

LAND CHANGE ANALYSIS AS PRESENTED IN “THE FUTURE OF SUSTAINABLE FARMING AND FORESTRY IN MARYLAND”

Research Supported by the
Harry R. Hughes Center
for Agro-Ecology

KEY QUESTIONS

1. What's sustainability?
2. Effects of environmental (on farming & \$\$\$) & smart growth (on LU & farming) policies?
3. Where are farming & forestry headed under existing trends in external forces?
4. Can policy evolve to help?



METHODS

- Published & other reports, data
 - Stakeholder/ expert interviews, consultations
 - Growth/ land use projections & impacts
 - Draft report
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- Stakeholder/ expert review & input
 - Final Report

Using Planning's Growth Simulation Model to Calculate Projected Land Use Change to 2040

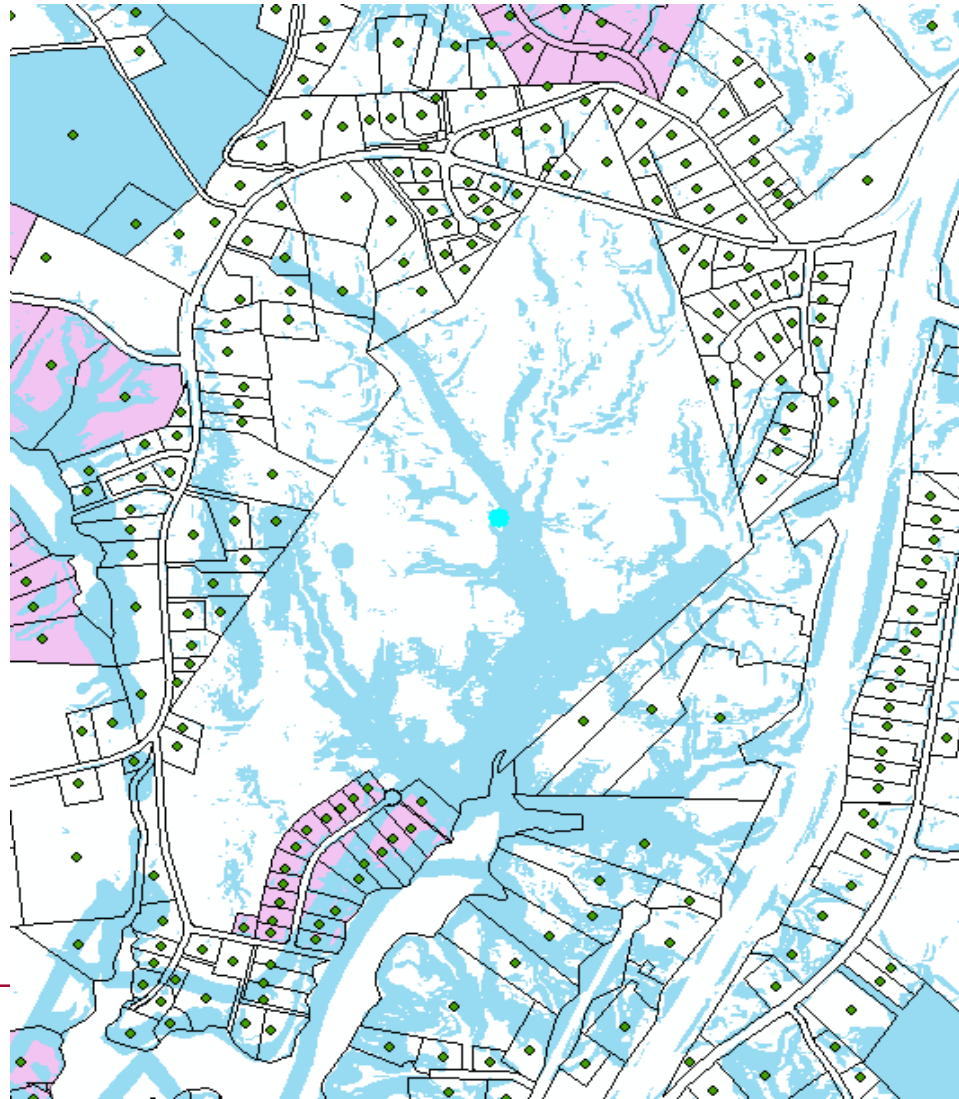
DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY ANALYSIS (RESIDENTIAL)

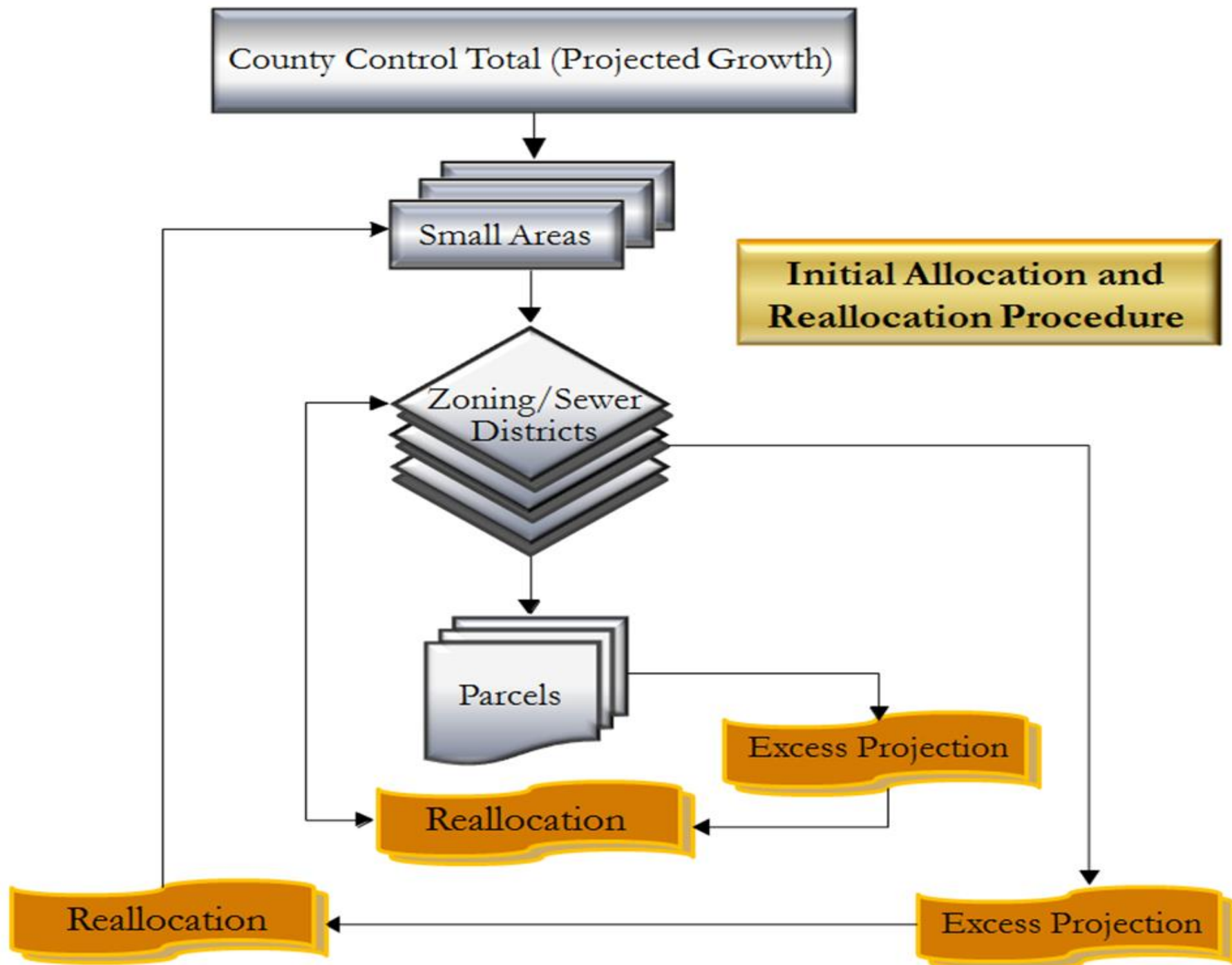
- Relies heavily on local zoning, sewer, and other land use policies
- parcel level restrictions/conditions (i.e. stormwater management, dedicated open space, etc)
- Site-level constraints (environmental, road frontage, etc).

BASIC METHODOLOGY

- Developable acres * density yield
- On small, “improved” parcels:
 - $((\text{developable acres} * \text{density yield}) - 1) / 2$
- Scenarios base on:
 - Changes to assumptions about developable acres (i.e. as a result of site constraints)
 - Changes to assumptions about density yield by zoning district (example: changes in density yield based on a concentrated growth scenario, or the use of TDRs)

APPX 150 ACRE PARCEL, NHC VARIES FROM 145 - 435, DEPENDING ON DENSITY AND DEVELOPABLE ACRES ASSUMPTIONS

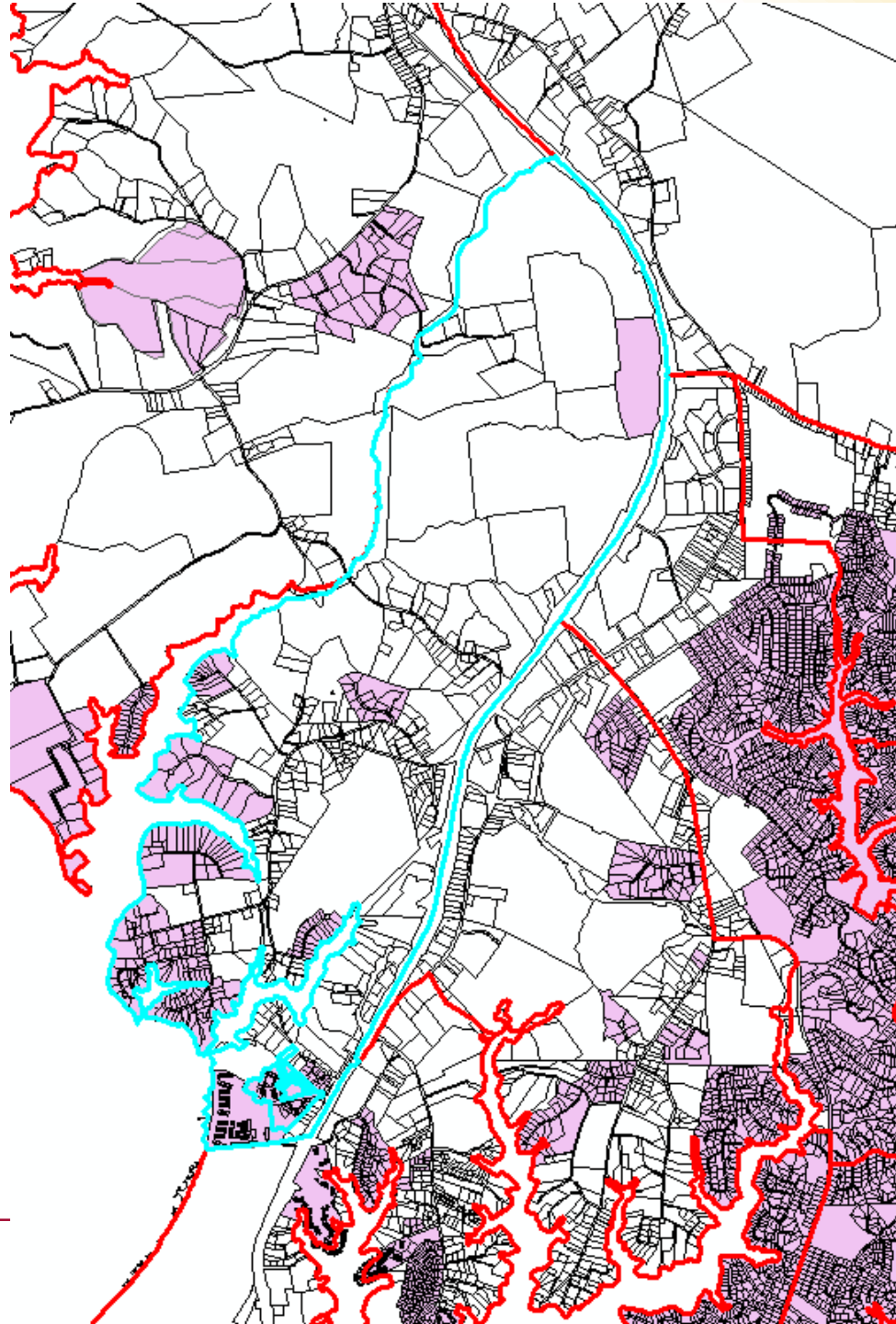




SMALL AREA PROJECTIONS (RESIDENTIAL)

- Planning's Countywide Projections
 - Allocate to block groups based on percentage of recent growth in each block group.
- Small area projections for metro counties (TAZ)
 - Use what BMC and WashCOG produce as-is

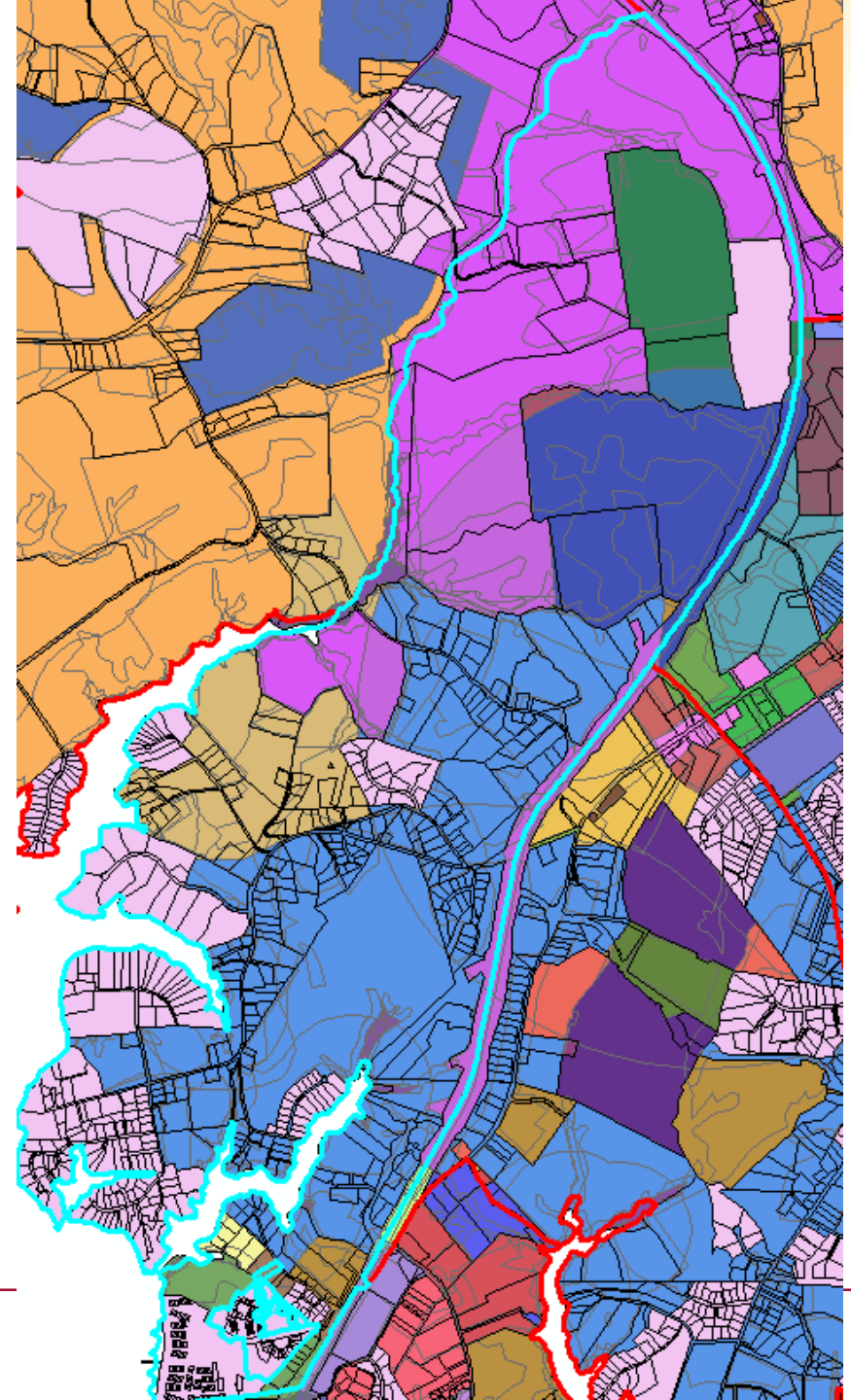
Geography = 240098609002
135 Housing Units allocated
based on recent growth



ZONING/SEWER AREAS

- Small Area forecasts allocated to zoning/sewer areas
- Based on percent of recent growth in zoning/sewer areas within small areas
- Example: if 20% of recent growth happened within “R1-S1” in TAZ 435, 20% of TAZ 435’s projected growth would be pushed to that area.

Allocation based on percent of recent growth

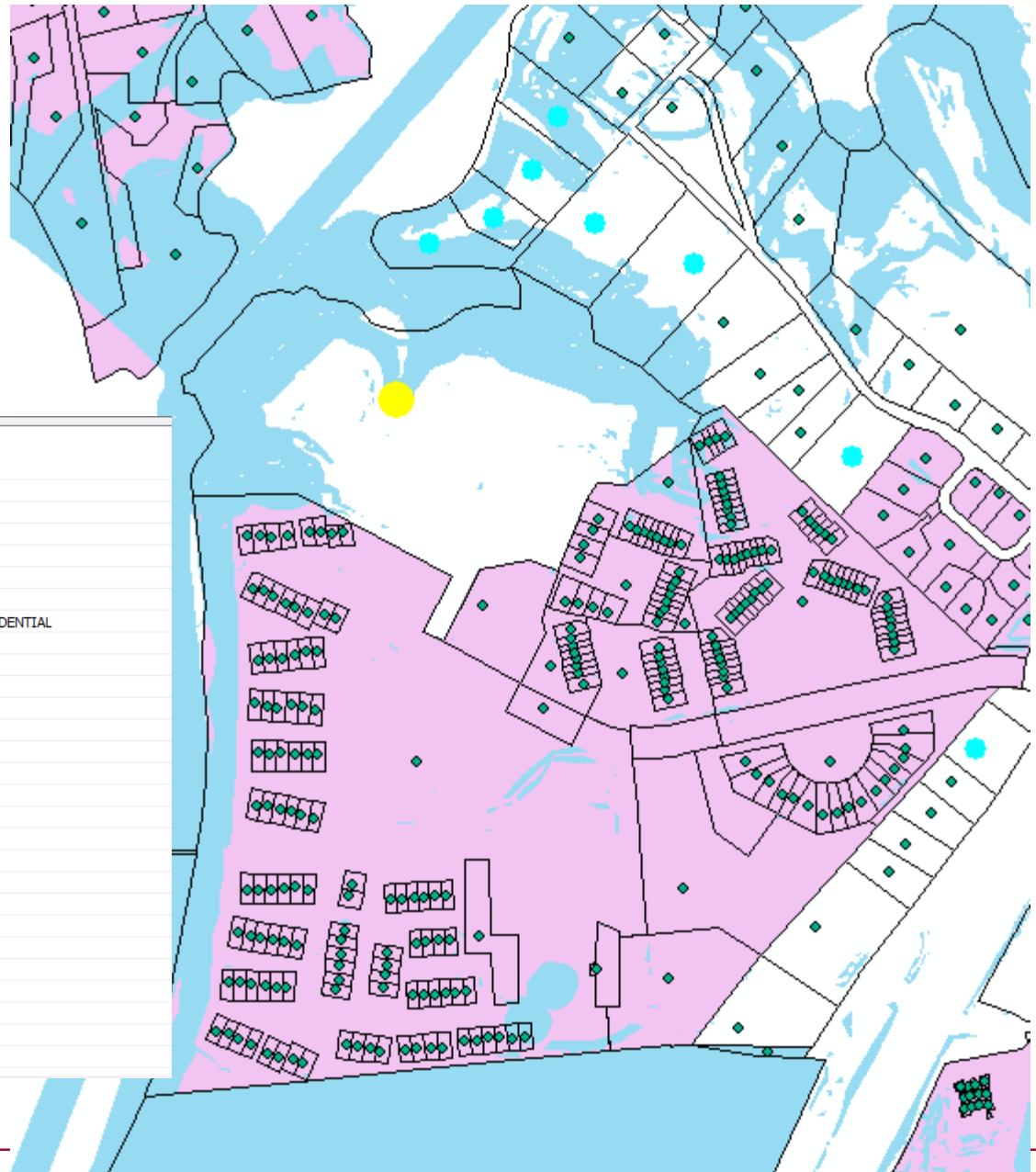


ALLOCATION TO PARCELS

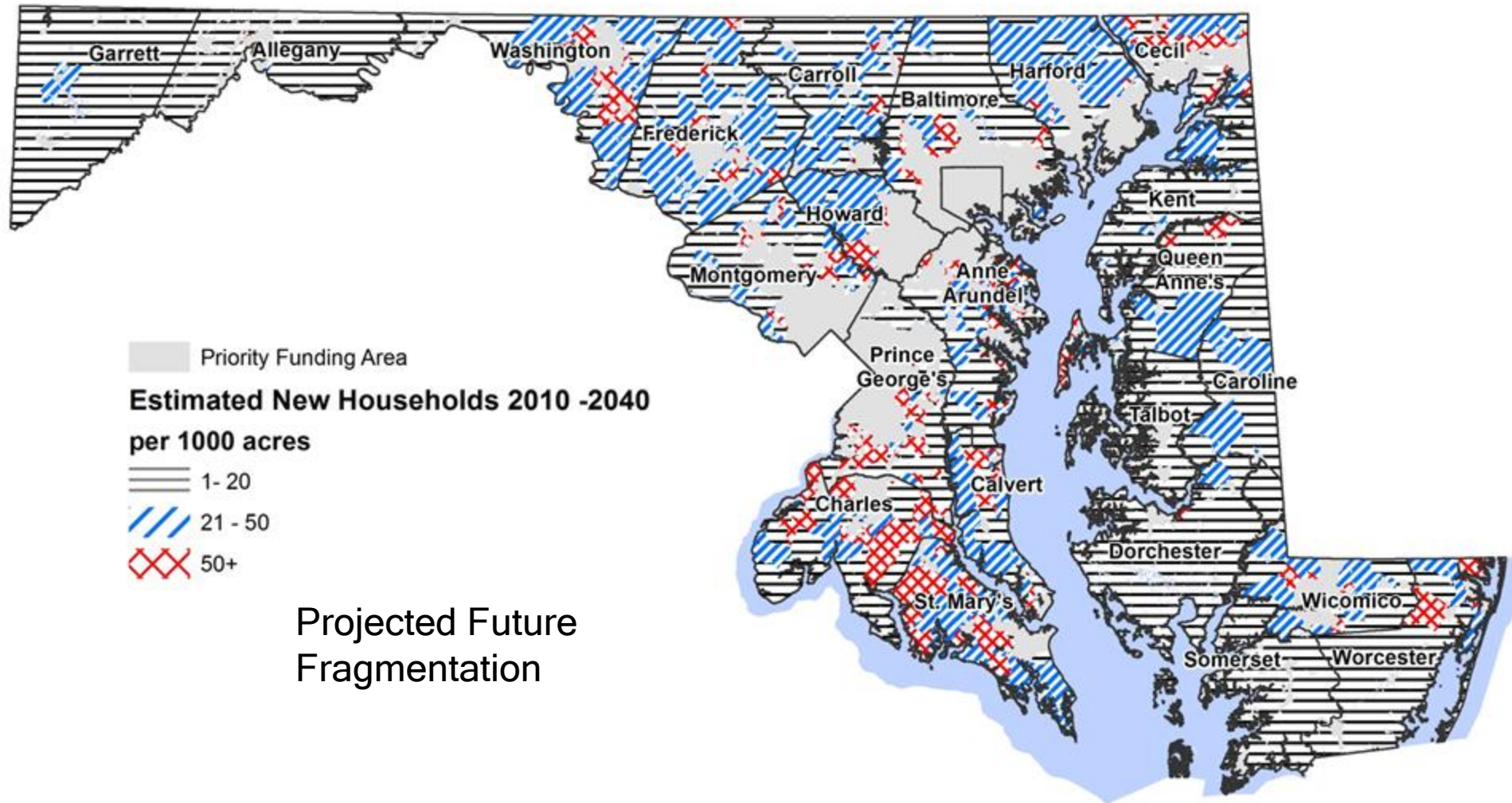
- Use proximity measures to rank parcels for allocation:
 - Existing Sewer service
 - Major roads
 - Residential developed land
 - Commercial developed lands; and
 - Transit stations.
- If proximity score is the same, parcels ranked based on development capacity.

17 acre parcel
 5.25 du/acre allowable
 density
 Capacity = 87
 Proximity Score = 6
 Allocation = 80
 New developed acres = 15.24

Field	Value
MDE6DIGT	021311
MDE6NAME	PATUXENT RIVER
MDE8DIGT	02131101
MDE8NAME	Patuxent River lower
DNR12DIG	021311010873
STRANAME	PATUXENT
PROT	
GENZONE	MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL
OVERLAY	
ZONING	S-F1
ACRES_ORIG	16.7
DEV_ACRES	10.342302
WET_ACRES	14.990682
ACRES_POLY	18.384251
SEWSTAT	E
ALLOWDENS	5.25
NHC	87
NHA	80
DEVPROB	6
NEWDEVAC	15.2381
ZONEDLUCODE	12
RESULTLUCODE	12
RESULTDENS	5.25
NONRESCAP	0
FCAAC	<null>
CLUPCT	<null>
CLUDENS	<null>
CLUSTLUCODE	<null>



Estimated Residential Development Outside PFAs, 2010-2040, Maryland



FUTURE LAND USE CHANGE (RESIDENTIAL)

- Base land use is Planning's 2010 Land Use/Land Cover
- Number of new developed acres by parcel aggregated to unit of analysis (County, "Geography", LRSeg, etc)

FUTURE LAND USE CHANGE (COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL)

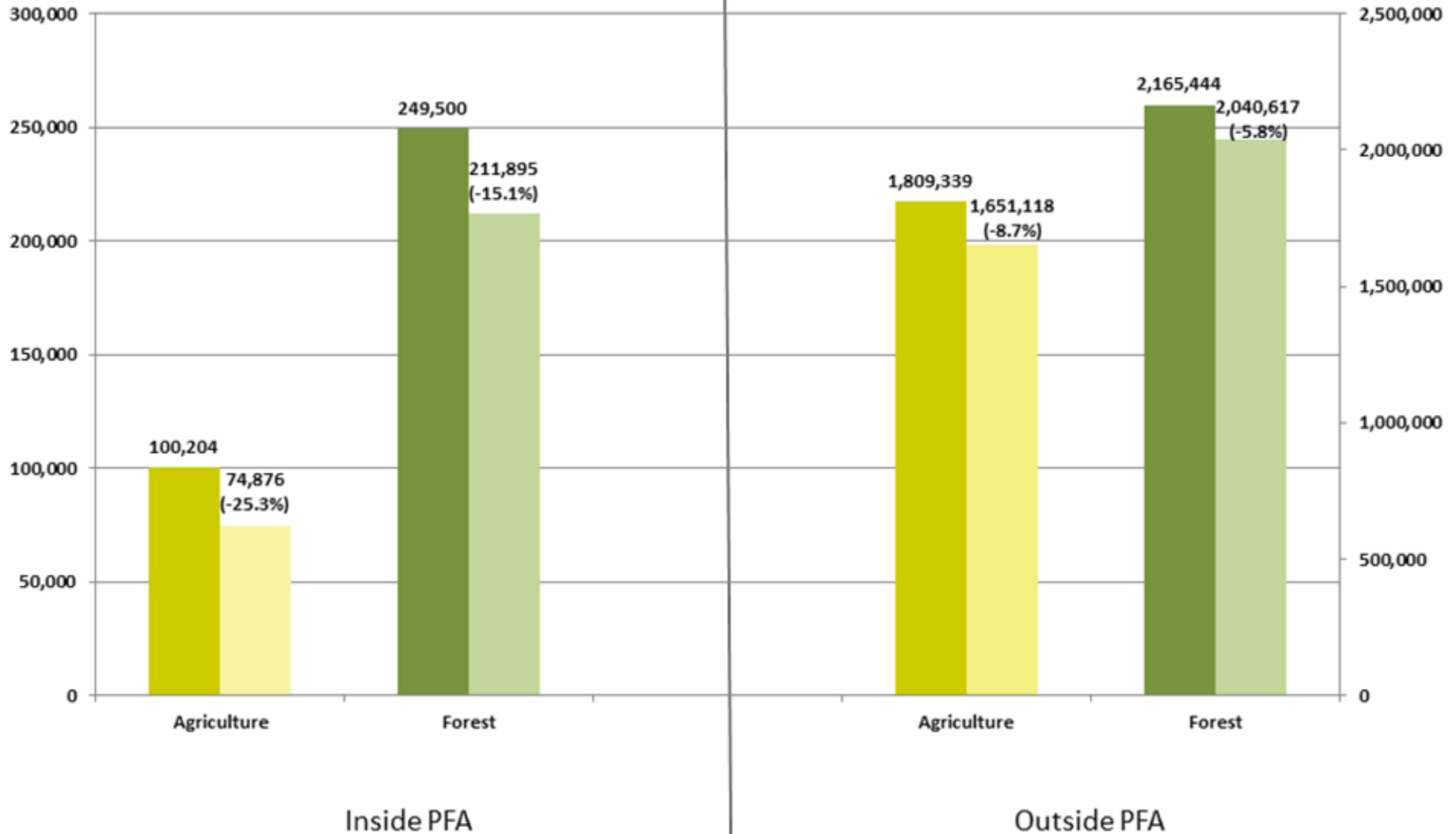
- Inventory existing commercial lands within each small area, % of total county by small area, initial allocation based on this %
- Calculate existing employment density by commercial/industrial uses, carry that density forward
- Inventory undeveloped parcels within non-residential zoning districts to determine available land for commercial/industrial dev't
- Estimate need for commercial/industrial acres on undeveloped parcels based on (employees per acre * projected employees) by small area
- Allocate acres needed to parcels (random) within small areas until demand is satisfied.

Estimated Acres of Agriculture and Forest, 2010 & 2040

State of Maryland

Figure 3.2-5

Potential Loss of Ag and Forest land: 345,981 acres (-8.0%)



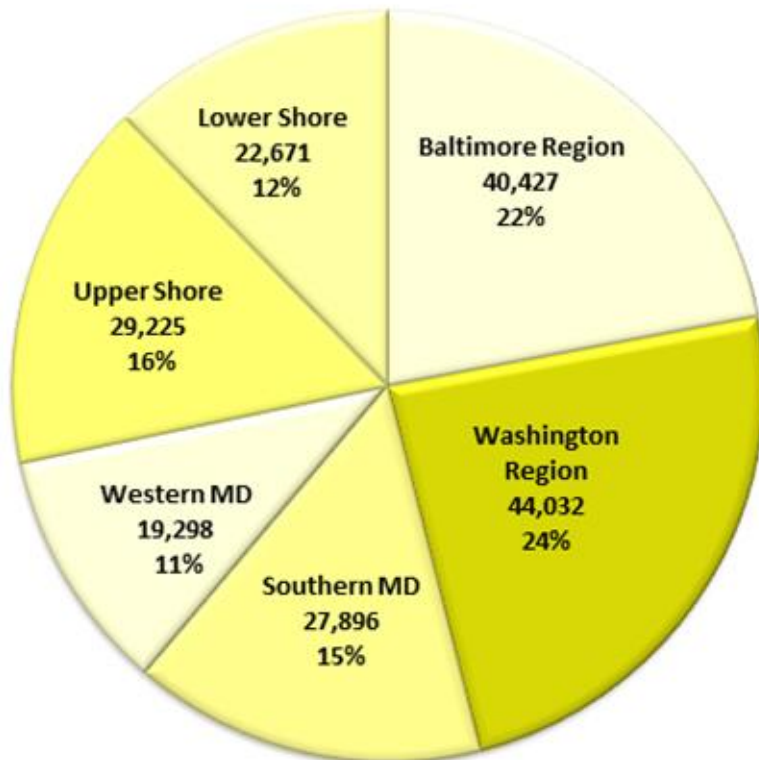
Potential Loss of Agriculture and Forest Land, 2010-2040

State of Maryland

Figure 3.2-6

Total Loss of Ag and Forest land: 345,981 acres

**Agricultural Land,
183,549 acres**



**Forest Land,
162,433 acres**

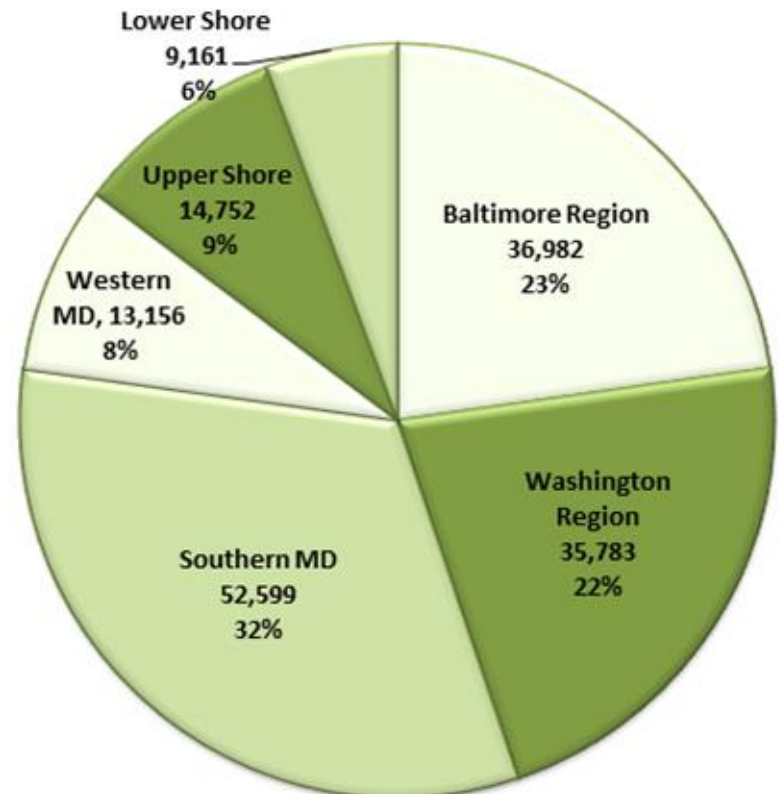


Table 3.2-1**Residential Development, 1999-2012 (Actual) & 2010-2040 (Projected)**

Maryland Region	New Households/Yr by Region Number (& % of State Total)		% New Households in PFAs		% Developed Acres outside PFAs ¹	
	1999-2012 ²	2010-2040 ³	1999-2012 ⁴	2010-2040 ⁵	1999-2012	2010-2040
Central MD	6,377 (37%)	5,497 (33%)	78%	79%	74%	75%
Capital Region	5,352 (31%)	6,438 (38%)	81%	78%	63%	74%
Southern MD	2,093 (12%)	2,138 (13%)	51%	46%	88%	88%
Upper Eastern Shore	1,310 (8%)	1,181 (7%)	57%	47%	83%	85%
Lower Eastern Shore	1,144 (7%)	788 (5%)	60%	42%	78%	89%
Western MD	899 (5%)	732 (4%)	47%	48%	86%	88%
Statewide	17,176 (100%)	16,773 (100%)	71%	68%	77%	81%