



Climate Resiliency Outcomes: DEIJ Discussion

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Climate Resiliency Goal

• Increase the resiliency of the Chesapeake Bay and watershed, including its living resources, habitats, public infrastructure and communities, to withstand adverse impacts from changing environmental and climate conditions.







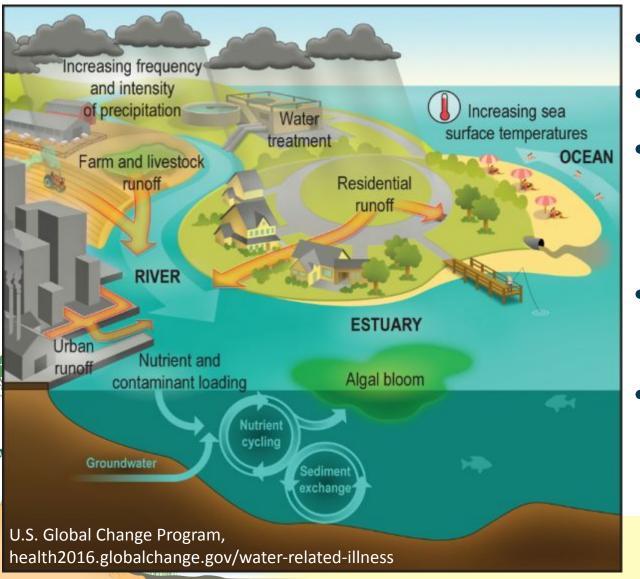
Climate Resiliency Outcomes

- Monitoring and Assessment: Monitor and assess trends and likely impacts of changing climate and sea level conditions on the Chesapeake Bay ecosystem, including the effectiveness of restoration and protection policies, programs, and projects.
- Adaptation: Pursue, design, and construct restoration and protection projects to enhance resiliency of the Bay and aquatic ecosystems from the impacts of:
 - coastal erosion
 - coastal flooding
 - sea level rise
 - more frequent intense storms





Climate Change – Local Ecological and Community Impacts



- Flooding/infrastructure damage
- Land loss or changes in land use
- Increased threats to human health/safety (urban heat island effect, extreme storms)
- Degraded water quality and habitats (excess nutrients, wetland loss)
- Ecosystem/seasonal shifts (change in fish and tree species distribution/diversity)

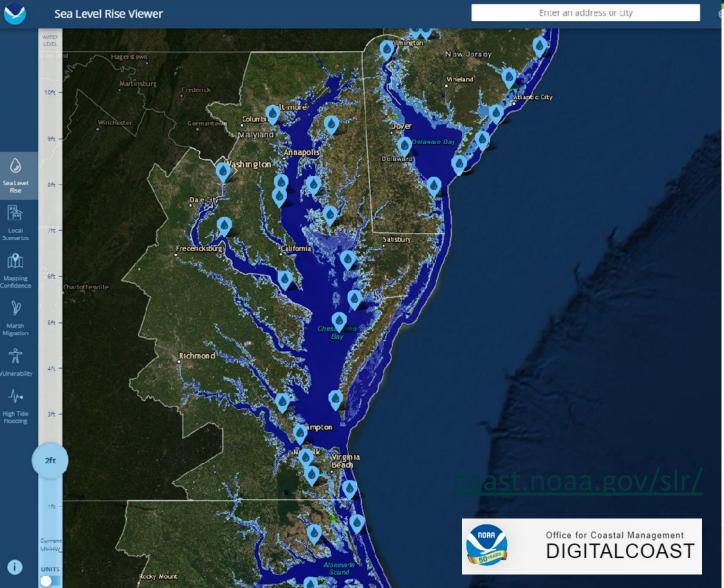


Examples of CRWG efforts with DEIJ considerations

- The Climate Resiliency Workgroup (CRWG) partnered with the Local Government Advisory Committee and hosted a forum on flooding that included discussions involving climate and environmental justice.
- CRWG is supporting the Habitat Goal Implementation Team's project, "Targeted outreach for green infrastructure in vulnerable areas." Used the Environmental Justice and Equity Dashboard to help with the selection of communities to work with that are vulnerable to sea level rise impacts.



New Efforts - Habitats and Communities



- CRWG supports projects aimed at understanding sea level rise effects to habitats and communities.
- Partnered with Wetlands Workgroup on upcoming GIT-funded project, "Synthesis of Shoreline, Sea Level Rise, and Marsh Migration Data for Wetland Targeting"
- CRWG interested in supporting capacity-building for communities to implement natural/green infrastructure projects that could also help with flood mitigation.



Indicators to Help with Adaptation Decision-Making

Physical Indicators
Signals of Change



Impact Indicators

Ecological and Community Threats



Climate Resilience Indicators Preparedness

Examples:

Bay Water
Temperature Change



Loss in Suitable Fish Habitat



Change in Harvest
Regulations for Vulnerable
Areas

Sea Level Rise



Loss in Wetlands



Change in Land Use

Management to Allow for

Marsh Migration



Climate Resilience Scorecard

- Funded by EPA through Chesapeake Bay Program (GIT-Funding)
- Working with RAND Corp. to develop a scorecard for tracking climate resilience activities of communities that are relevant to goals in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed Agreement (water quality, habitats, fisheries, etc.)
- Exploring the inclusion of a social equitable planning metric



Discussion Questions

- How can we connect social equitable planning to climate actions involving natural resources (e.g., wetlands, fisheries, forests)?
- How can we build trust with underrepresented communities to participate in climate adaptation efforts?
- What organizations should we reach out to when looking for DEIJ representation in the Climate Resiliency Workgroup?



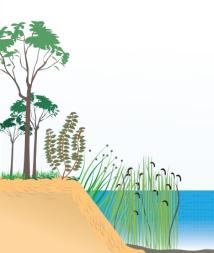
How can we connect social equitable planning to climate actions involving natural resources?

- Include communities in the conversation
- What are the communities priorities (i.e. is there a part of the neighborhood that is impacted more or impacting a larger percentage of community members)
- Understanding the history of why these communities are in vulnerable areas
- Conversations centered around how the projects can value them, and have these conversations with different groups
- Make sure the projects are not displacing community members improve for the existing community
- Ensuring that climate science projects are tools for community betterment is also a lens that folks love to engage in (focusing on the intrinsic aspect of nature)
- Engaging our homeless neighbors is also important if applicable
 - Reallocating resources



How can we build trust with underrepresented communities to participate in climate adaptation efforts?

- Inclusion not just included, but feel comfortable to contribute
- the community is "the table" and we're trying to sit at it with them, vs. inviting people to our "table."
- When interacting with the community, listen first and then present/design while incorporating their suggestions





What organizations should we reach out to for DEIJ representation in the CRWG?

- Need to reach out to CRWG to better understand if we are looking for a DEIJ expert or BIPOC representation. What is the CRWG definition of DEIJ representation?
- Look at examples from national groups Climate Justice Alliance
- NRDC works in communities and at the national level to advocate for clean air, healthy communities with a focus on climate change
- Citizen science association
- Make sure to consider what the benefits are for them to join the CRWG (i.e., possible GIT Funded project to identify benefits)
- CBNERR-VA and the Institute for Engagement & Negotiation just did a training called Equitable Negotiation on the Coast
- Results of the DEIJ PAC list of BIPOC orgs and BIPOC serving orgs



Contact Information

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Chesapeake Bay Program
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