

STAR (Science, Technical Assessment, and Reporting) Collaboration with the Habitat Goal Team

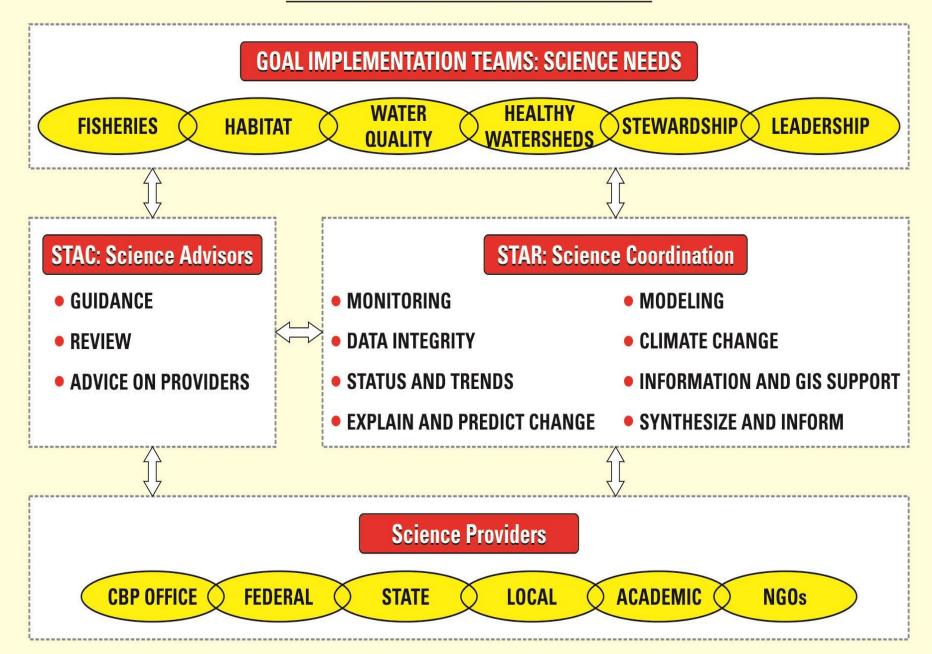
Scott Phillips, USGS, STAR Co-chair Habitat Goal Team meeting October 14, 2015



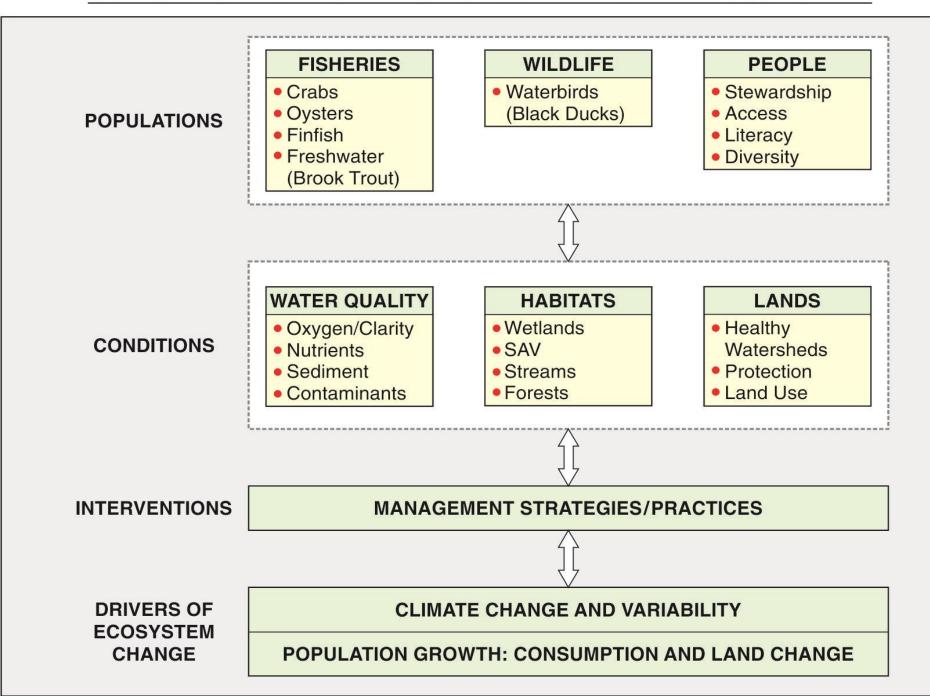
Bay Agreement and STAR

- Watershed agreement
- Goal Teams
 - Management strategies
 - Work plans
 - CBP decision framework (STAC)
- STAR: Increase coordination among science providers to support Goal Teams
 - Technical expertise within Goal Teams
 - Identify additional science/monitoring needs
 - Opportunities to increase science capacity

CHESAPEAKE SCIENCE SUPPORT



CONCEPTUAL DIAGRAM OF CHESAPEAKE BAY ECOSYSTEM





STAR-Goal Team Interaction

- Management Strategies
 - CBP decision framework
 - Monitoring to assess progress (indicators)
 - Cross outcome opportunities
- Work plans:
 - Science and monitoring activities
 - Limitations
- Build capacity over time
 - Decide on joint priorities



CBP decision framework

ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT FOR THE CHESAPEAKE BAY PROGRAM

(CBP, 2011)



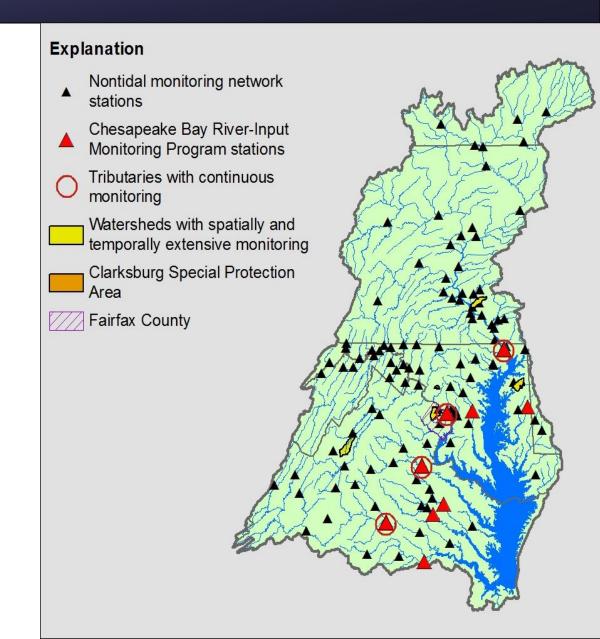
- Understanding factors
 - Land/climate change
- Management strategies
 - Models and decision tools to prioritize
- Monitor
 - Measuring outcomes
 - Indicators
 - Status and trends
- Assess
 - Explain change and relate to strategies
- Adapt
 - Synthesis and implications



Increasing Monitoring

- Integrating networks
- Example:
 - Water quality
 - Brook Trout
 - Stream health
- Building

 Environmental
 Intelligence





Enhance Support for GITs

- STAR interaction with each Goal Team
 - Liaisons; STAR meetings
- Indicators and monitoring needs
 - Assessing status/needs of all outcomes
 - Identify monitoring support/gaps
 - Opportunities /partners (BEI) (STAC workshop)
- Filling needs
 - Set joint priorities; limitations and expectations
 - CBP STAR support (Monitoring/data, GIS, Climate)
 - GIT funding
 - More science providers/agency support