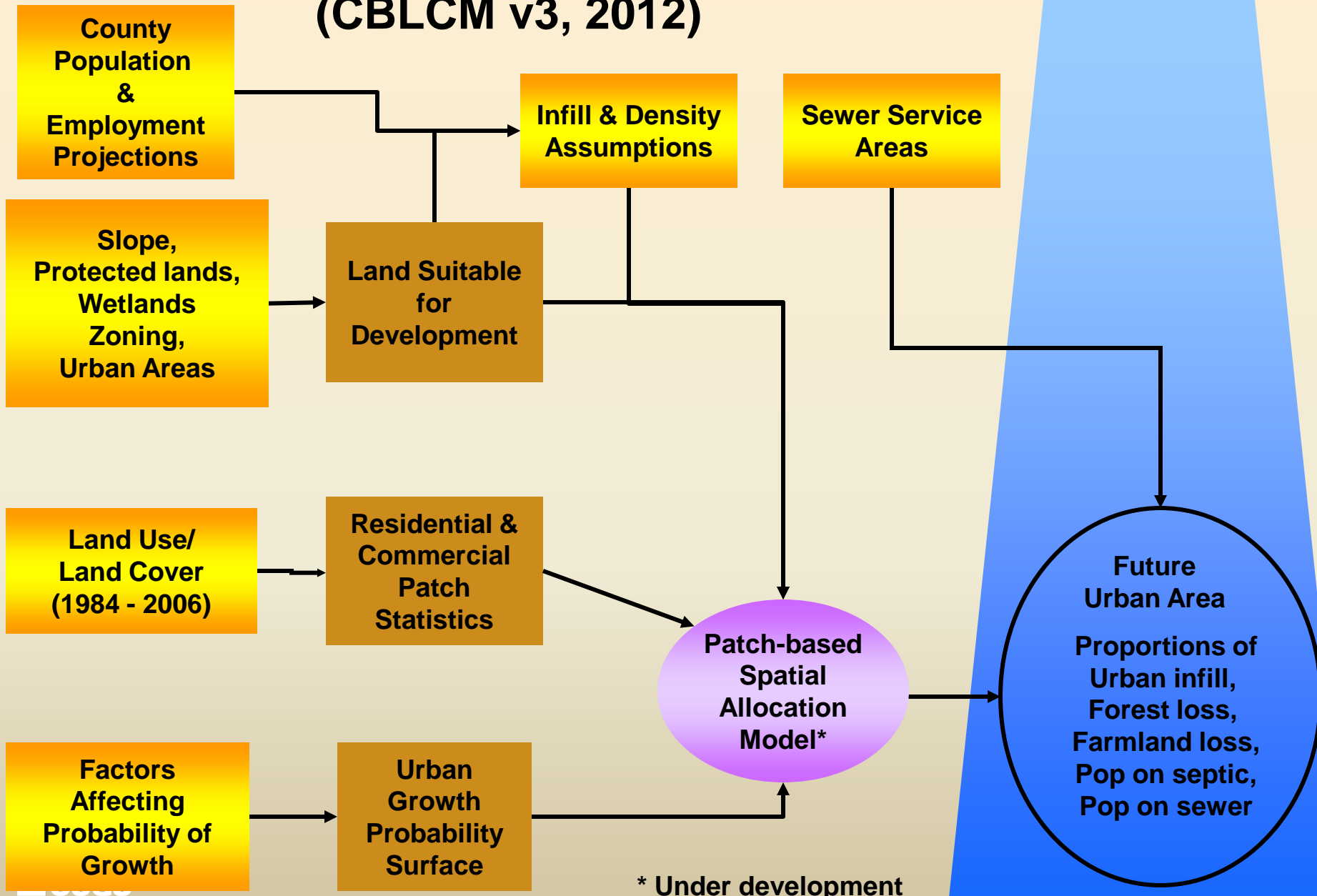


# Some Important Issues

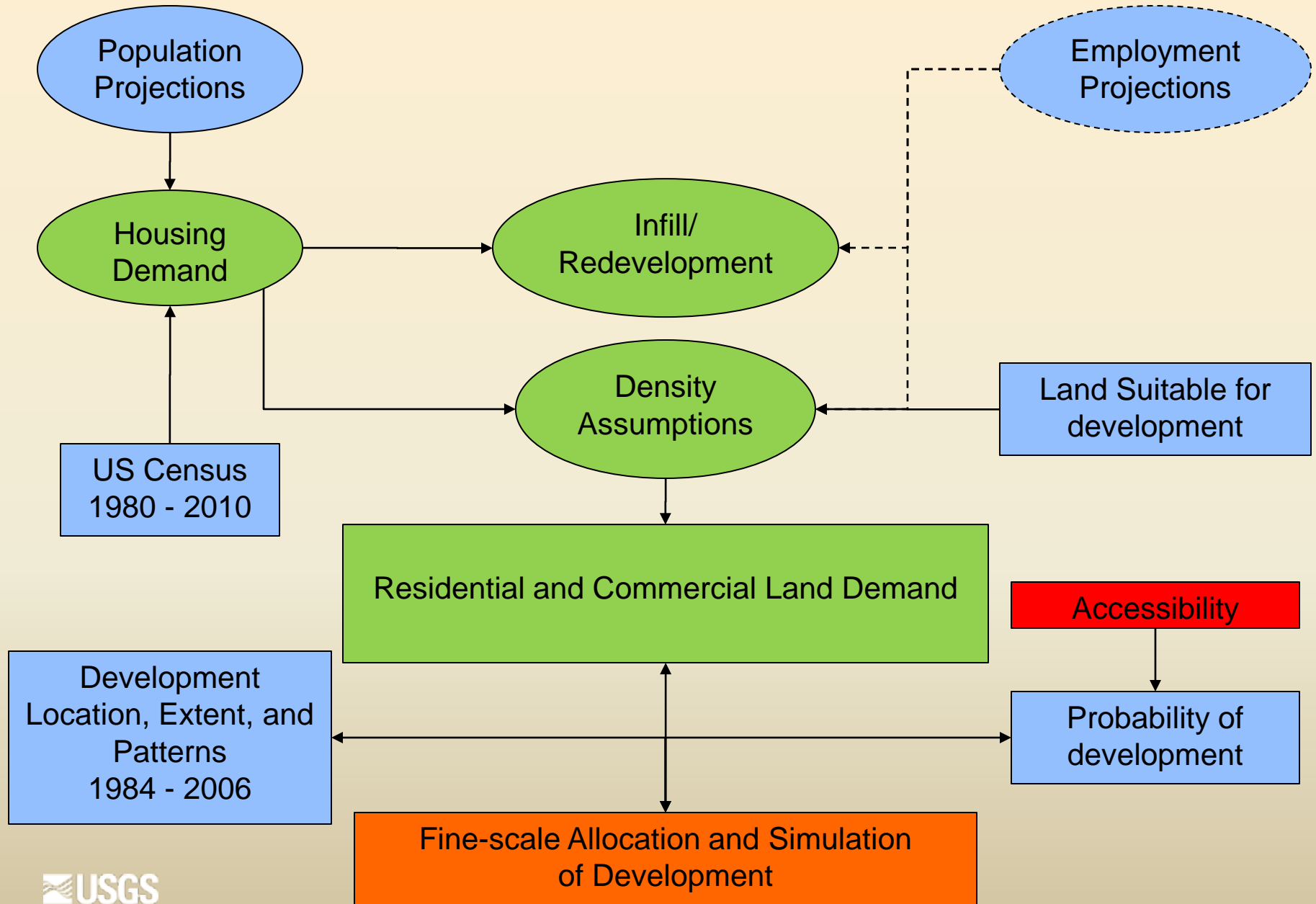
- Ground-truth data comparison
- Single-attached households on septic?
- Vacant housing units on septic?
- Segment vs County vs State scale generalizations
- Consideration of migration when converting households to population

# Chesapeake Bay Land Change Model (CBLCM v3, 2012)

Watershed Model  
Segments



# Chesapeake Bay Land Change Model v3a



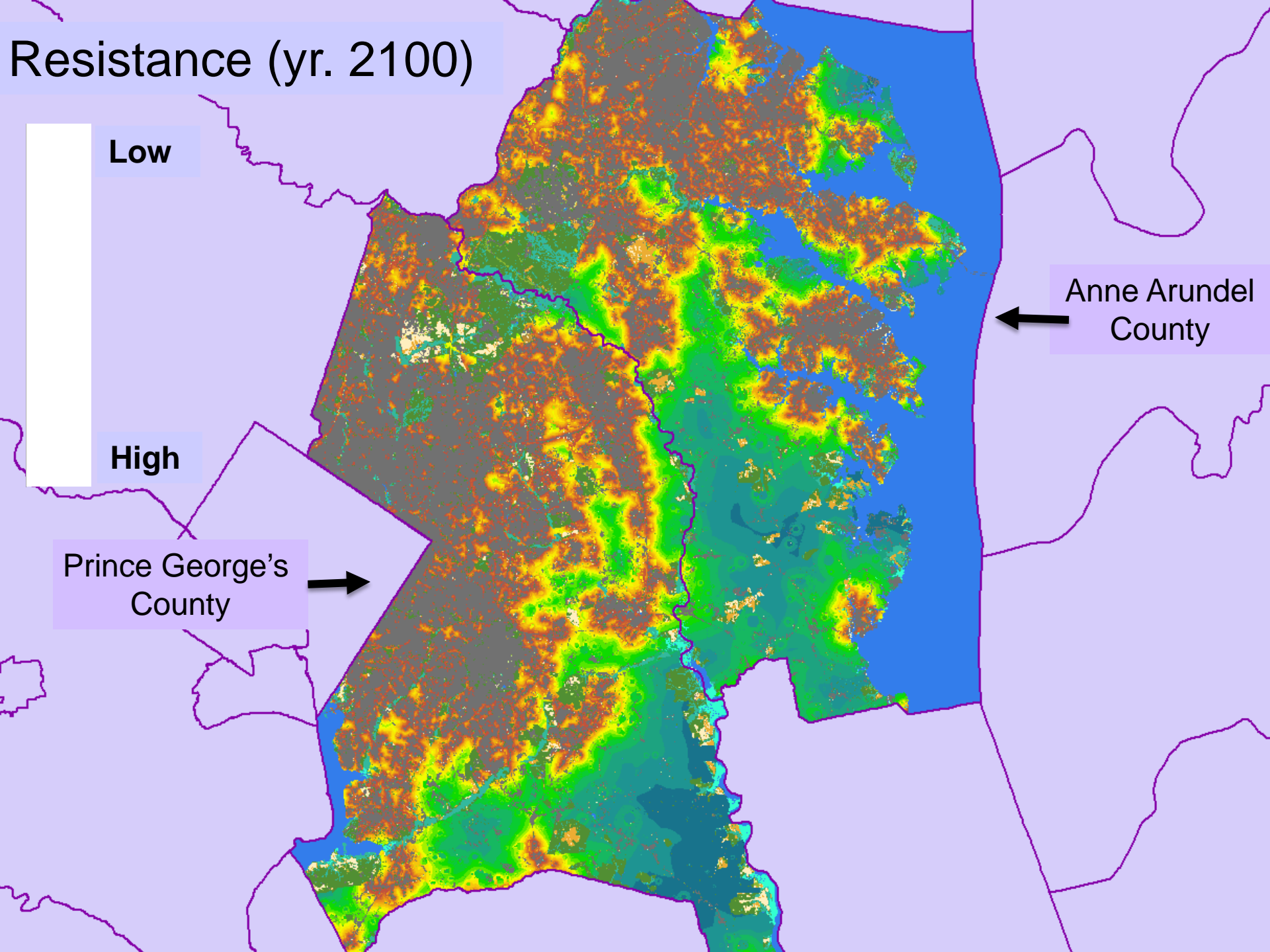
# Resistance (yr. 2100)

Low

High

Prince George's  
County

Anne Arundel  
County





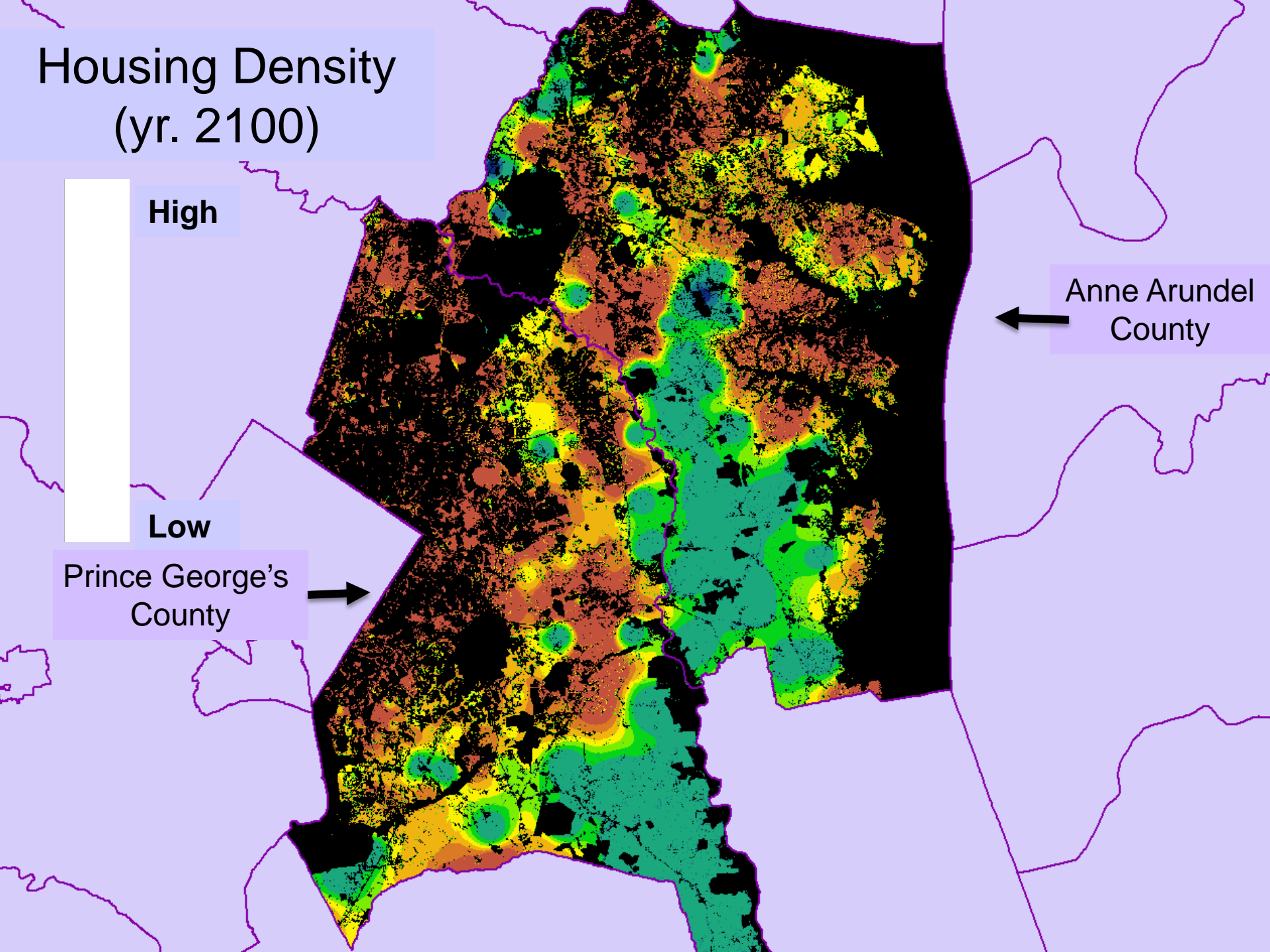
# Housing Density (yr. 2100)

High

Low

Prince George's  
County

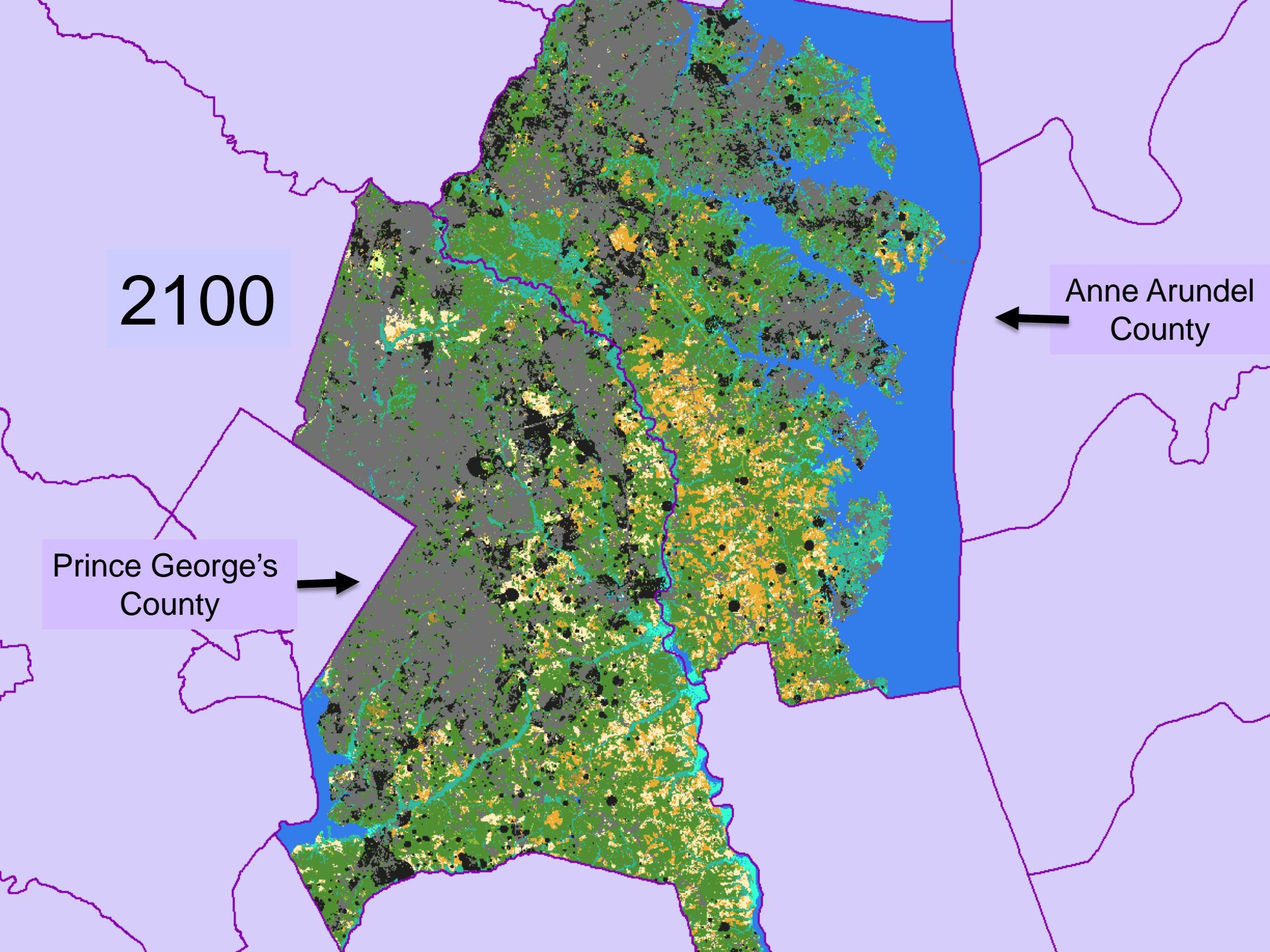
Anne Arundel  
County



2100

Prince George's  
County

Anne Arundel  
County

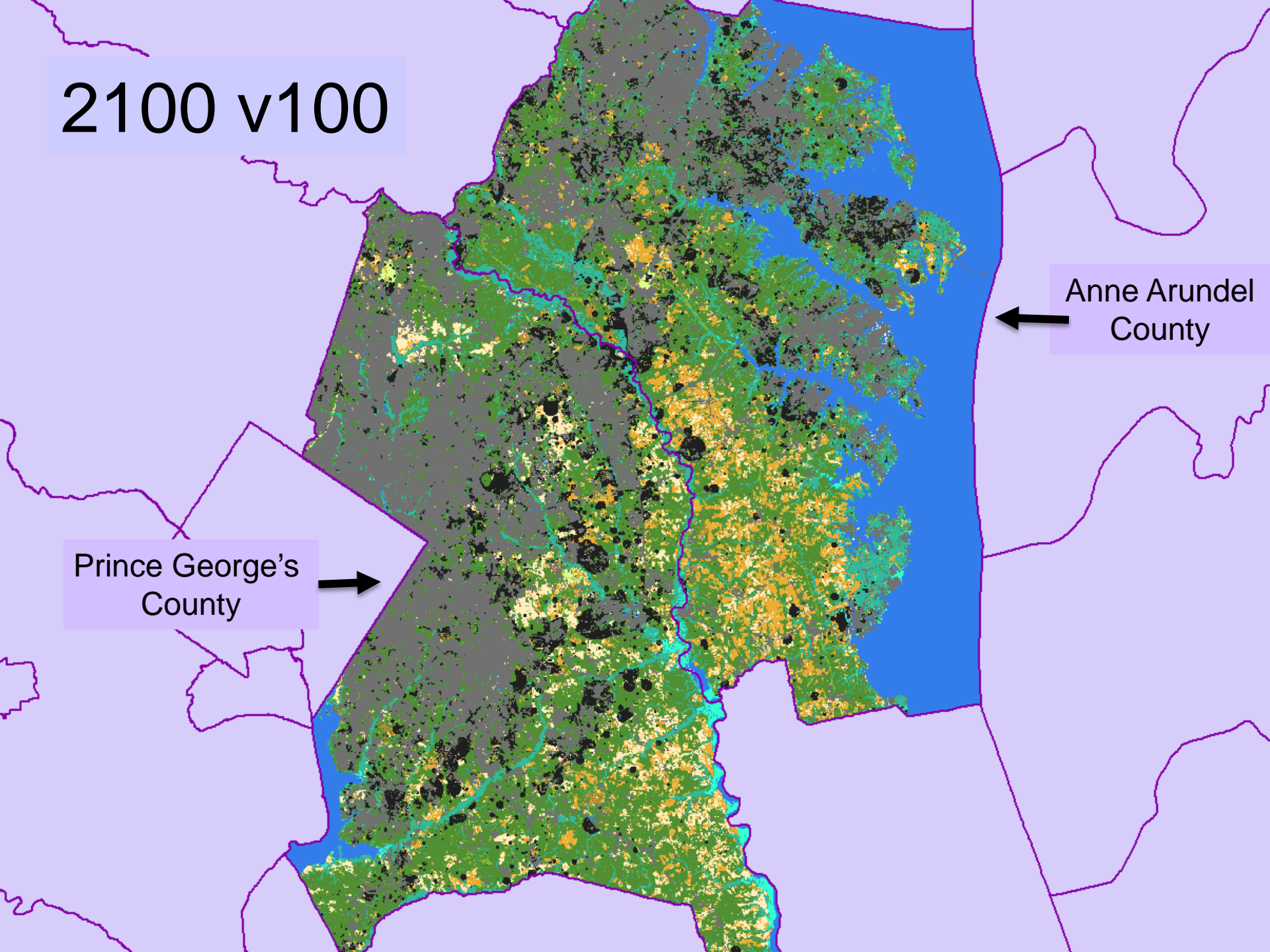




2100 v100

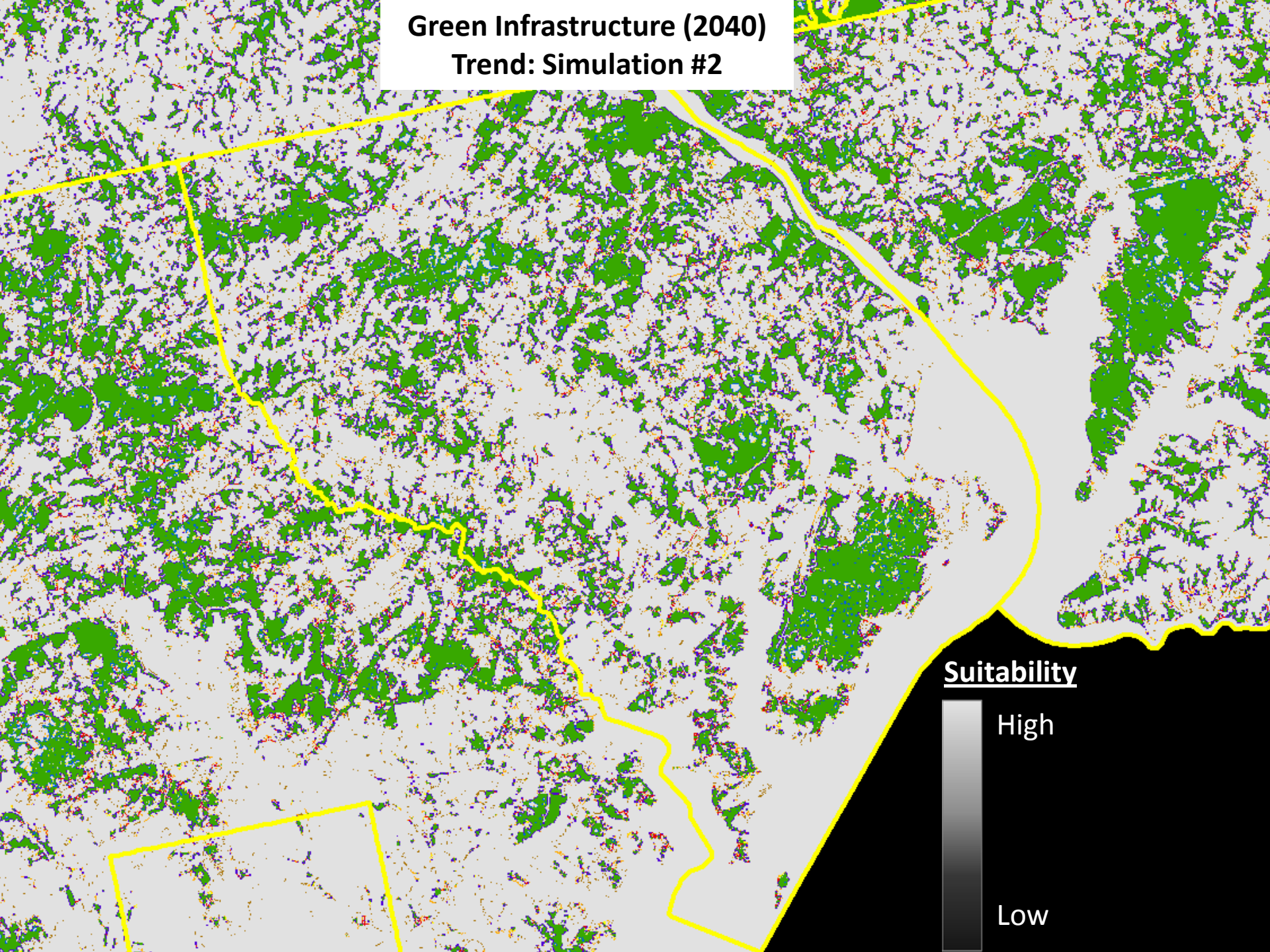
Prince George's  
County

Anne Arundel  
County





**Green Infrastructure (2040)**  
**Trend: Simulation #2**



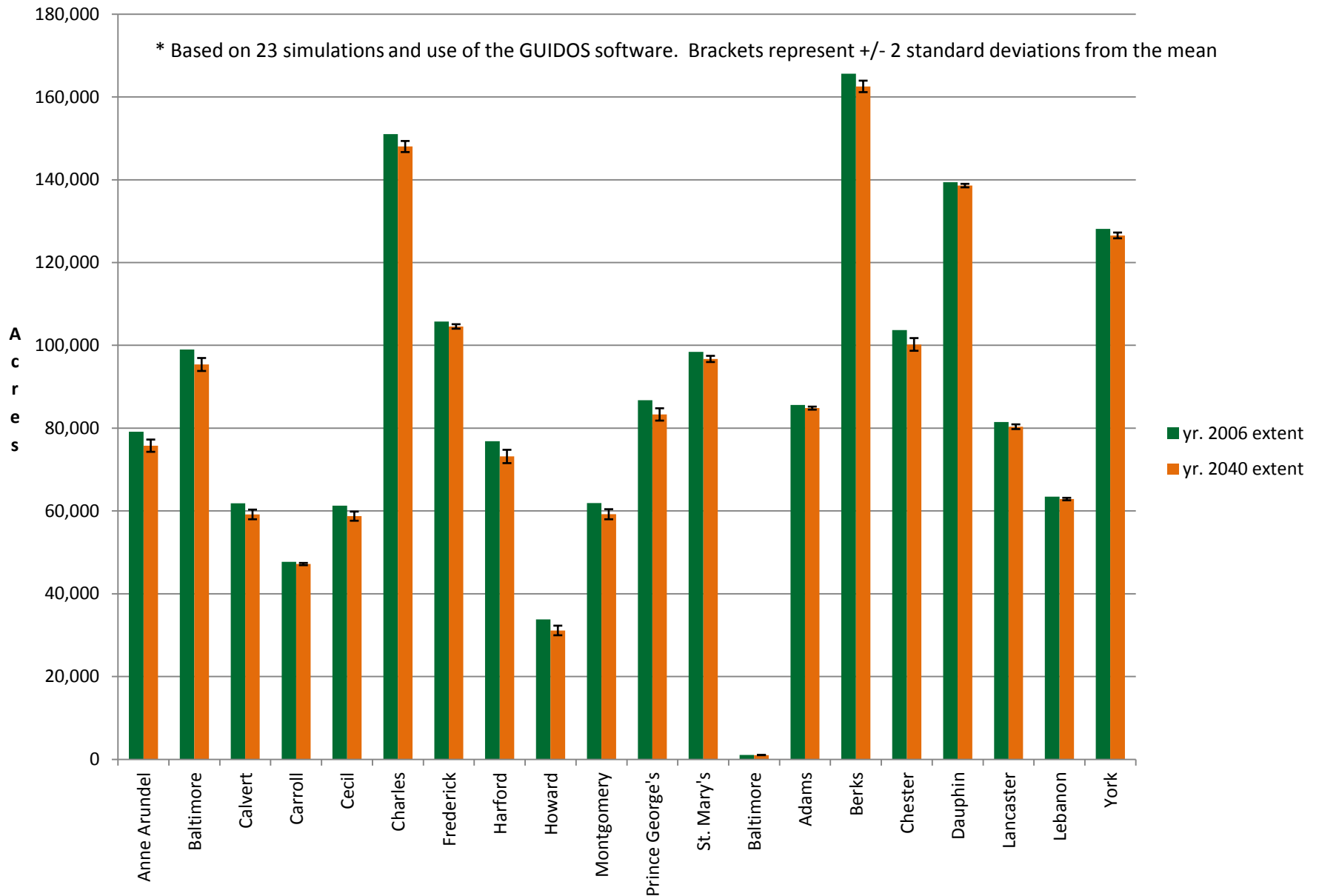
Suitability

High

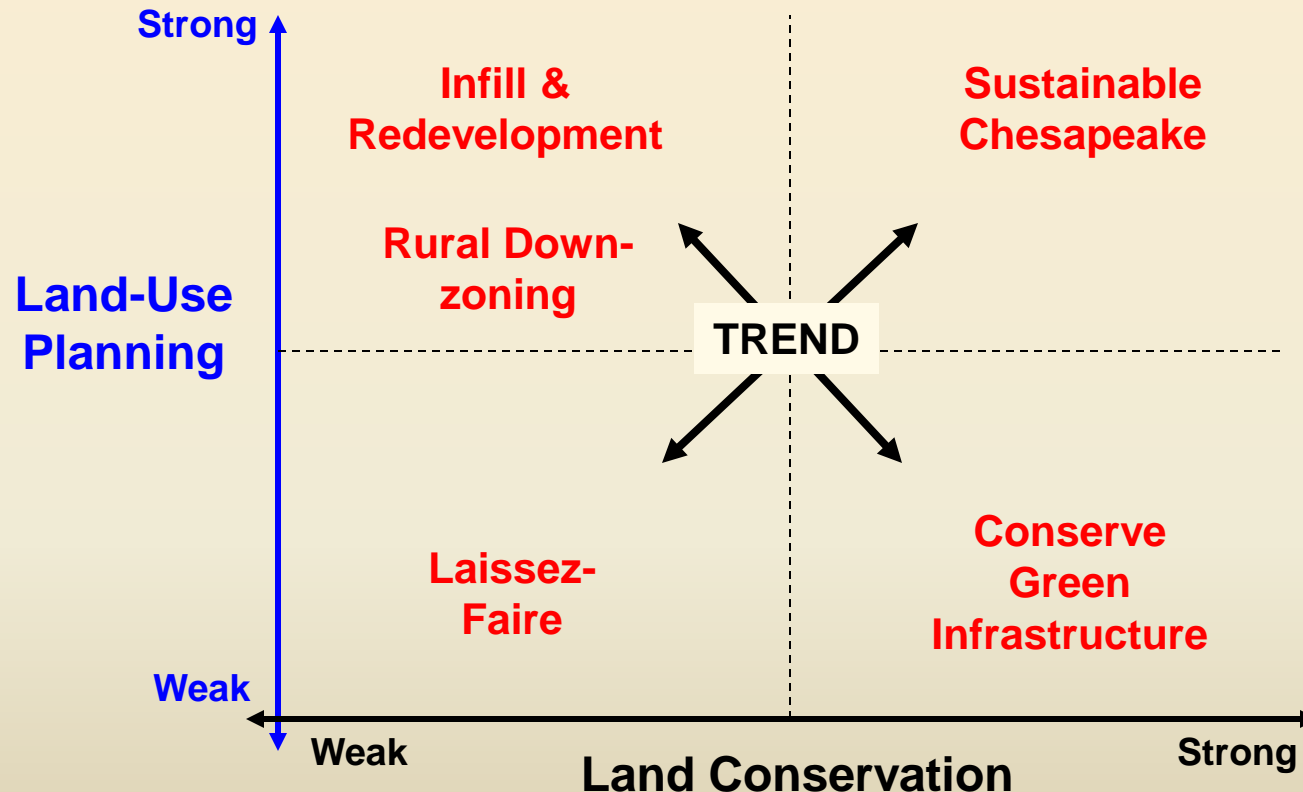
Low



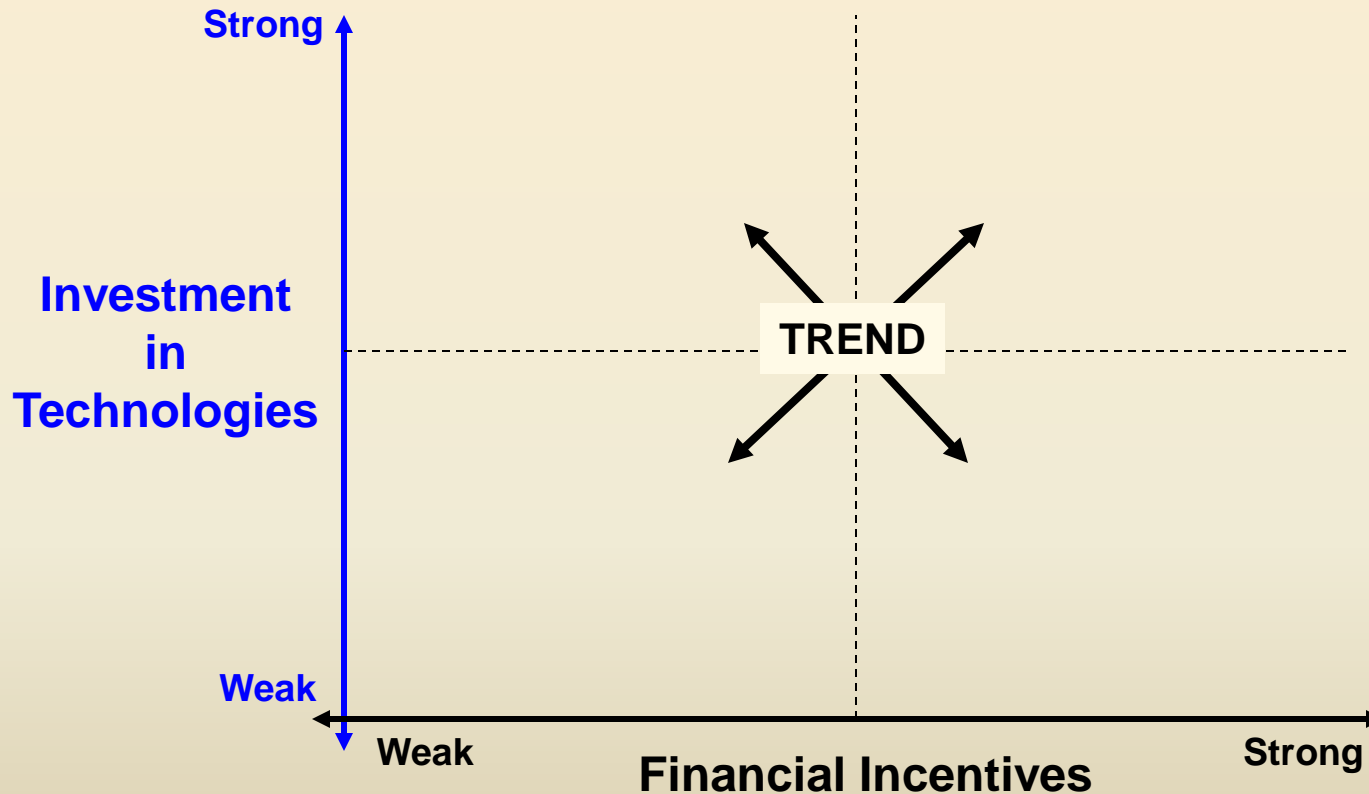
## Change in Core Forest Extent 2006 - 2040



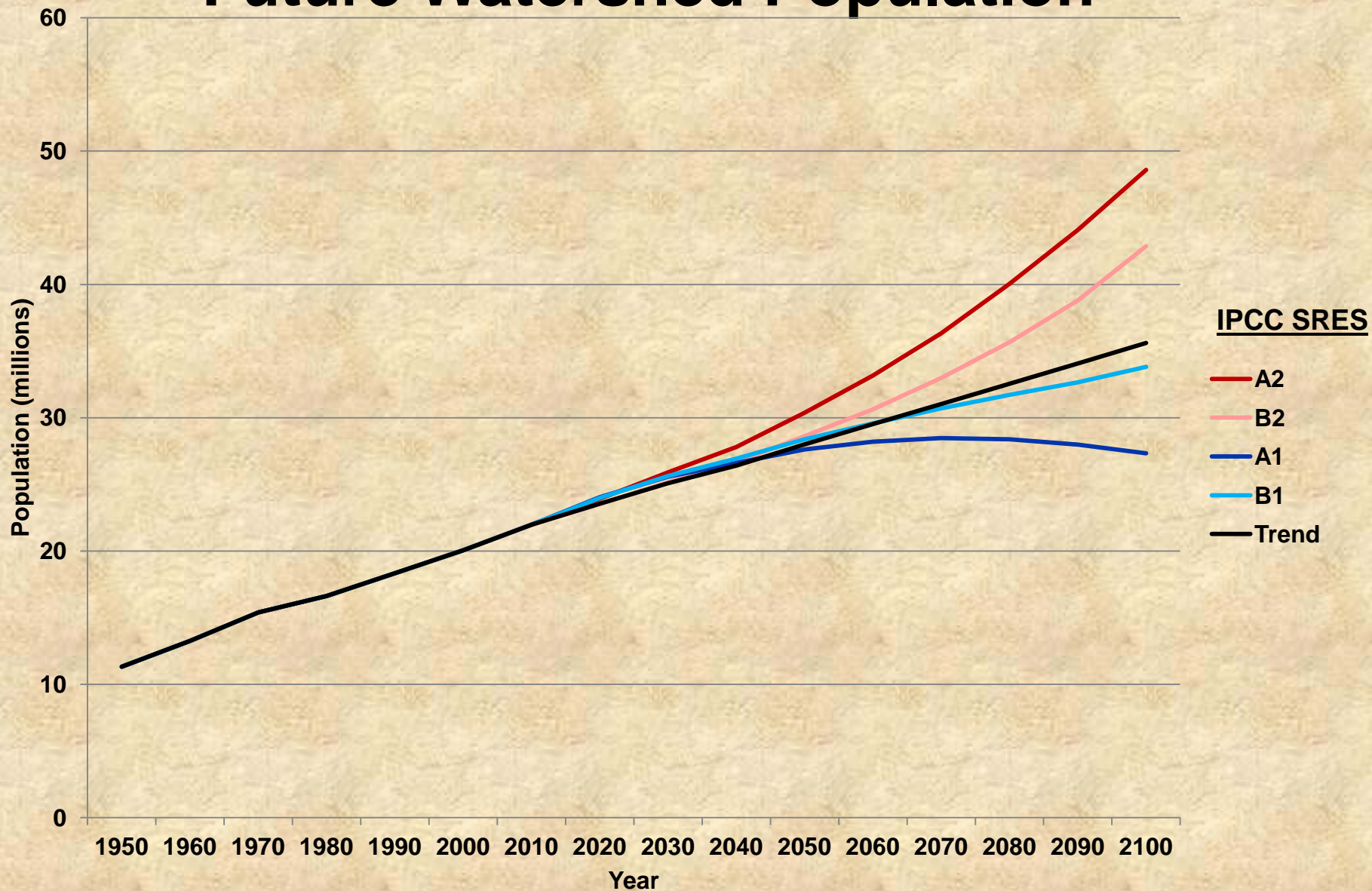
# Chesapeake Bay Alternative Future Development Scenarios



# Chesapeake Bay Alternative Future Development Scenarios



# Future Watershed Population





## Major Assumptions in CBLCM v2

1. Urban growth is dictated by population growth
2. Onsite wastewater treatment systems = occupied single-detached housing units outside sewer service areas
3. Historic urban growth patterns at the sub-county level will continue if the county population is projected to increase and land remains available for development.
4. Historic proportions of forest to farmland converted to development are fixed.

# Criteria for Evaluating Projections

- Credible:  
supported by the best available information and data, assumptions, and by comparisons with independent information demonstrating accuracy.
- Transparent:  
based on thoroughly documented, published, and accessible methods and/or data sources.