Using SPARROW to Represent Land-to-Water and Stream-to-River Processes

Ross Mandel ICPRB
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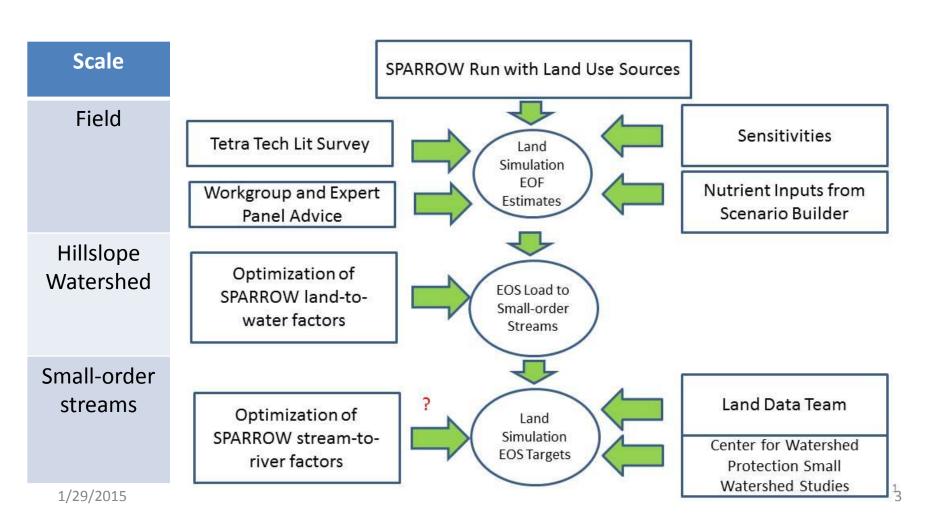


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Topics

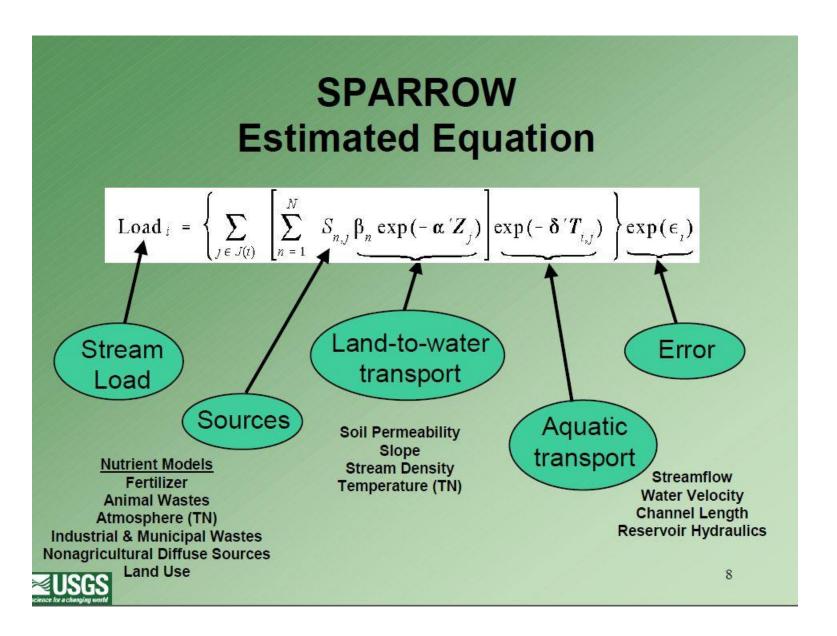
- Planned SPARROW runs to calculate land-towater (LTW) delivery factors and (maybe) stream-to-river (STR) delivery factors
- Test implementation of SPARROW LTW and STR delivery factors in p6*

Land Simulation Development

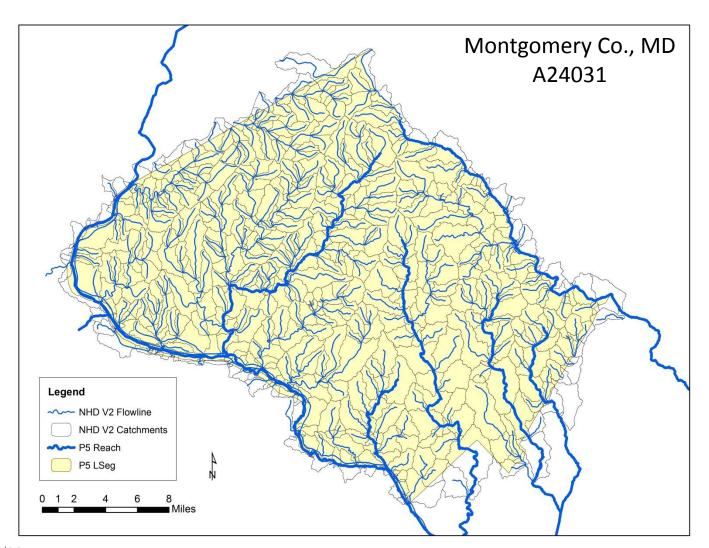


Goal and Strategy

- Goal: Replace p5 Regional Factors with Land-to-Water (LTW) and Stream-to-River (STR) Delivery Factors
- Strategy: USGS will perform SPARROW simulations which
 - Replace current sources (manure, fertilizer, atmospheric deposition) with p6 EOF targets at NHD+ catchment scale
 - Fix source coefficients = 1 so SPARROW EOF load is same as p6 EOF load
 - Aggregate SPARROW results to land-river segment (LRS) scale



SPARROW Scale vs. P6 Scale



Specification of SPARROW Run to Set Land-to-Water (and Stream-to-River) Delivery Factors

Scale	SPARROW Input	SPARROW Output	P6
Field	P6 EOF targets on land segment basis	Keep Fixed	EOF Loads
Hillslope Watershed	Land-to-Water Delivery Factors	Calibrate with SPARROW	Land-to-Water Delivery Factors
Small-order streams	NHD+ Streams	Calibrate with SPARROW or Fix with CWP/Land Data Team Information	Small-Stream Processes
Large-order Streams	NHD+ Rivers		Reach Simulation

Test Implementation of LTW/STR Delivery Factors in P6*

- Test Implementation Features:
 - Use EOS loads from p6* (provisional operational version)
 - Calculate LTW and STR delivery factors from current (CB_v4) SPARROW models
 - Replace Regional Factors with LTW and STR delivery factors
- Goal: Test of machinery
 - Extract relevant info from SPARROW
 - Recalculate to land-river segment scale
 - Input into p6 modeling framework

Current (CB_v4) SPARROW Factors

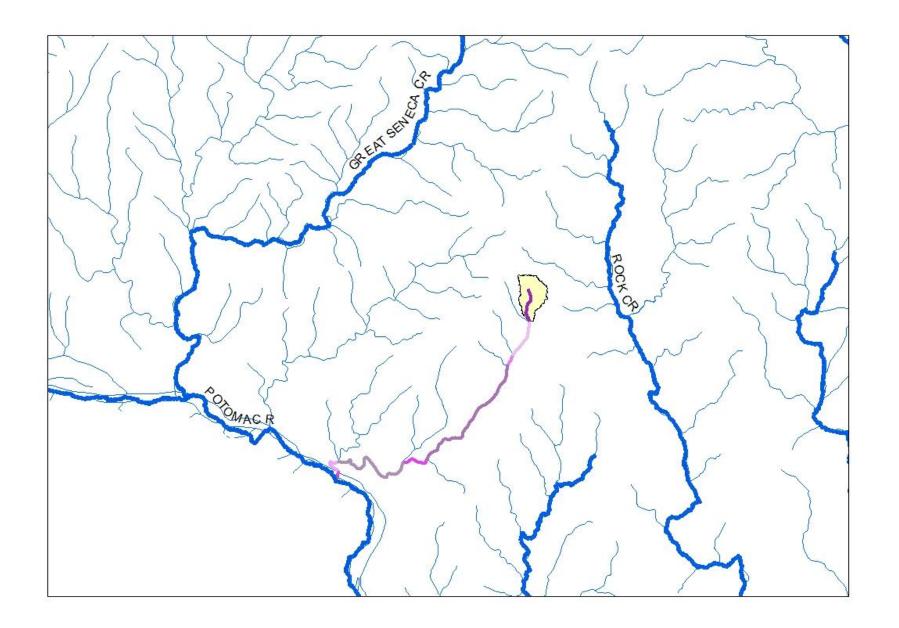
Nitrogen		Phosphorus				
Factor	Coefficient	Factor	Coefficient			
Land-to-Water						
Ln[Enhanced Vegetative Index]	-1.70	Soil erodibility	6.25			
Ln[Soil Available Water Capacity]	-0.829	Ln[percent well-drained soils]	-0.100			
Ln[Groundwater Recharge]	0.707	Fraction Area in Coastal Plain	1.02			
Ln[Percent Piedmont Carbondate]	0.158	Ln[precipitation]	2.06			
St	ream-to-Rive	r (Aquatic Decay)				
Impoundments	5.93	Impoundments	54.3			
(Inverse hydraulic load yr/m)		(Inverse hydraulic load yr/m)				
Streams, travel time (d)		Streams	none			
Small						
(mean average flow <3.45 cms)	0.339					
Large T30 >18.5 °C	0.153					
Large T30 < 15 °C	0.0131					

Land-to-Water Delivery Factor Calculation Steps

- Calculate LTW Delivery Factor based on component factors and SPARROW coefficients at NHD+ catchment scale.
- Calculate LTW Delivery Factor at Land-River segment scale as weighted-average (by area) of catchments in land-river segment

Stream-to-River Delivery Factor Calculation Steps

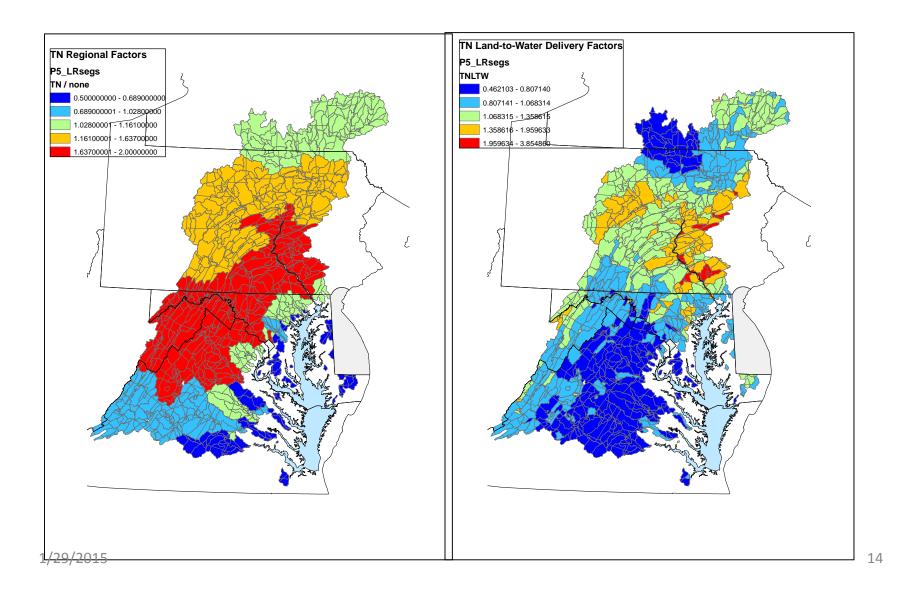
- Compute delivery (1- loss rate) for each NHD+ reach from SPARROW load output
- Create table with all pairs of NHD+ reaches with upstream-downstream relation restricted to:
 - Reaches smaller than represented in p6
 - Non-tidal (no 0000) only
- For each catchment, calculate downstream delivery to p6 reach (by aggregating log of delivery in downstream direction)
- Assume homogeneous loading rate for all catchments in river reach (not true)



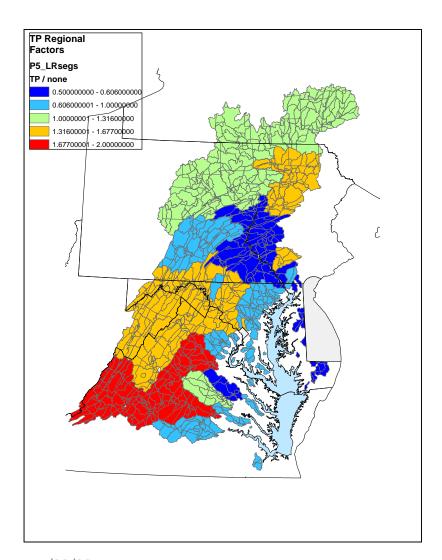
Results

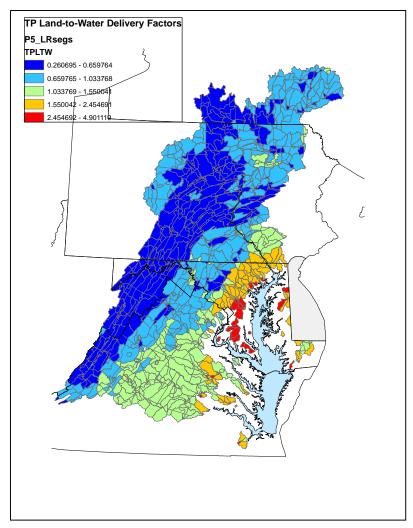
- Land-to-Water Delivery Factors
 - Do not show same geographic variability as Regional Factors
 - Some values > 2
- Stream-to-River Delivery Factors
 - Values close to 1
 - Do not show much geographic variability
 - Function of stream network density, river segment size

TN Land-to-Water Delivery Factors

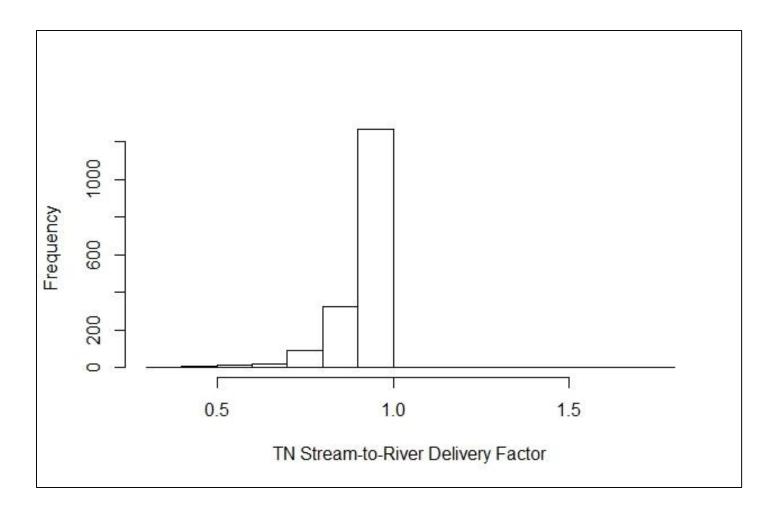


TP Land-to-Water Delivery Factors

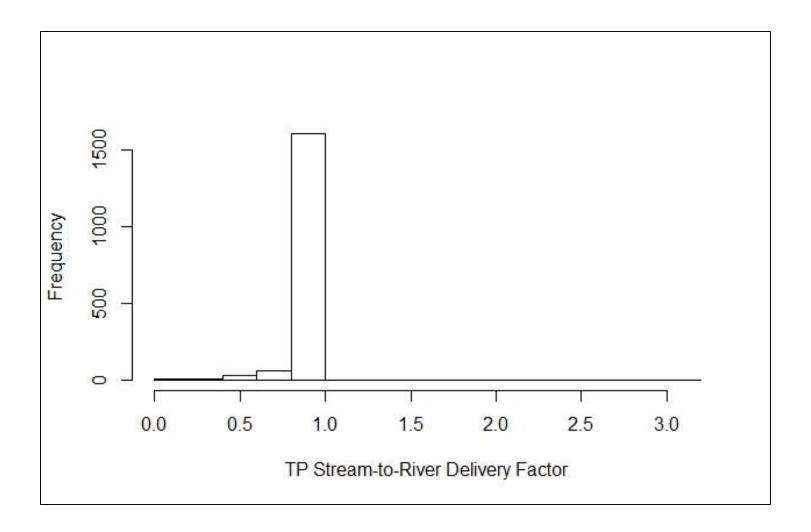




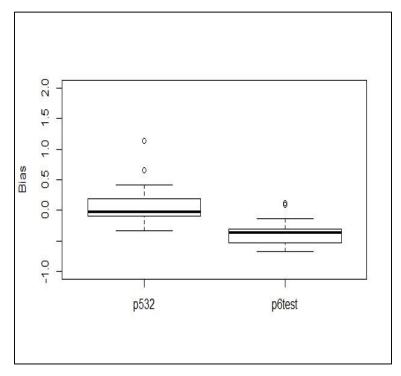
TN Stream-to-River Delivery Factors

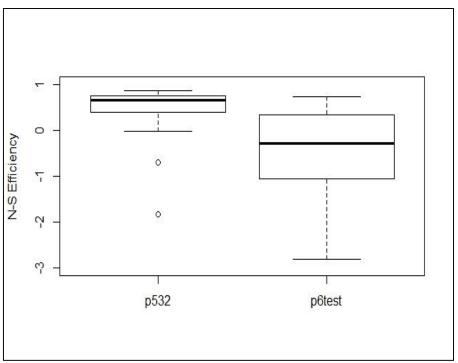


TP Stream-to-River Delivery Factors

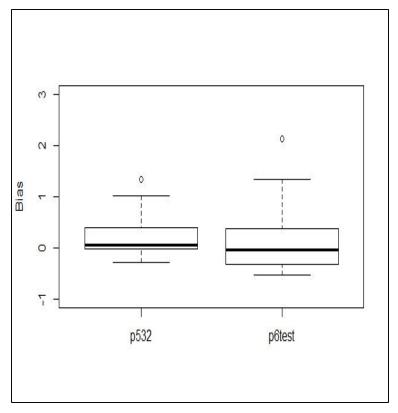


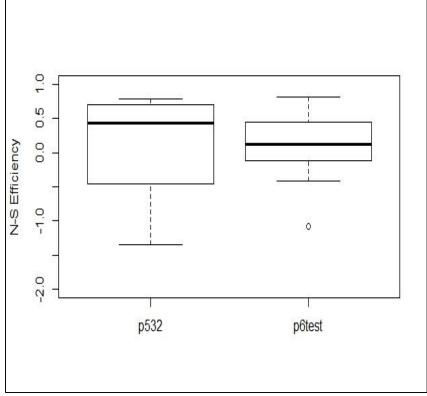
Simulated Annual TN Loads vs. ESTIMATOR





Simulated Annual TP Loads vs. ESTIMATOR





Contact Information



Ross Mandel

Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin rmandel@icprb.org