

Research Outcome

Toxic Contaminants Workgroup

December 10, 2014



Contaminants Research Outcome

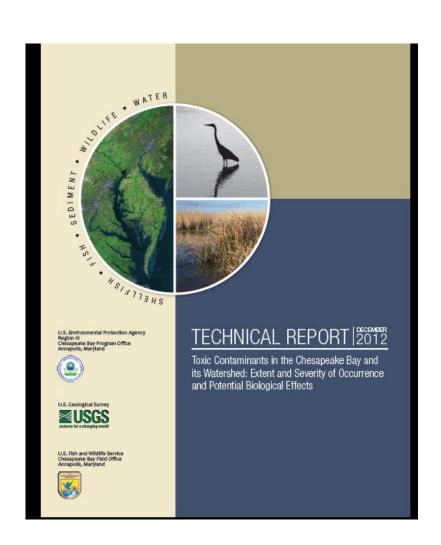
- Continually increase our understanding of the impacts and mitigation options for toxic contaminants.
- Develop a research agenda and further characterize the occurrence, concentrations, sources and effects of mercury, PCBs and other contaminants of emerging and widespread concern.
- In addition, identify which best management practices might provide multiple benefits of reducing nutrient and sediment pollution as well as toxic contaminants in waterways.



Contaminants Report

- Biological effects
- Contaminant groups
 - Extent
 - Severity
 - Jan, 2013

Policy and Prevention





Severity

Widespread: PCBs and mercury

Localized:

- dioxins/furans, PAHs, petroleum,
- Insecticides: aldrin, chlordane, dieldrin, DDT/DDE, heptachlor epoxide, mirex
- Metals: Al, Cr, Fe, Pb, Mn, Zn

Uncertain:

- pharmaceuticals, care products, flame retardants, biogenic hormones
- herbicides (atrazine, simazine, metochlor, and their degradation products)



Conceptual Framework for Toxic Contaminants Outcomes



Ten contaminant groups

- Multiple stressors
- Mixtures



Research to determine occurrence, concentrations, and effects

Prioritized contaminants for prevention and reduction strategies

- PCBS
- Mercury?
- Other groups based on research findings
- Mixtures
- Locations





Research Agenda: Guiding Principles

- Focus on areas where fish and wildlife have been degraded and human health concerns
- Better understand contaminant groups contributing to problem
 - Multiple stressors, mixtures, EDCs
- Identify sources and inputs of contaminants
- Provide implications for reducing effects
 - Address stresses and mixtures
 - Nutrient and sediment
 - Success stories



Biological Effects

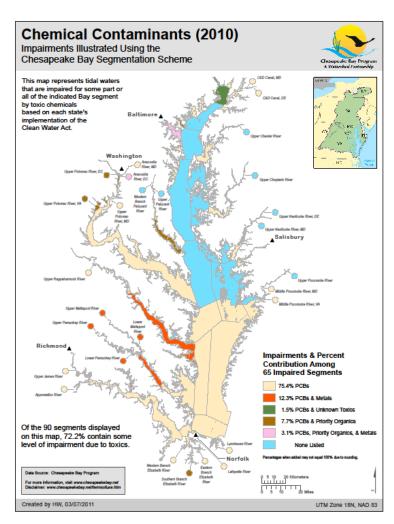
- Degraded fish health
 - Infections and parasites
 - Feminization
 - Reduced reproduction
 - Tumors
- Wildlife: Reproductive impairment in water birds
 - Eggshell thinning (DDE)
 - Embryo lethality (pesticides)
 - Hatching success (PCBs)





Biological Effects: Research Directions

- Degraded fish health and kills
 - Primary focus
 - Human health (advisories)
 - Causes
 - Multiple stressors
 - Mixtures, EDCs
 - Algal toxins, parasites
 - Where
- Wildlife: waterbirds
 - secondary focus
- Other: Benthos, SAV





Research Agenda: Guiding Principles

- Focus on areas where fish and wildlife have been degraded and human health concerns
 - Risks to other living resources (SAV, benthos)
- Better understand contaminant groups contributing to problem
 - Multiple stressors, mixtures, EDCs
- Identify sources and inputs of contaminants
- Provide implications for reducing effects
 - Policy and Prevention
 - Nutrient and sediment
 - Success stories



Contaminant Groups

- Polychlorinated biphenyls
- Dioxins and Furans
- Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons
- Petroleum hydrocarbons
- Pesticides
- Pharmaceuticals
- Household and Personal Care Products
- Polybrominated diphenyl ether Flame Retardants
- Biogenic hormones
- Metals and Metalloids
- Effects on fish and wildlife



Extent

- Widespread:
 - PCBs, PAHs, Mercury
 - some herbicides (atrazine, simazine, metochlor, and their degradation products)
- Localized:
 - Dioxins/furans, petroleum hydrocarbons
 - Insecticides (aldrin, chlordane, dieldrin, DDT/DDE, heptachlor epoxide, mirex)
 - Metals: Al, Cr, Fe, Pb, Mn, Zn
- Uncertain: pharmaceuticals, care products, flame retardants, some pesticides, hormones

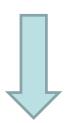


Research Directions: Multiple Stressors



Ten contaminant groups

- Multiple stressors
- Mixtures



Research to determine occurrence, concentrations, and effects

Prioritized contaminants for prevention and reduction strategies

- PCBS
- Mercury?
- Other groups based on research findings
- Mixtures
- Locations





Research Agenda: Guiding Principles

- Focus on areas where fish and wildlife have been degraded and human health concerns
 - Risks to other living resources (SAV, benthos)
- Better understand contaminant groups contributing to problem
 - Mixtures will make more difficult, EDCs
- Identify sources and inputs of contaminants
- Provide implications for reducing effects
 - Policy and Prevention
 - Nutrient and sediment
 - Success stories



Providing implications

- Policy and Prevention
 - Utilize existing programs
 - Multiple contaminants and stressors
 - Effects of newer contaminants
 - Sources, pathways and exposure
- Nutrients and sediment
 - Practices that provide multiple benefits
 - Phase 3 WIPs
 - RFP
- "Success" stories



Discussion and Feedback

- Biological Effects:
 - Initial focus on fisheries
 - Intersex conditions and kills
 - Multiple stressors
 - Where problems are occurring
- "Groups" and sources contributing to problem:
 - Mixtures
 - Single groups
- Management Implications:
 - How to address multiple groups
 - Nutrient/sediment reduction (Phase 3 WIPs)