CHESAPEAKE BAY COMPREHENSIVE WATER RESOURCES AND RESTORATION PLAN

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Climate Resiliency Workgroup (CRWG) Meeting

March 20, 2017

and Restoration Plan Watershed Assessment

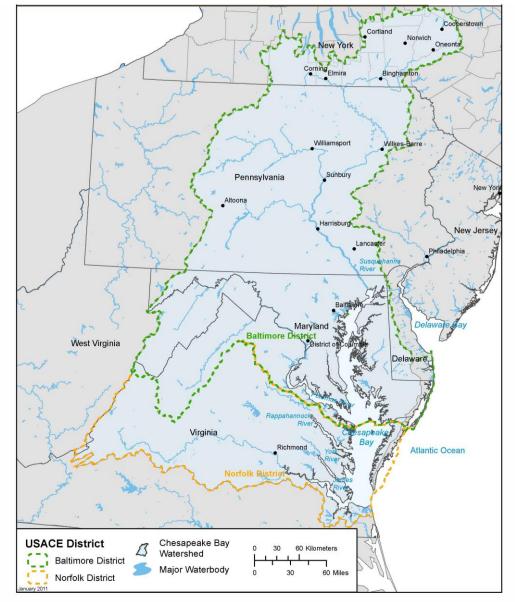
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STUDY AREA







SHARED VISION

- ➤ June 16, 2014, the Chesapeake Bay Watershed Agreement was signed.
- Signatories from all Bay states and the Federal Leadership committee.
- ➤ CBCP will ALIGN with the Vision established in the 2014 Agreement with a slight change per stakeholder collaboration

"We envision an environmentally and economically sustainable AND RESILIENT Chesapeake Bay watershed with clean water, abundant life, conserved lands and access to the water, a vibrant cultural heritage, and a diversity of engaged citizens and stakeholders."



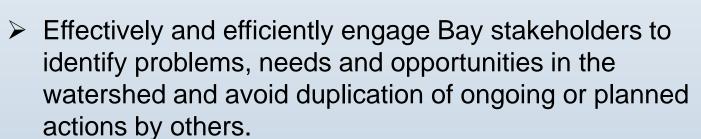






GOAL

Develop a comprehensive and integrated master plan that would assist with implementation of the 2014 Chesapeake Bay Agreement:



- ➤ Determine where and how USACE mission areas could be utilized in the watershed to support the goals of the 2014 Chesapeake Bay Agreement.
- ➤ Identify actions by other federal, state, and local government agencies and NGOs in the watershed to address problems outside of USACE mission areas.









BACKGROUND

CBCP will result in a single, integrated restoration plan to:

- ➤ Guide implementation of actions that protect, restore and preserve the Bay
- > Adopt and Align actions with what others are doing
- > Avoid duplication of ongoing or planned actions by others
- ➤ Make maximum use of existing information
- > Identify ecological problems, needs, and opportunities
- ➤ Identify projects for further study and implementation, including at least one for each Bay state and the District of Columbia







STAKEHOLDER COLLABORATION

- ✓ Study Initiation Notice
- ✓ Federal Agency Coordination Letters
- ✓ Webpage, email updates
- ✓ Interagency watershed planning collaboration workshop
- ✓ Strategic Engagements: Cross GIT, SAGE, FWS, DoD Chesapeake Bay Action Team
- > Upcoming
 - Topical Webinars
 - Review of Draft Report











COMPOSITE ANALYSES



Identified **Priorities by** others



Action by others

GIS cluster analysis or other processes for these evaluations such as a scoring scheme or density analyses to identify hot regions of focused activity Targeted Habitat Restoration (or lack of activity).

USACE Mission Analyses

Connectivity Analysis

Healthy/High Value Habitats Analysis

Watershed Degradation Analysis

Threats Analysis

Socioeconomic Analysis

These analyses would be completed independently. The results will then be used with results from other analyses to answer questions and develop recommendations.



Opportunities Analysis





WATERSHED DEGRADATION ANALYSIS

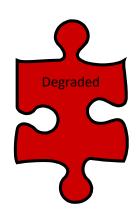
- What subwatersheds are the most degraded?
- Can we summarize the primary problems regionally?

Pertinent data:

- > Land use:
 - Percent impervious cover
 - Percent forest
 - Percent forested riparian buffer
- Fish passage blockages
- > Stream health
 - Water quality Impaired streams on 303(d) list
 - Biological integrity watershed-wide Benthic-IBI
- Impact of nutrient impacts highest yielding watersheds for Nitrogen (N) and Phosphorus (P)

Outstanding questions:

Should we include areas contaminated with polychlorinated biphenyl (PCBs)? Is there a relevant wetlands metric to incorporate?







WATERSHED DEGRADATION - PROPOSED SCORING SCHEME

Parameter	Data Source	Metric	Scoring	notes for updating for Comp Plan	
	EPA 2010	Percent impervious cover. Scoring based on relationships established by Center for Watershed Protection (CWP 2003).	0 = >60% $1 = 40-64%$ $2 = 10-40%$ $3 = 0-10%$		
Landuse (measures of landscape alterations from development)	EPA 2010	Percent forest cover. Scoring based on goals set and relationships determined in USFS State of Chesapeake Forests (2006)	0 = 0-30% $1 => 30-37$ $2 => 37-51%$ $3 => 51$	use updated land use?	
	EPA 2010	Percent of stream network within subwatershed with forest (riparian buffer). Scoring based on goals set and relationships determined in USFS State of Chesapeake Forests (2006).	0 = 0-56% $1 = >56-63%$ $2 = >63-70%$ $3 = >70%$		
Stream health- water quality	303(d) Impaired waterways list (EPA)	Stream miles listed as impaired within subwatershed (scoring based on groups determined using Natural Breaks Method (Jenks) in GIS).	0 = 84.64 - 183.33 $1 = 34.45 - 84.64$ $2 = 0.02 - 34.45$ $3 = 0$	use updated layer	
Stream health- biological integrity	Chesapeake Bay Program Benthic Index of Biotic Integrity 2000-2010 (watershed-wide B-IBI)	Subwatershed rating assigned by Chesapeake Bay Program based on B- IBI determined by stream monitoring.	0 = NA 1 = poor or very poor 2 = good or fair 3 = excellent	This is latest layer shown on website, but website also states that data will be updated in fall 2016 - http://www.chesapeakebay.net/indicat ors/indicator/health_of_freshwater_str eams_in_the_chesapeake_bay_watersh ed	
Air Quality	Non-attainment zones (EPA)	Yes/no -attainment or non-attainment	0 = non-attainment for both 1 = non-attainment for ozone 2 = non-attainment for PM25 3 = attainment for ozone and PM25	use current listings	
Fish Passage	Chesapeake Bay Program Fish Passage Prioritization dataset of blockages (2012)	Number of blockages in a subwatershed (scoring based on groups determined using Natural Breaks Method (Jenks) in GIS).	0 = >51 blockages 1 = 16-51 blockages 2 = 1-15 blockages 3 = no blockages	use updated prioritization list from fish passage workgroup (TNC)	
Impact of nitrogen loading on water quality (dissolved oxygen) in Chesapeake Bay	Chesapeake Bay Model output- relative effectiveness- nitrogen (EPA 2012)	Overall relative effectiveness (µg/L DO increase per million edge-of-stream nitrogen pound)	1 = 0-1.28 2 = 1.29-3.03 3 = 3.04-5.89	Should we use the Sparrow Incremental Yields instead of these layers?	
Impact of phosphorus loading on water quality (dissolved oxygen) in Chesapeake Bay	Chesapeake Bay Model output- relative effectiveness- phosphorus (EPA 2012)	Overall relative effectiveness (µg/L DO increase per 100,000 edge-of-stream phosphorus pound)	1 = 0-0.67 $2 = 0.68-2.14$ $3 = 2.15-4.1$		

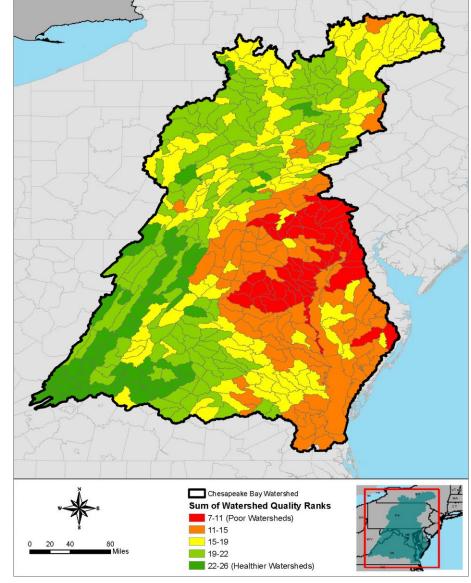






WATERSHED DEGRADATION

- EXAMPLE MAP









THREATS ANALYSIS

- What areas are threatened by urbanization and climate change in the watershed?
- What areas are prone to increased/persistent flooding in the future?
- Anticipated to include an eroding shoreline analysis, a wetlands migration analysis, North Atlantic Coast Comprehensive Study (NACCS) outputs, storm risks, species migrations, etc.

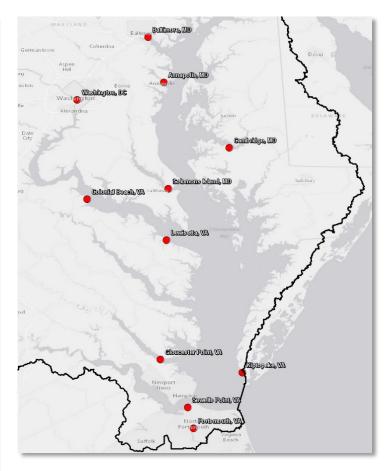
Pertinent data:

- Eroding shorelines/vulnerable shorelines
- Uncontrolled N and P loads
- Sediment starved wetlands in Bay proper
- CBP Sea Level Rise threatened areas NOAA sea level rise viewer and temperature changes (Cross GIT)
- Areas threatened by more frequent normal flooding
- Resources at risk to coastal storms
- Resources at risk to non-tidal flooding
- Tidal marsh migration corridors
- Future projected development CBP Cross GIT has a layer
- Future conversion of ag lands CBP Cross GIT has a layer
- National Fish Habitat Assessment (risk of current habitat degradation) available via CBP Cross GIT

SEA LEVEL CHANGE MAPPING – 2025, 2050, 2100

USACE Sea-Level Change Curve Calculator (2015.46) http://www.corpsclimate.us/ccaceslcurves.cfm

		expressed	l in feet re	1457 feet/yr lative to NAVD8
	Year	USACE Low	USACE	USACE High
	1992	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3
	1995	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2
	2000	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1
	2005	-0.1	-0.1	-0.0
	2010	0.0	0.0	0.1
	2015	0.1	0.1	0.3
	2020	0.1	0.2	0.4
	2025	0.2	0.3	0.6
	2030	0.3	0.4	0.8
	2035	0.4	0.5	1.1
	2040	0.4	0.6	1.3
	2045	0.5	0.8	1.6
	2050	0.6	0.9	1.8
	2055	0.7	1.0	2.1
	2060	0.7	1.1	2.4
	2065	0.8	1.3	2.8
	2070	0.9	1.4	3.1
	2075	0.9	1.6	3.5
	2080	1.0	1.7	3.9
	2085	1.1	1.9	4.3
	2090	1.2	2.0	4.7
· Par	2095	1.2	2.2	5.2
	2100	1.3	2.4	5.6



2050 SLC

Kiptopeke, VA 1.43'

Annapolis, MD 1.85'

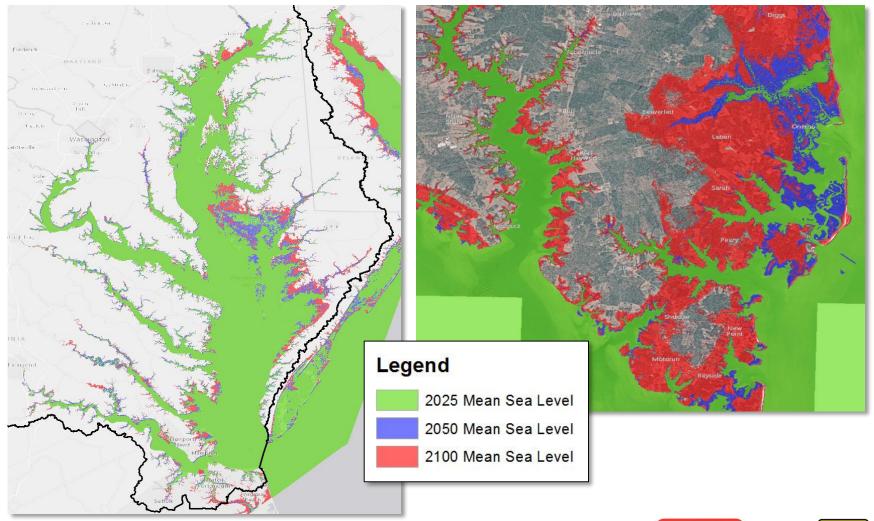
Colonial Beach, VA 2.14'







SEA LEVEL CHANGE MAPPING – 2025, 2050, 2100









NEXT STEPS

- □ Data calls due March 7
- □ U.S. Fish and Wildlife ServicePlanning Aid Report late March
- ☐ Stakeholder webinars April and June
- ☐ Draft Report for review Fall 2017
- ☐ Final Report Summer 2018









