



**NOAA
FISHERIES**

2022 State of the Ecosystem: Chesapeake Bay

Mandy Bromilow
NOAA Chesapeake Bay Office

Overview

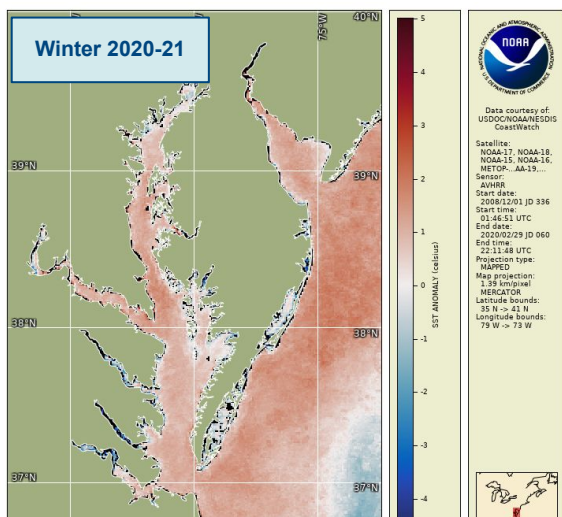
- What: Summary of seasonal environmental conditions relative to long-term averages and the potential impacts on key fishery resources
- Target Audience: State and coast-wide fishery resource managers
- Purpose: To guide habitat and fishery management decisions in an ecosystem context in the face of changing environmental conditions

Data Sources

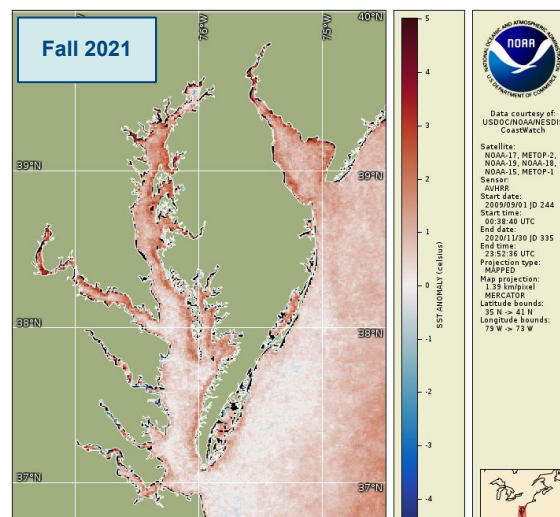
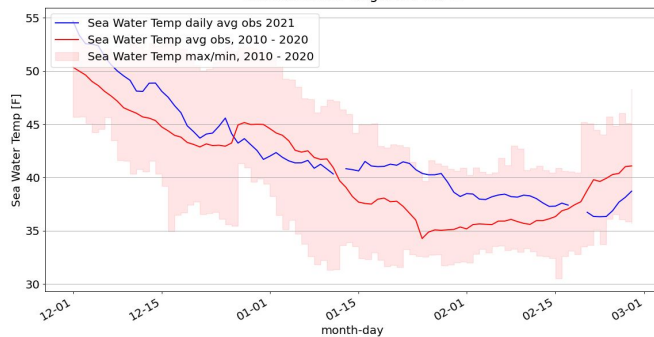
- NOAA Chesapeake Bay Interpretive Buoy System (CBIBS)
- NOAA CoastWatch Program
- NOAA National Weather Service
- USGS National Water Information System
- Fisheries surveys
- Oyster surveys
- Hypoxia reports

Water Temperature

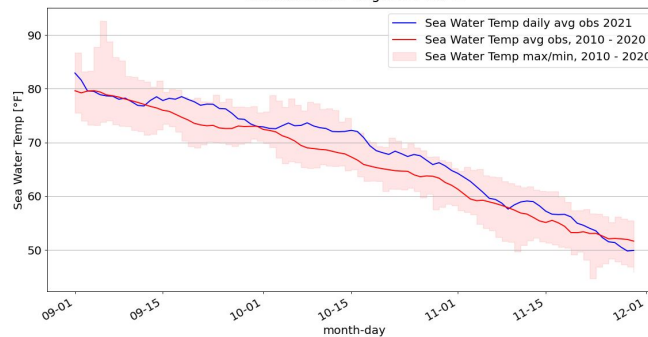
- Warmer-than-average winter and fall water temperatures



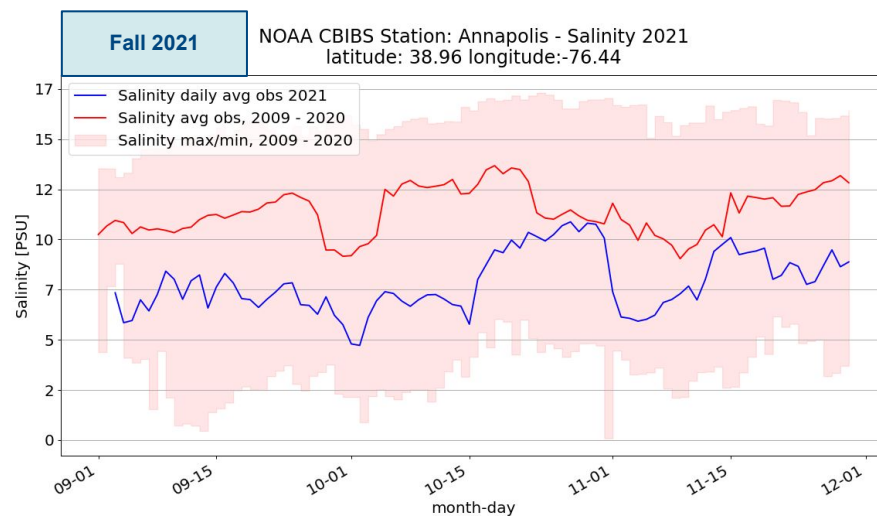
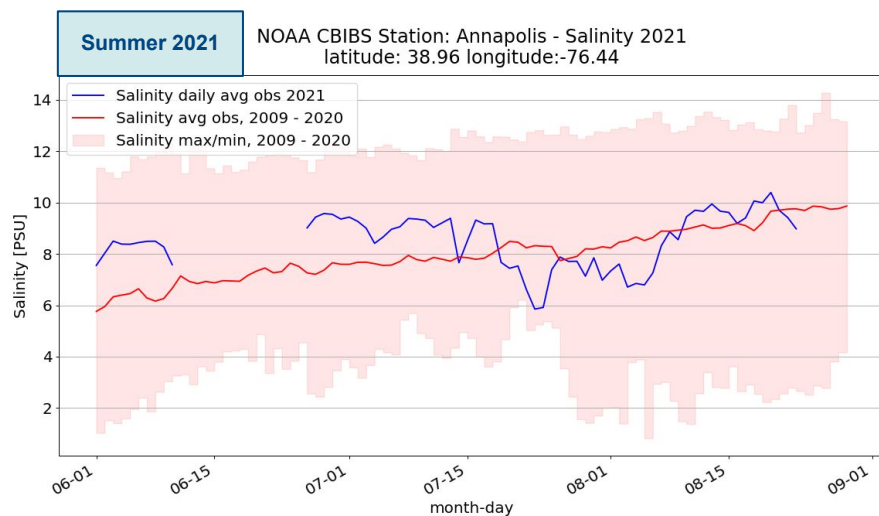
NOAA CBIBS Station: Gooses Reef - Sea Water Temp 2021
latitude: 38.55 longitude:-76.41



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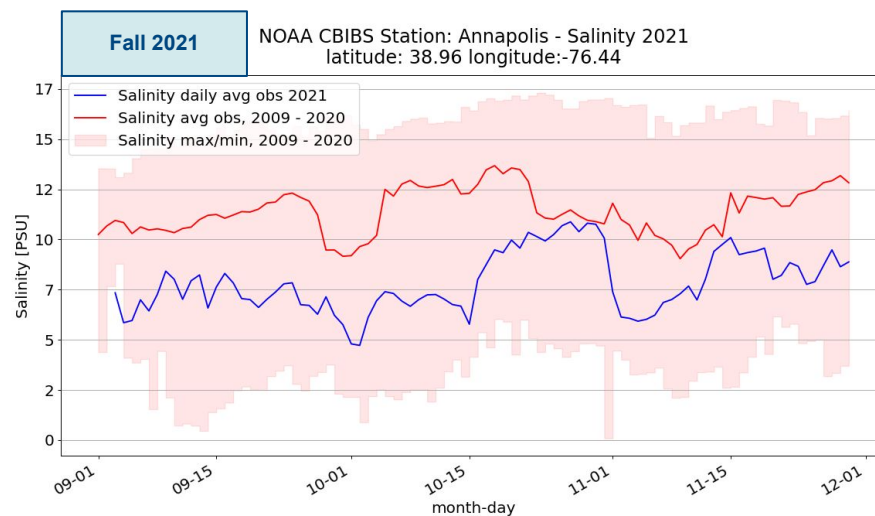
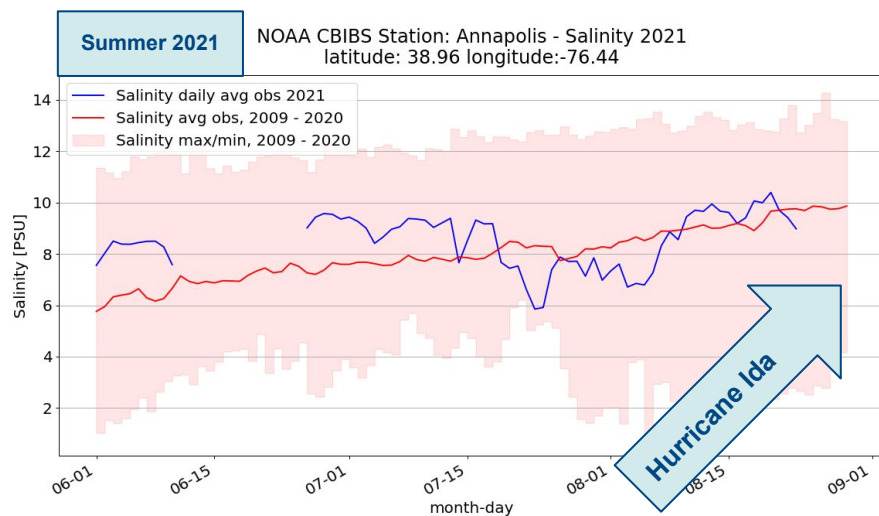


Salinity



- Above-average salinity in summer
- Below-average salinity in fall
- High-precipitation storm events reduce salinity

Salinity

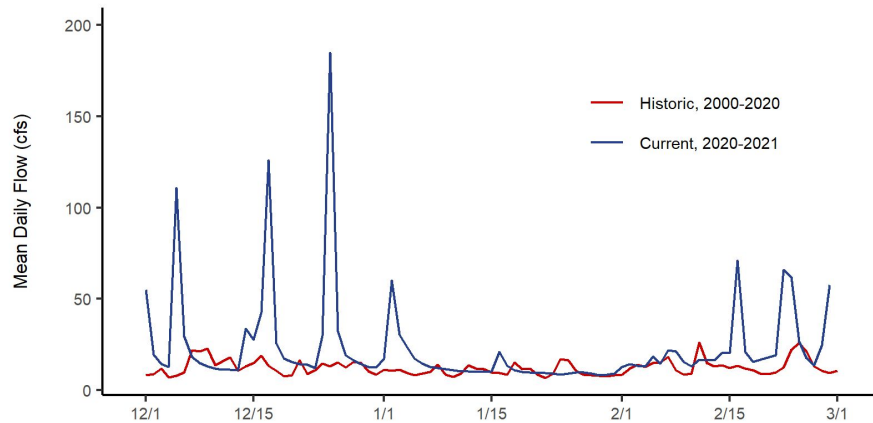


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Freshwater Flow

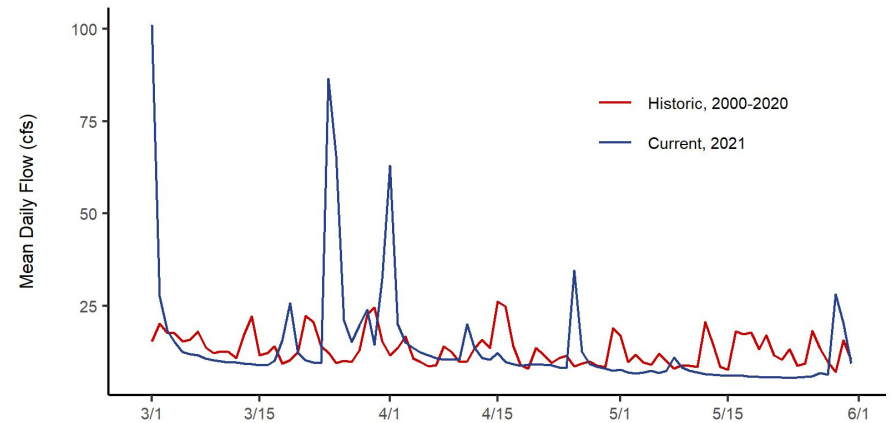
USGS Flow Data: Harris Creek 01492500

Winter 2021



USGS Flow Data: Harris Creek 01492500

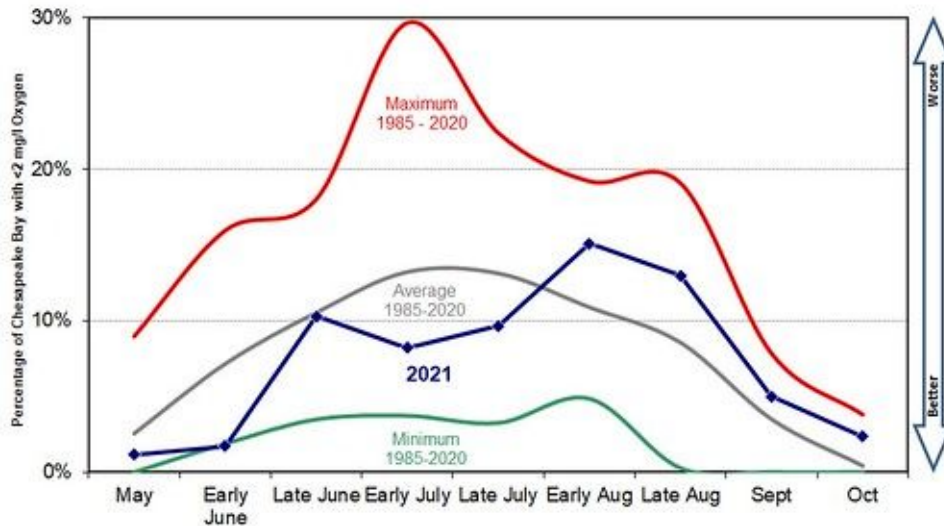
Spring 2021



- Above-average freshwater flow in winter and early spring

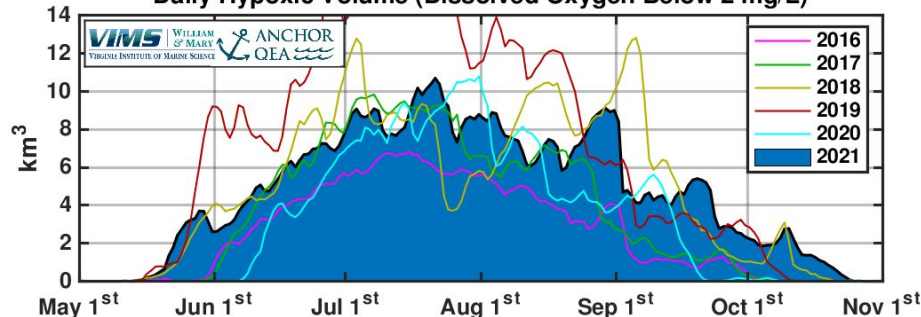
Dissolved Oxygen

Percentage of Water in the Mainstem Chesapeake Bay
(Maryland and Virginia) Below 2 mg/l Oxygen



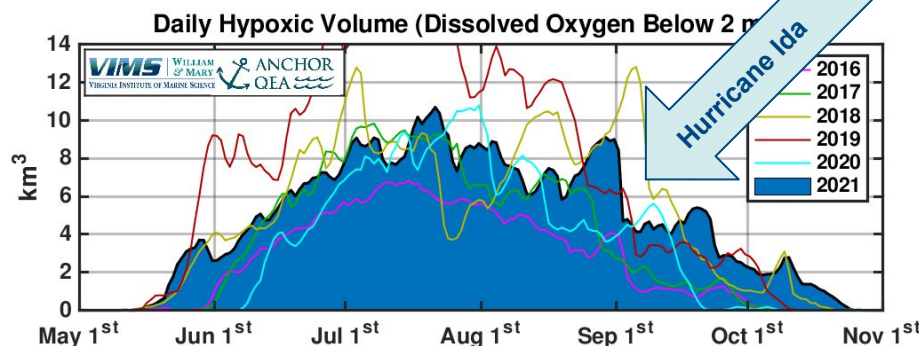
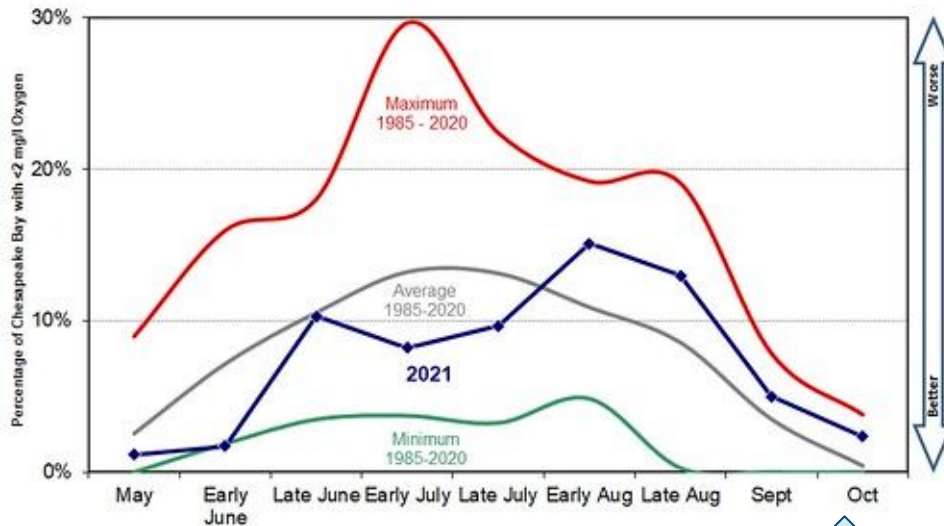
- Below-average hypoxic volume in early summer
- Above-average volume in late summer and fall
- Decrease in hypoxic volume with Hurricane Ida
- Relatively long duration of hypoxia
 - Warm fall temperatures
 - High-precipitation events

Daily Hypoxic Volume (Dissolved Oxygen Below 2 mg/L)



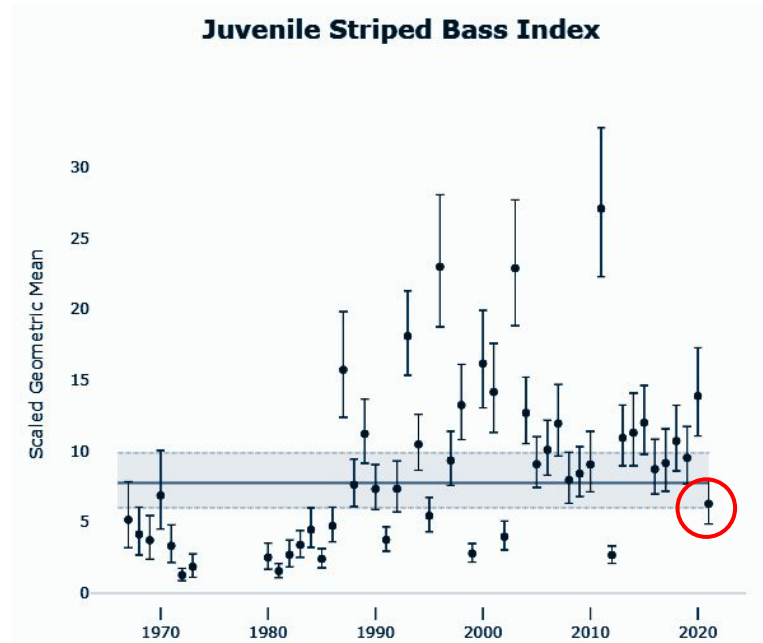
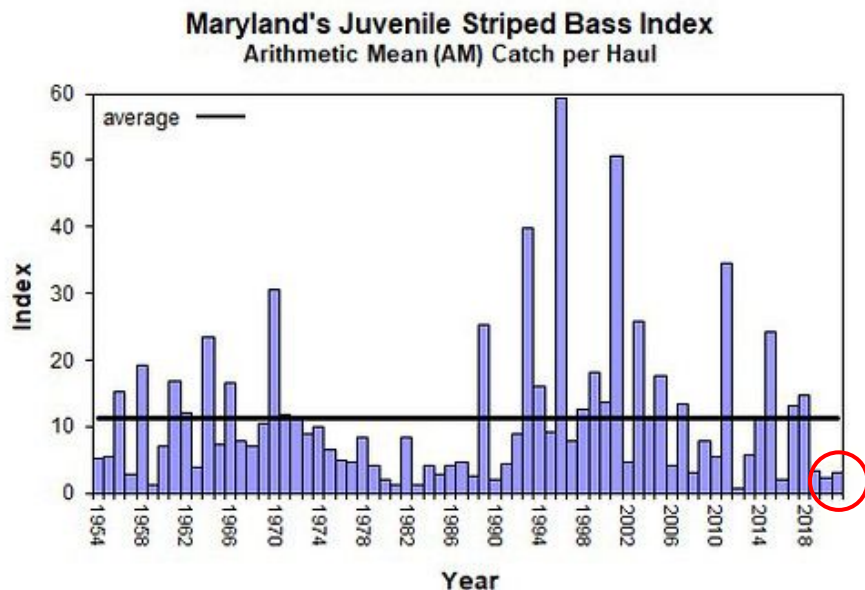
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Impacts on Striped Bass



- Warm winter temperatures may have reduced striped bass recruitment despite high flow in winter and early spring
- Warm fall temperatures may have delayed southward migrations of resident striped bass

Impacts on Oysters



- High summer salinities may have benefited oyster recruitment, growth, and survival

Next Steps

- Continue developing seasonal summaries and distribute them broadly to the Bay community
- Incorporate more analysis as able
- Provide annual summaries for the Mid-Atlantic State of the Ecosystem Report
- Feedback is welcome!

Contributors

- Aaron Bever, Anchor QEA
- Andrew Button, VMRC
- Mary Fabrizio, VIMS
- Marjy Friedrichs, VIMS
- Jim Gartland, VIMS
- Tom Parham, MDNR
- Dave Secor, UMCES
- Stephanie Westby, NOAA

