

Establishing Phase III WIPs on 2025 Conditions

Peter Claggett, Fred Irani, Quentin Stubbs, and Renee Thompson U.S. Geological Survey

December 7, 2015

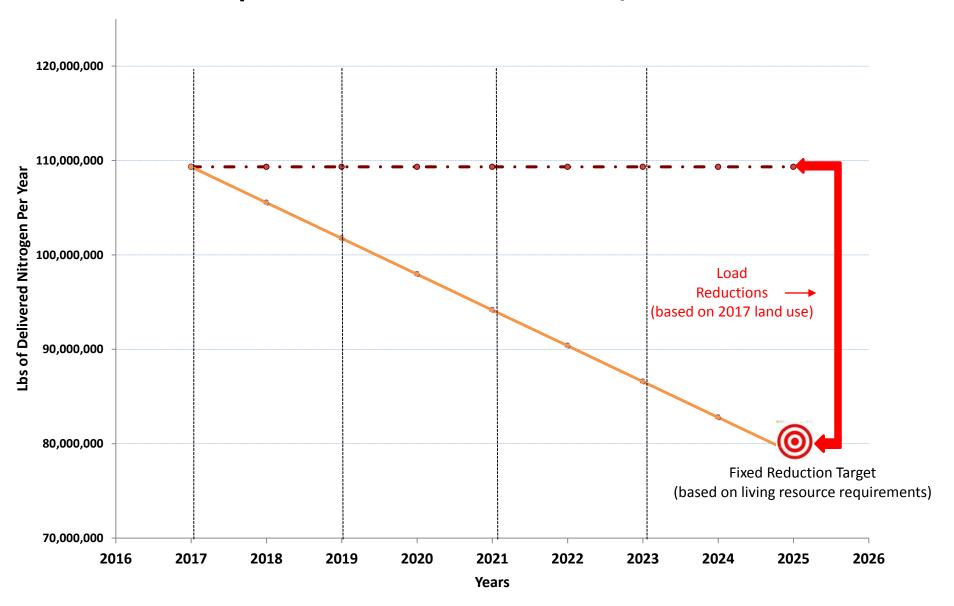
Land Use Workgroup Meeting

Rationale for basing the Phase III WIPs on future 2025 conditions

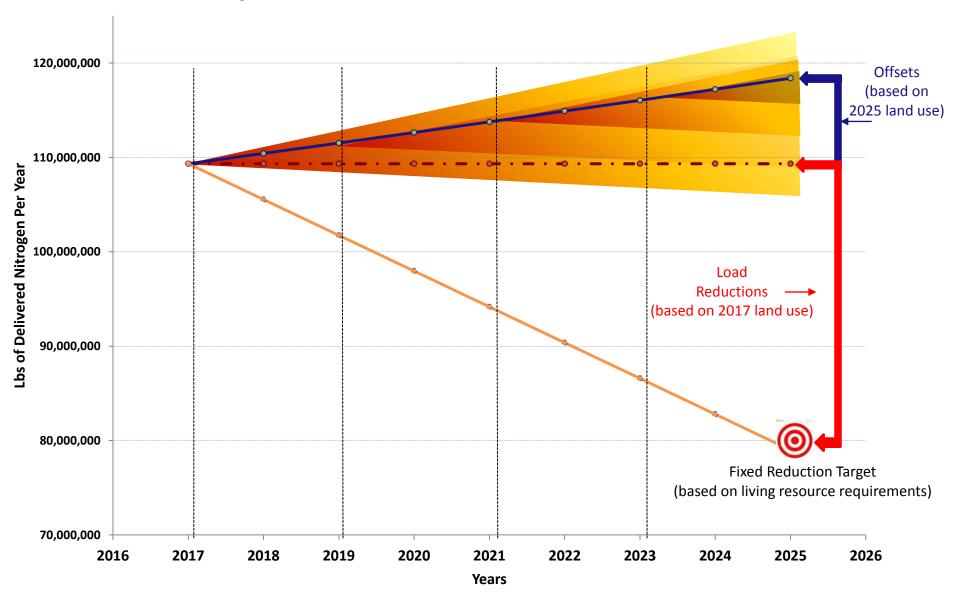
- Implementation of actions to restore the Bay are planned to take 10 years (2015 – 2025).
- Population of the watershed will increase by ~ 1 million persons by 2025.
- 3. Bay TMDL requires that all increases in loads of nutrients and sediments are offset.
- 4. Offsets are based on differences in loads between:
 - 2025 BMPs on a 2015 land use and climate, vs.
 - 2025 BMPs on a 2025 land use and climate.



Offsets Required for Growth in Nutrient/sediment Loads



Offsets Required for Growth in Nutrient/sediment Loads



Crediting Conservation in the TMDL?

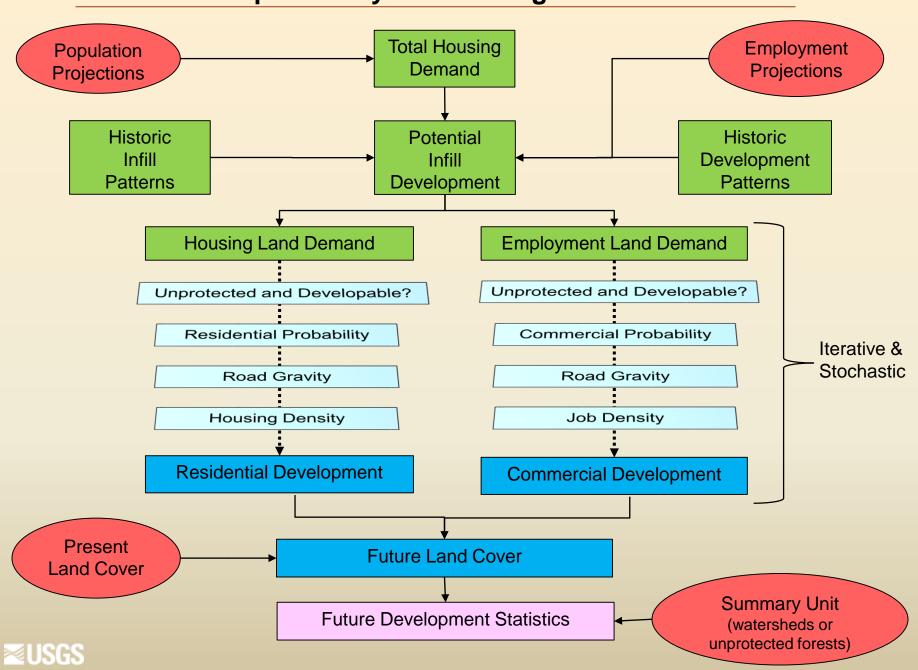
Answer: Conservation avoids potential increases in loads due to the conversion of forests and farms.

Interest from:

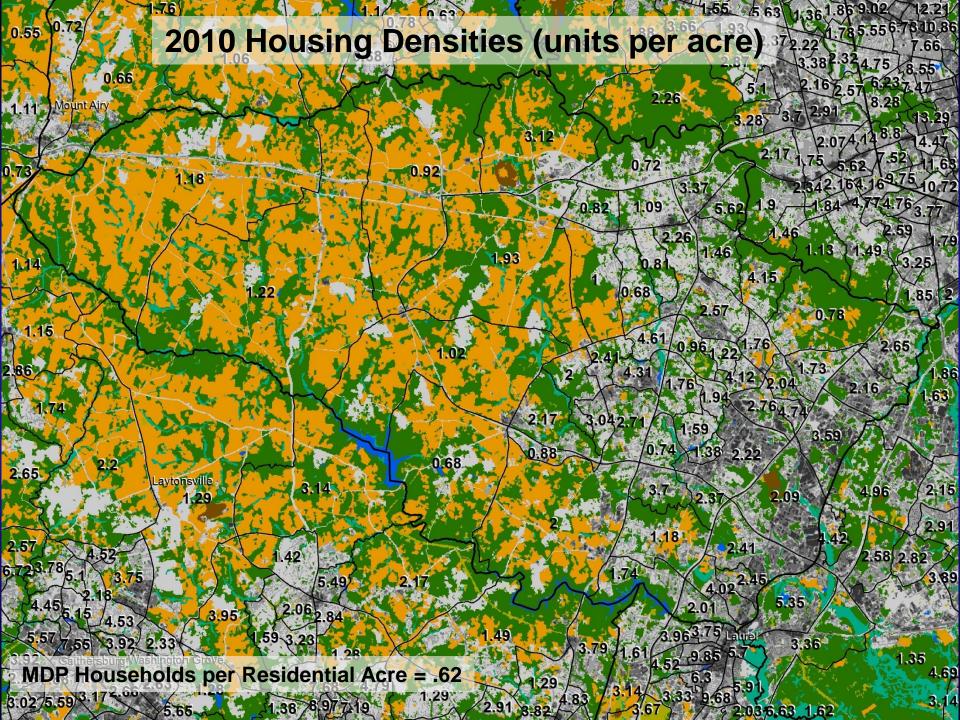
- US Environmental Protection Agency
- Chesapeake Bay Commission
- American Farmland Trust
- The Nature Conservancy
- Chesapeake Conservancy
- Virginia Department of Forestry
- Maryland Partners for Open Space

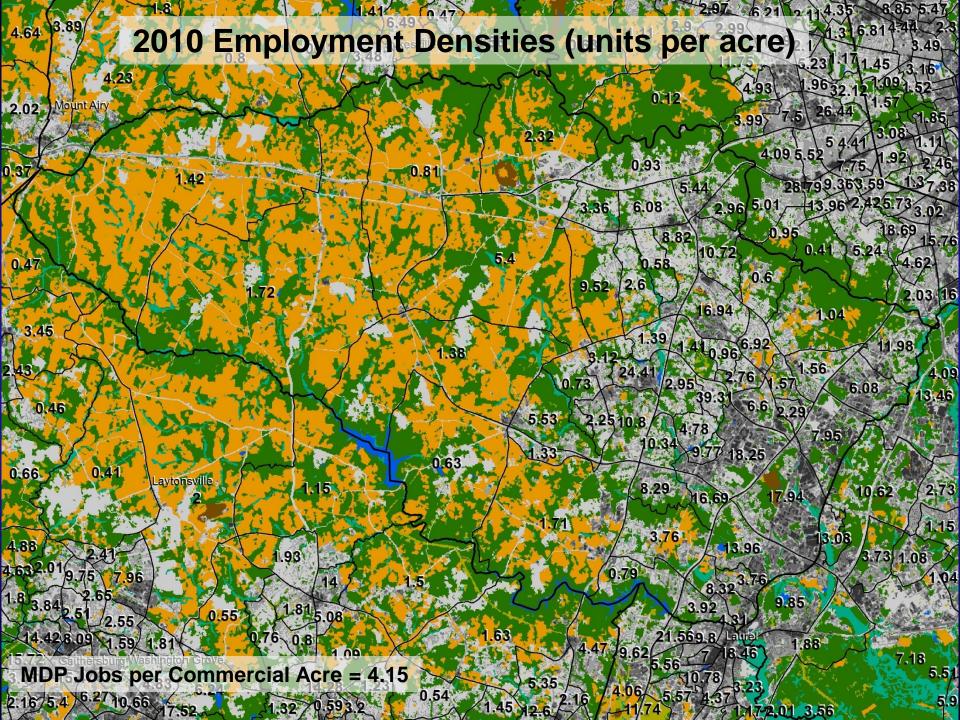


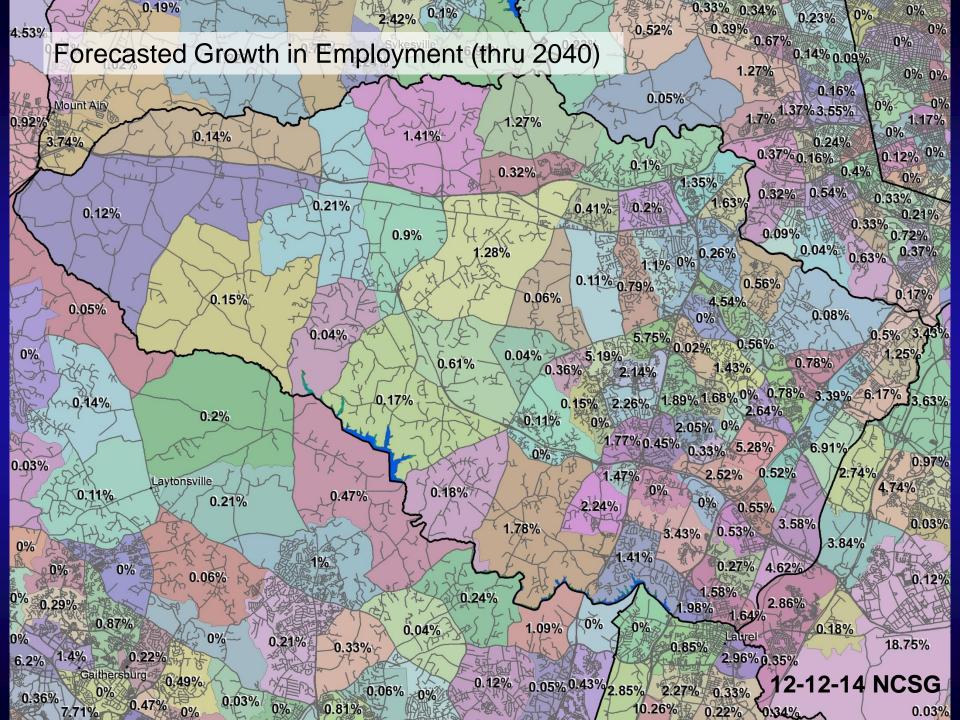
Chesapeake Bay Land Change Model v3a

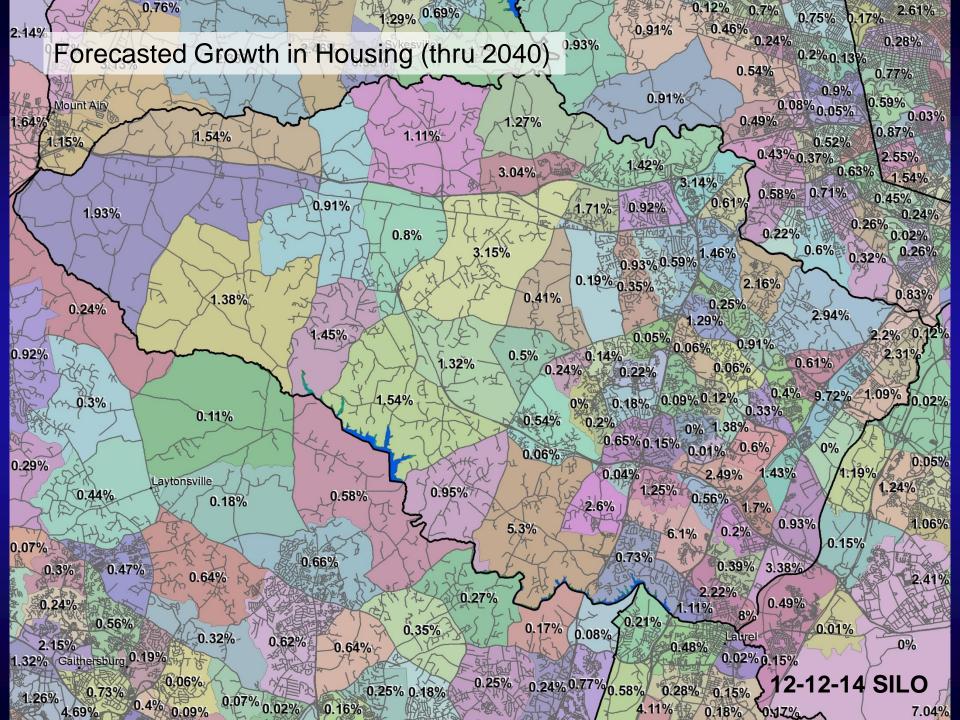


Under-detection of Land Cover Change in Howard County (aka "Infill") Infill Rate in Howard County (2000 - 2010) = 37% Gaithersburg Washington Grove Disclaimer: These data are preliminary and are subject to revision. They are being provided to meet the need for timely 'best science' information. The assessment is provided on the condition that neither the U.S. Geological Survey nor the United States Government may be held liable for any damages resulting from the authorized or unauthorized use of the assessment.









Future Scenarios

- 1. Continuation of current policies (POL)
- 2. Accelerated urbanization (URB)
- 3. Decelerated urbanization (LAX)
- 4. Focused land conservation (CON)



Future Scenarios: POLicy

- Exclude all developed land uses, emergent wetlands, open water
- Exclude steep slopes (> 21%)
- Base proportions of future development in urban and rural areas on metropolitan travel demand forecasts
- Outside metro areas, use historic proportions of 70% urban, 30% rural.
- Include rural parcels along sewer extensions in urban zone.



Future Scenarios: URBanization

- Increase infill/redevelopment rate by 15%
- Increase residential and commercial densities by 15% each decade.
- Increase proportion of growth in urban areas by 15%, decrease proportion in rural areas by 15%.



Future Scenarios: Laissez-faire (LAX)

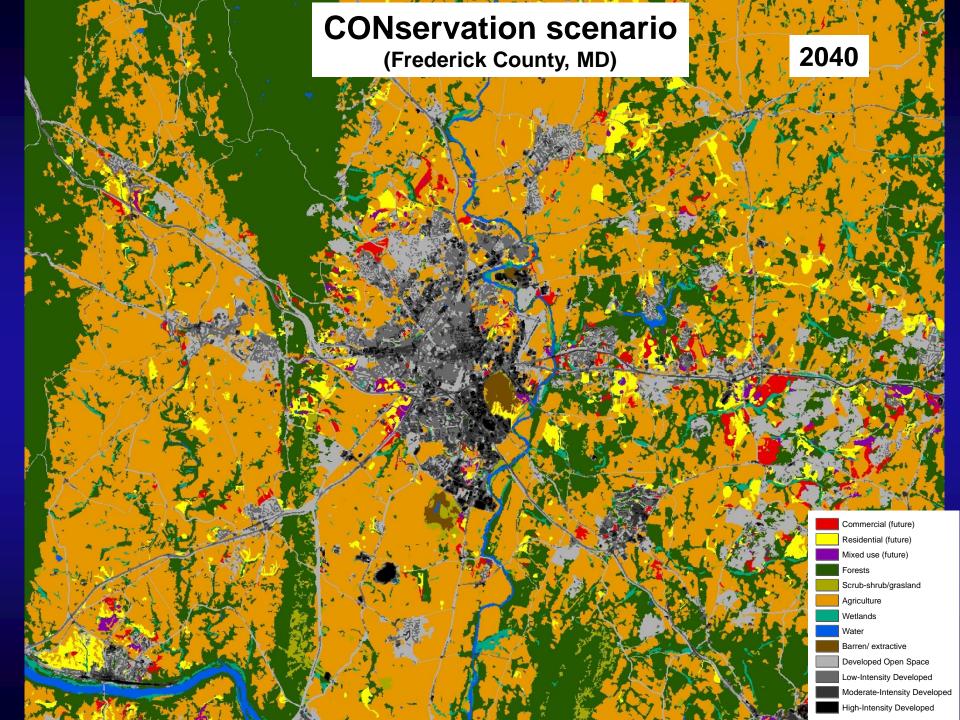
- Decrease infill/redevelopment rate by 15%
- Decrease residential and commercial densities by15% each decade.
- Decrease proportion of growth in urban areas by 15%, increase proportion in rural areas by 15%.

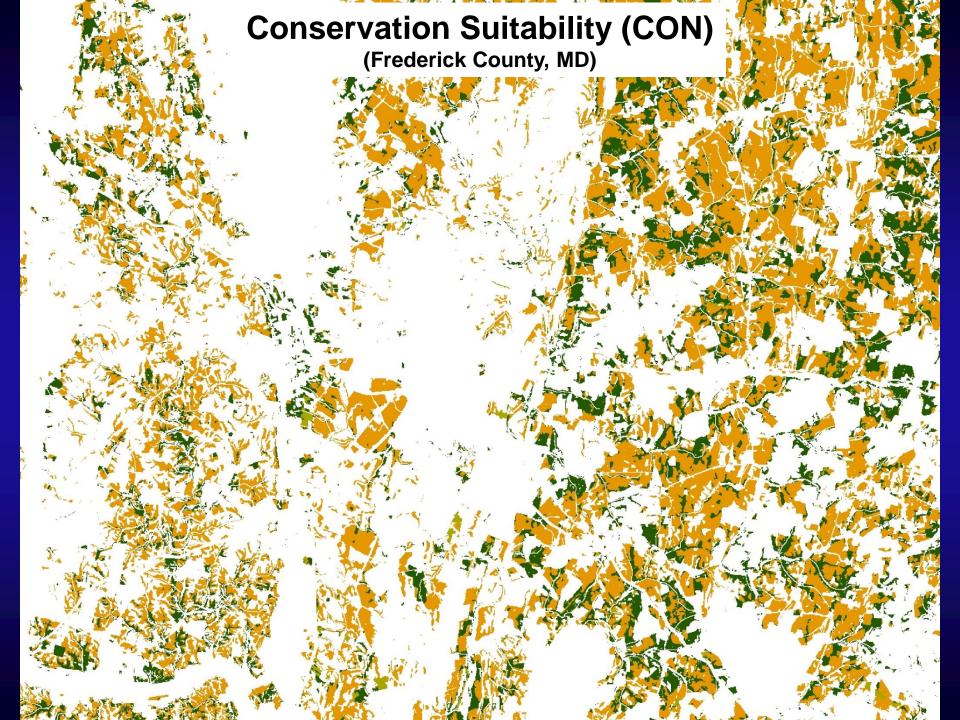


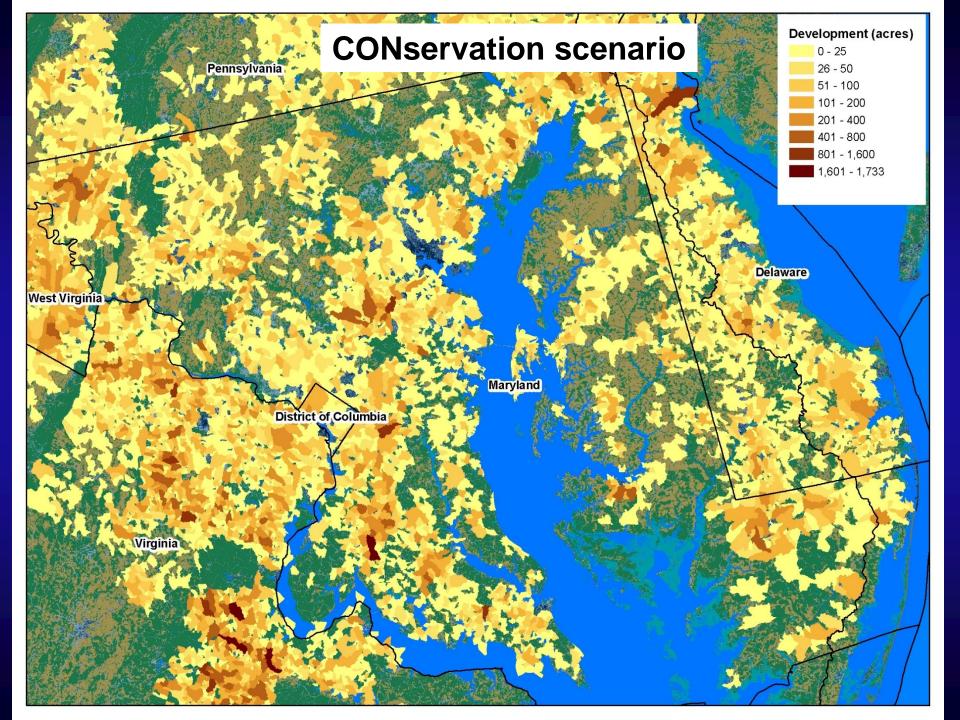
Future Scenarios: CONservation

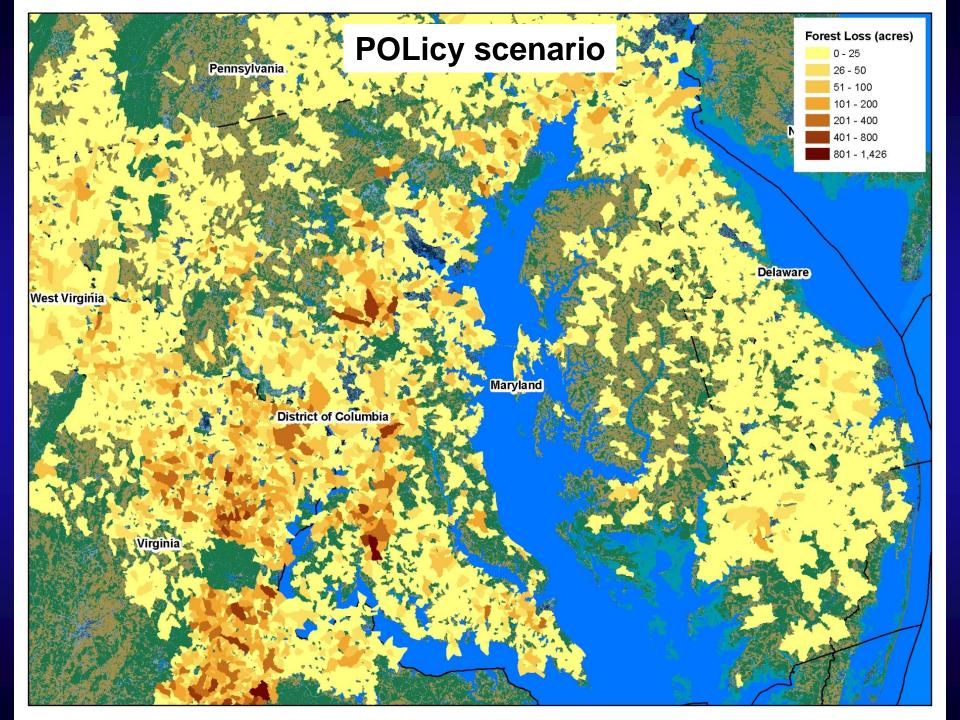
- Protect all wetlands (National Wetlands Inventory)
- Protect all forested/scrub habitat with >= 250acres interior
- Protect all prime soils (SSURGO database)

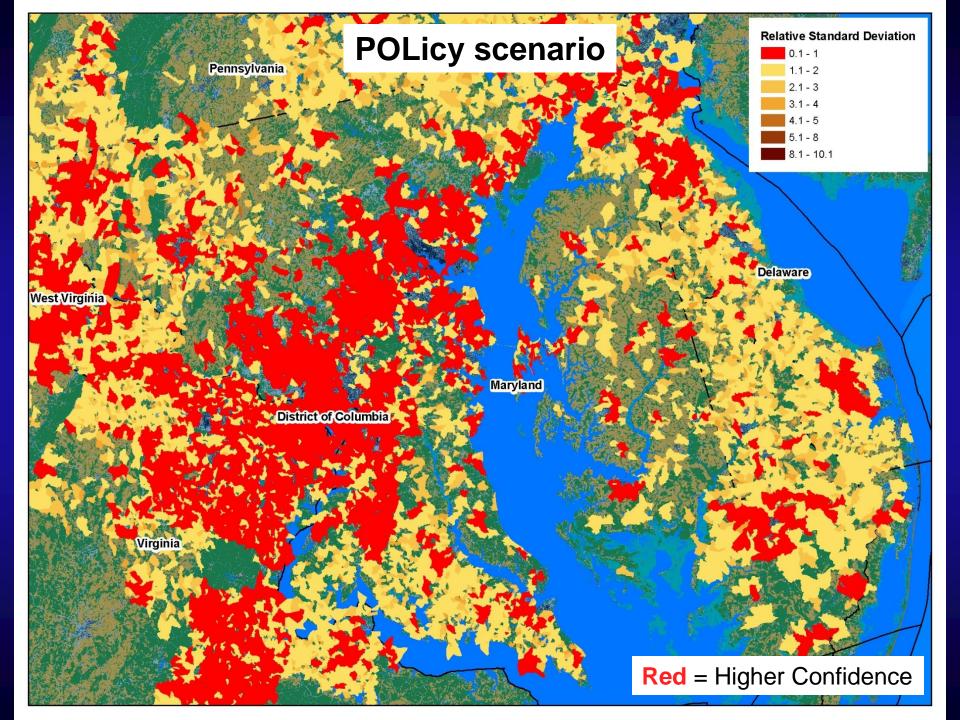


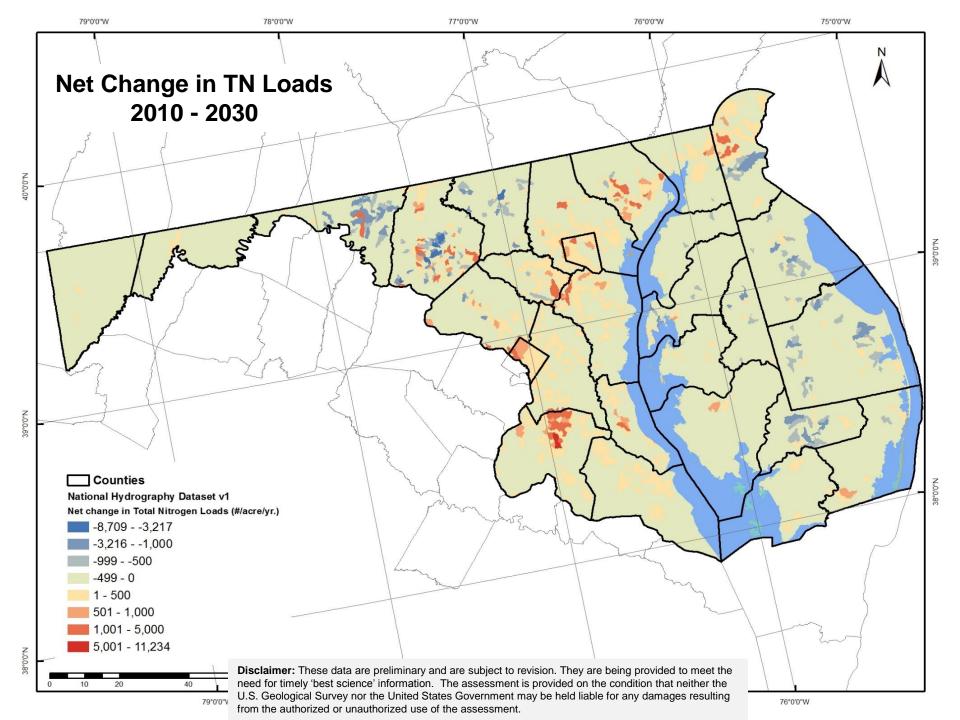












Next Steps

- Publish new model version (two previous versions have been reviewed by STAC)
- Simulate scenarios for full mid-Atlantic states
- LUWG approval of methodology
- WQGIT approval of using 2025 conditions for Phase III WIPs
- Management Board approval
- Principal's Staff Committee approval
- Finalize trend scenario and simulate alternative future scenarios for use in Phase 6 Watershed model



Peter Claggett, Geographer U.S. Geological Survey

pclaggett@usgs.gov pclagget@chesapeakebay.net

